SDG INDEX AND DASHBOARDS REPORT 2018

GLOBAL RESPONSIBILITIES

IMPLEMENTING THE GOALS



July 2018

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Guillaume Lafortune coordinated the production of the report under the direction of Guido Schmidt-Traub and Christian Kroll and under the overall supervision of Jeffrey Sachs. Grayson Fuller was responsible for the data collection and management.

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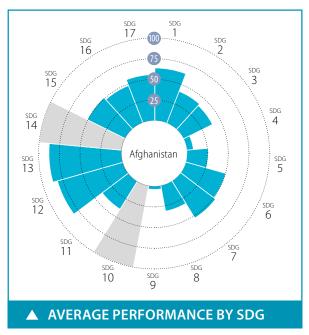


Country Profiles

AFGHANISTAN

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 69.5 46.2







SDG Global rank

151 (OF 156)





































▼ SDG TRENDS



















.

1 NO POVERTY



2 ZERO HUNGER









6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION





8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

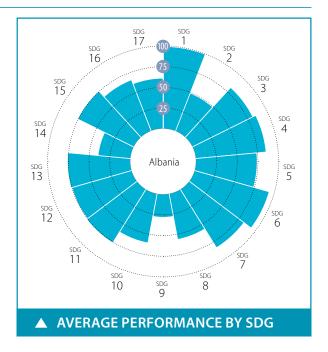
AFGHANISTAN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	34.6 16.6		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	1.8	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	23.0	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	8.6 5.5		Ψ	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.0		Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	•	••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	48.0	•	4
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	396.0	•	T	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	30.5	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	40.0	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	48.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	70.4	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	189.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	31.0	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	31.0		7	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	261.2	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.5	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	6.4	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	15.2	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-44.8	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	60.5	•	T	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	68.8	•	T	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	50.5		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	62.0	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	32.3	•	T	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
	2.7	•	•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	NIA	_		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA		••	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	3.5 47.0		7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
·	47.0			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality	40.0			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	49.0	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	27.6	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	6.1		_
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	22.5	•	→	Mean area that is protected in circulation sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.1		4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	27.7	•	→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		4
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.3	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	63.0	•	1	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.6	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	39.2		→	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	83.9	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	43.7 16.4	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	20.0	•	→
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	89.5	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	17.3 NA	•	••	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	42.3	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	15.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	29.4	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	14.9	•	→	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	8.8	•	4	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.0	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	4.5.			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	10.6	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	76		4
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	13.5	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	7.6 0.0		7
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	NA		• •	Tax Haven Score (Dest 0 3 Worst)	0.0		

ALBANIA

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 68.9 69.5







SDG Global rank

62 (OF 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS























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ALBANIA

CDC1 Fed December	Value	Rating 1	Trand		Value	Dating	g Trend
SDG1 – End Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)		-	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related		Mating	• •
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)			• •	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)			
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	4.9		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	9.4		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	21.7		↓	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	41.8	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.7		•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	17.9		4
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	20.0			of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	17.5		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	29.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	92.4	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	6.2		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	51.0	•	i
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	13.5		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	16.0		⊼ →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.8	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	14.7		マ	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	6.1	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	14.7		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	16.9	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	135.8	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.8	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	15.6	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	13.6		T	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-24.8	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	77.8		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	20.7		→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.0	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.3		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.7	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	67.1		7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	890.6	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.6	•	Ψ	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	66.1	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	95.1	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.2	•	→
Mean years of schooling	9.6	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	53.6	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.2	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	30.0	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	17.9		→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	86.3	•	4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	96.9	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	72.8	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	68.5	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	27.9	•	7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	95.4	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9 5.3		+
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	4.8		•••
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		4.0		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	2.2		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.3		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	6.5	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	206.5		- L
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	6.0	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	00.0		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.8	•	T
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6		Ţ
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	67.1	•	1	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	98.6	•	• •
${\rm CO_2}$ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	0.7	•	→	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	38.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	5.1	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	40.0	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	13.9	•	Ψ.	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.2		ما
		-	•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	66.4	•	4	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	INA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	57.6		4	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	17.6	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.3		A	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5		•				

ALGERIA

Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

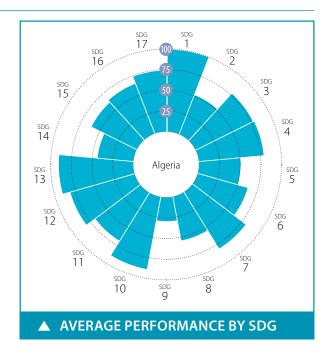
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

68 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD































6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION







▼ SDG TRENDS



11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES

2 ZERO HUNGER



3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING



4 QUALITY EDUCATION





























ALGERIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value F	Rating	Tren و
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)		•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.6	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)		•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.7		↑	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.1		1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	27.4		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	31.5		
Cereal yield (t/ha)			→		51.5		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	35.6		.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu q/m^3$)	33.0		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	140.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	81.9	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	15.6		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	59.0		j
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	25.2		1				•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	70.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.2		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.9		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	15.0	•	1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	46.1	-	•
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	8.5		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	42.1	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	10.8		
Fraffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	23.7	•	\rightarrow	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-13.3		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	75.6	•	\rightarrow		15.5		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	10.4	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.7		1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	96.6	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.7		•
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91.0	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	-0.1 0.1		
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	64.2	•	7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	3300.9		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.2	•	1		3300.9		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water	22.0		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.6	•	7	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	32.9		•
Mean years of schooling	7.8	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	90.2		1
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	93.8	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	42.8		4
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	66.8		7
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	13.8	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	65.2 29.6		1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	77.6	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	22.6	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	38.8	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	25.8	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	49.0		=
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9		-
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	8.2		۰
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	93.5	•	7	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.7		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.4	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	88.0		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	156.7		•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	7.5	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	58.0	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.3		_
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	\rightarrow	Property Rights (1-7)	3.8		,
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	\rightarrow	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.6		
${\rm CO_2}$ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	2.0	•	7	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	33.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.0	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	5.0	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0 (
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	42.8	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	10.0	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	8.6	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	42.9	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	65.7		.	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	37.2	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.5		7	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	0 (
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			-				

ANDORRA

Western Europe

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

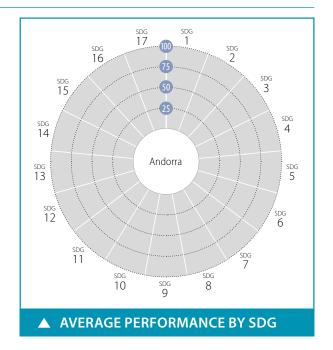
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

na (of 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS







3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING







5 GENDER EQUALITY











10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .













7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY



ANDORRA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tı
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	NA NA		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	1.2			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)			• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	25.0	•	4	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		4
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		• •				
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	10.1		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	10.1	•	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA		• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.1	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.7	•	→				
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	6.0	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	NA		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	NA	•	• •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	98.0		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	11.8	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-10.9		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	NA	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	NA	•	• •		1471		
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	NA	•	• •	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	ΓО		
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA	•	• •		5.8 3.7		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA	•	
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	81.2	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	• •	· ·	INA		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
let primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	
Mean years of schooling	10.3	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	100.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA	•	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	NA	•	••	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	•	
remale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	99.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	19.4	•	
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	32.1	•	T	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	
digh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	0.3	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	26.0	•	
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		•	4	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		•	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.2	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.0	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	58.2	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	100.0	•	
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	•	• •	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA		
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.1		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	97.9	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	. 17 (
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	50.5	•	4	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	
	. 47 (-					

ANGOLA Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

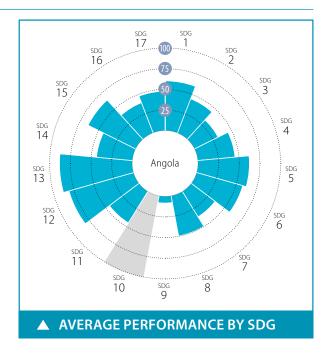
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

144 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .

















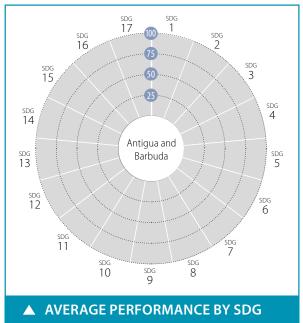
ANGOLA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value F	Rating T	rend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	30.5 24.9		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	140			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)			• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	29.2		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.2		1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	0.2		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.9		7	, , , ,	1471		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	26.4		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	36.4	•	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	477.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	54.9		-
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	29.3		1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	32.0		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	82.5	•	1		32.0		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	370.0	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.8		1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	24.9	•	Ψ	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	3.0	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
	171 2		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	171.2			Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.3	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	24.4	•	T	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	13.1	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	52.4		↑	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-1.1	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	154.5	•	_	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	47.3	_	••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.3	•	-
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	49.0		.l.	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.4	•	
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	46.0		_	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
-	3.8		Ţ Z	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	10066.3	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	3.8	•	Ψ	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.9	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	77.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	87.1		1
Mean years of schooling	5.0	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	62.0	•	个
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	77.4	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	26.2	•	<u> </u>
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	10.9	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	71.0	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	28.9		7
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	94.0	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	28.4	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	38.2	•	Ψ.	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.3	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	3.9	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	41.0		→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.1	•	0 0
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	39.4		<u> </u>	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	9.7	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.7		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	96.6	•	• •
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.1		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	46.0	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.5	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	32.0	•	Ψ	Property Rights (1-7)	2.4	•	Ţ
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	47.6 2.2		7	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	25.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			-	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	19.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.4	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	23.4	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	Ī	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	29.3		1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	8.2	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	6.9	•	0 (
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	•	0 (
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	13.0	• •	→	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	14.0	•	7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	10.3	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.2	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.2	•	•				

ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.0 na



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD



SDG Global rank

na (of 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	1.8	•	1	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	1.2	Ĭ		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	26.7	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	18.9	•	+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.6	•	→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	147 (
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	13.9		al.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	13.9	_	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA		• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA	•	• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3.8	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	8.5	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	3.4	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	5.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	11.6	_	••
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	15.6	•	1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	_	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	21.4	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	11.5	•	1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	76.4	•	→	3 13 1 1	14/1		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	44.7	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	ГЛ		.1.
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	•	• •		5.4		•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.6		••
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	62.8	•	\rightarrow	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		••
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	78.6	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.5		• •
Mean years of schooling	9.2	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	92.3	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA			Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	66.0		1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	29.4	•	+
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	17.2	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	38.3 NA		••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	19.0	•	\rightarrow
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	11.1		→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA			Annual change in forest area (%)	2.6	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	••	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	18.8	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	••	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	11.2	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	8.5	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	364.1	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	96.4	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	NA	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA		• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.4	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	7.4		
				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		_	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	73.0	•	↑	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
					NA		0.0
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	40.6 NA	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		

ARGENTINA

Latin America and the Caribbean

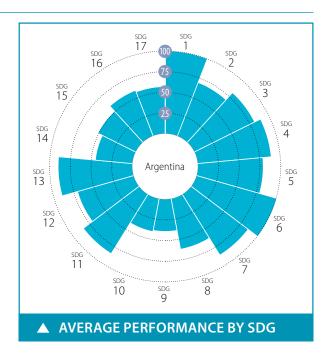
▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE





SDG Global rank

53 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS











4 QUALITY EDUCATION















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .











6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION





ARGENTINA

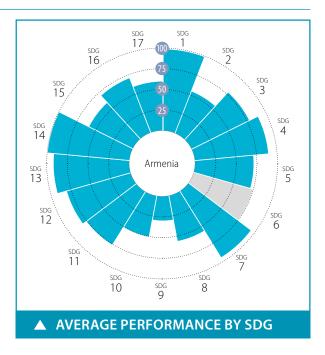
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.9	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.6			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)			• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.2		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.6	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.2		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	28.3		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	48.9		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	5.1		→		10.5		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.3	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	10.4		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	13.4	•	7
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	52.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.6		_
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	6.2	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	58.0		Ţ
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	11.1	•	→		50.0		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	24.0	•	4	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	1.0		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.2	•	• (
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	17.1	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7.0	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	7.7	•	• (
	20.0		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	9.8	•	
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	20.9	•		Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.6	•	•
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	14.1	•	4	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	40.4	•	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	76.3		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-239.4	•	•
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	63.0		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.6		••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.7	•	1
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90.0		7	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4	•	
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	61.7	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	0
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.0		→ →	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	171.4	•	
	0.0		7	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	44.2	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	99.4	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.3	•	-
Mean years of schooling	9.8	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	83.2	•	-
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.3		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	37.7	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	74.0	•	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	11.3	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	60.5	•	-
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	97.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	22.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	64.6	•	7	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.2	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	38.9	•	4	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	43.5	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	7
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	13.7	•	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.0	•	•
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.5	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	6.6		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	167.4	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.2		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	40.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.9	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6	•	j
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	99.9 1.4	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	99.5	•	
7 1 1 2 7	1.7			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	39.0		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	4.1			Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)			•
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.1		• •		4.4 0.0		
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	80.0 48.7	•	↑	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	8.7	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.1	•	J
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		•	0.7
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	71.0		1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	78.1	•	†	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	12.4	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.3		Ţ	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.5	-	*				

ARMENIA

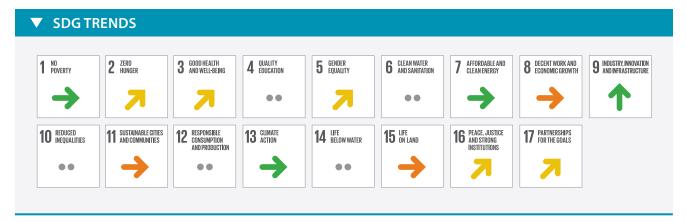
58 (OF 156)

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 69.3 69.5 **SDG Global rank**







ARMENIA

4.4 20.8 4.2 20.2 3.1 0.9 25.0 7.4 3.4 44.0 0.0 23.2 25.0 5.7 4.8 4.4.0 9.8 9.8		infrastructure (1=low to 5=high) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO₂ emissions per capita (tCO₂/capita)	0.2 0.3 45.2 25.5 99.1 53.0 0.7 4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4.4 20.8 4.2 20.2 3.1 0.9 25.0 7.4 3.4 44.0 0.0 23.2 25.0 25.0 26.2 27.4 28.2 29.2 29.2 29.2 29.2 29.2 29.2 29.2		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2 0.3 45.2 25.5 99.1 53.0 0.7 4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
20.8 4.2 20.2 3.1 0.9 55.0 7.4 44.0 0.0 83.2 55.0 55.7 74.8 84.0 99.8 94.0 95.5		Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3 45.2 25.5 99.1 53.0 0.7 4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
4.2 20.2 3.1 0.9 25.0 7.4 3.4 44.0 0.0 33.2 55.0 74.8 44.0 99.8 44.0 55.5		Research and development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	45.2 25.5 99.1 53.0 0.7 4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
20.2 3.1 0.9 55.0 7.4 3.4 14.0 0.0 33.2 55.0 74.8 44.0 99.8 44.0 55.5		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	25.5 99.1 53.0 0.7 4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
3.1 0.9 25.0 7.4 3.4 44.0 0.0 55.7 74.8 84.0 99.8 94.0 95.5		Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	25.5 99.1 53.0 0.7 4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
0.9 7.4 3.4 44.0 0.0 23.2 5.7 44.8 84.0 99.8 94.0 95.5		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	99.1 53.0 0.7 4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
7.4 3.4 44.0 0.0 33.2 55.0 5.7 44.8 44.0 99.8 94.0		of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 — Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 — Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	99.1 53.0 0.7 4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
7.4 3.4 44.0 0.0 33.2 55.0 5.7 44.8 44.0 99.8 94.0		Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	53.0 0.7 4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
3.4 44.0 0.0 23.2 5.7 44.8 44.0 99.8 44.0 55.5		Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 — Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 — Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.7 4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
14.0 0.0 13.2 15.0 15.7 14.8 14.0 19.8 14.0 15.5	• 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
0.0 23.2 95.0 5.7 74.8 24.0 99.8 94.0 65.5		Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.6 24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
23.2 25.0 5.7 74.8 24.0 99.8 94.0 55.5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	24.0 0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
5.7 74.8 24.0 99.8 94.0 55.5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.7 4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
5.7 74.8 24.0 99.8 94.0	• 1 • 1 • • 1	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.2 8.8 8.2	•	••
5.7 74.8 24.0 99.8 94.0	• 1 • 1 • • 1	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.8 8.2	•	••
74.8 24.0 99.8 94.0 55.5	• 1 • 1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.9		
74.8 24.0 99.8 94.0 55.5	• 1 • 1	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.9	•	0.0
24.0 99.8 94.0 55.5	• 1	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)			2.0
99.8 94.0 55.5	• -	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)			
94.0 55.5	• -	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	\rightarrow
5.5	• 7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.5	•	• •
	Ĭ.	Climate Change vulnerability macx	0.0	•	• •
T.J	• 1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in tossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	25.3	•	• •
	• 1	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
12 1		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	• •
	•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
7.0		Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
76	• -	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
		Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		• •
0.0	• •		30.5		4
	• 1				4
8.1	• -		0.8	•	÷
			0.6	•	• •
NA	•	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.5	•	• •
		SDG16 - Peace Justice and Strong Institutions			
		Homicides (per 100 000 population)	2.5	•	
		Prison population (per 100,000 population)	128.3	•	• •
	_	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	77.0	•	1
		Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.7	•	→
0.00	• -	Property Rights (1-7)	4.3	•	1
0.6	• -	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	98.7	•	••
		Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	35.0	•	→
-1.2	•		8.7	•	• •
80.0	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
17.8	• -				
8.2	• -	·	6.7	•	T
		. 31			• •
57.0	• 1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	.,,		
2.9	• 4	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	21.2	•	1
	• 1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
	NA NA NA 1.6 9.3 7.4 0.0 0.0 0.6 1.2 0.0 7.8 8.2 7.0 2.9	8.1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population) SDG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7) Property Rights (1-7) Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5-14 years old involved in child labour (%) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%) NA SDG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7) And Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tut Name Seare (knet 0, 5 unest)	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population) SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7) Property Rights (1-7) Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Transfers of major convertional weapons assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Transfers of major convertional weapons assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)

AUSTRALIA

OECD Countries

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

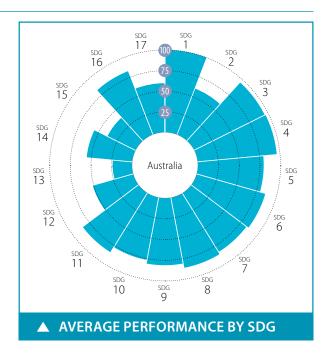
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

37 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD











































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















AUSTRALIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	Rating Trend		Value 1	Rating	j Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)		• →	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.7	•	→
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	0.1 12.8		7= extensive and efficient by international standards) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.8	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			infrastructure (1=low to 5=high) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	72.3	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5	• ··	universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.1	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		• >	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.1		• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	27.0	• 🛊	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	9.0	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index		• 1	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	13.8	•	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.0		Gap in internet access by income (%)	57.0	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	6.0	• →	Women in science and engineering (%) SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	27.6		• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	35.7		• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	5.,	• >	Palma ratio	1.3	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	6.1	• →	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	25.7	•	• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000) Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.1 8.9	→→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	0.9	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	5.9	•	→
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	0.2	• ••	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	92.4	•	7
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	5.4	• →	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	59.0 10.0	•	→
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	J	• →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	10.0		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	13.3		E-waste generated (kg/capita)	20.0	•	
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	,,,,	• ·· • →	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	95.0	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	94.0 82.2	- I	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	65.4	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.3		Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	-16.8 86.5	•	• •
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		• • •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-534.3		••
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	0.5	• • •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.3	•	• •
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	12.4	• →	SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	96.7	• 7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	15.4	•	7
Mean years of schooling	13.2		Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.2	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA	• ••	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst) CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.2 43996.4		• •
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	15.7	• →	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	2.6	•	• •
PISA score (0-600) Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	502.3		from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
status (%)	11.7	• • •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	.,	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	68.2	•	• •
Resilient students (%)	32.9	• • •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	93.9 81.4		→ →
SDG5 – Gender Equality	1.1.0		Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	41.3	•	į
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	14.0	• →	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	75.4		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	103.1	• ••	Fish caught by trawling (%)	28.3	•	7
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	84.0		SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	28.7 14.3		Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	53.2 34.8	•	→ →
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	17.5		Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	Ú
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	• ••	Annual change in forest area (%)	9.4	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	30.6	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	74.2		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	• ••	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	1.0 150.8	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.5	• • • •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	62.0		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	4.4	•	Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.2	•	Ť
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	• →	Property Rights (1-7)	5.8	•	\rightarrow
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)		• →	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	100.0 77.0	•	•• →
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.6	• 7	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	••
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	9.2	• 7	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.3	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%)	-1.3 100.0	• • •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial	99.5	• ··	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	14.6 0.2	•	T
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.2		Ψ
institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)		• →	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NIA		
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)				NA		
Employment-to-Population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)		• ↓	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	••
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)					•	

AUSTRIA OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

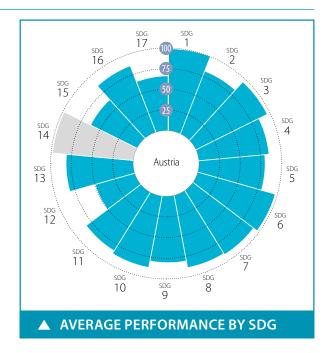
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

9 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS





































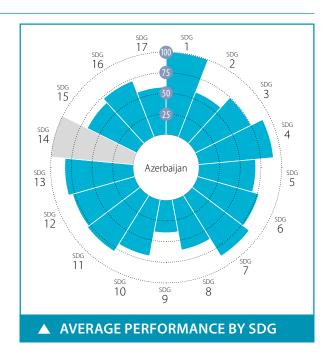
AUSTRIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	ating Tren		Value Ratin	ng Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.3	• →	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.9	4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.3		7= extensive and efficient by international standards)		
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	8.7	• →	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.1	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of	49.4	0.0
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	• ••	top 3 universities (0-100)		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		• → • →	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 3 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		• 7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	3.1	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)		• →	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	10.4	→
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index		• ••	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	52.9	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			Gap in internet access by income (%) Women in science and engineering (%)	33.7 • 23.4 •	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	4.0	• →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	25.4	
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.2	• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	32.0	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.5	• →	Palma ratio	1.0	-
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	0.2	• →	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	7.8	
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)		• →	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70	11.2	• →	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	17.0	4
years (per 100,000 population)			2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	17.0	
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	15.3	• ••	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA •	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Satisfaction with public transport (%)	71.0	•
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	5.7	$\bullet \rightarrow$	Rent overburden rate (%)	6.4	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at Dirth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	81.5 7.2	• → • →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		•	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	22.0	0 0
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	87.0		Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	91.9	0 (
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	82.4		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	3.9	•
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.3	• →	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	20.1 • 48.7 •	
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.2	• ••	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	203.5	
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	22.7		Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.8	
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	24.3	• • •	SDG13 – Climate Action		
SDG4 – Quality Education			Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	6.9	7
Net primary enrolment rate (%)		• ••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.1	
Mean years of schooling		• 1	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)		• ••	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	190.7	
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%) PISA score (0-600)		• →	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	29.3	
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-			from biomass (€/tCO ₂)		
economic status (%)	15.9	• • •	SDG14 – Life Below Water		
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	20.8	• • •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA •	
Resilient students (%)	25.9	• • •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA •	
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	NA •	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	13.5	• >	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA •	
union, ages 15-49)	01.5		Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA •	
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	91.5 83.2	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SDG15 – Life on Land		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	30.6		Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (9	6) 65.0	-
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	17.0	•	Mean area that is protected in terrestina sites important to biodiversity (۔ ۔
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	17.0	- /.	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	-
	00.7	• →	Annual change in forest area (%)	5.6	
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)			Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	13.4	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA 96.8		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		
only in the countries: population using salely managed samitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.5	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources		• ••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	102.1	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)		• • •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%) 81.0	- 3
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.0	•
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	• →	Property Rights (1-7)	5.9	•
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)		• →	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (9		•
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		• 1	Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	75.0 • 0.0 •	•
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	34.4	• →	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.0	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)		
Adjusted Growth (%)	-0.5	• • •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		
lavery score (0-100)	100.0	• ••	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.7	1
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial	98.2	• →	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.3	1
institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	72.2		public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)		• →	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA •	•
/outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	10.9	• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0 • 55.9 •	•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	84.3		Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	55.9	
		• 1			

AZERBAIJAN

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 69.5 70.8 **SDG Global rank** 45 (OF 156)









































▼ SDG TRENDS





2 ZERO HUNGER















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















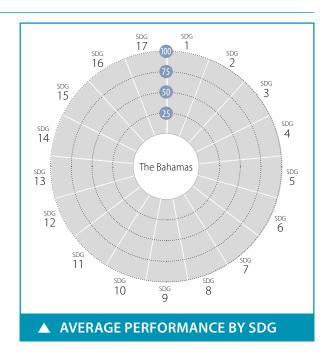
AZERBAIJAN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.6	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	18.0	•	1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	3.1 19.9	•	7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
		_	*	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	38.8	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.0	•	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	30.4		J.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	30.4		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	25.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	92.7	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	18.1		↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	67.0	•	本
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	30.9		↑				•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	66.0		↑	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		→		5.1	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.8		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	11.0		
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)			•••
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	87.9	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	9.6 0.5		•
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	07.5			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	11.9		•
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	10.0	•	1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-68.3	_	•
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	72.7	•	→	3 . 3	-00.5		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	52.6	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.9	•	7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97.0	•	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.1	•	•
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	58.8	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	•
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.2	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	4722.4	•	0 (
SDG4 – Quality Education			•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	94.9		A	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	11.2		*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.9	•	•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
	,,,,			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality	19.7		•	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	19.7		T	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		0 (
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	85.8		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	39.4		ے
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	90.5		→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	24.5		4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	16.8		→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9		4
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9		7
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.2		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		1.2		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	2.5		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	89.3	•	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.5	•	•
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	53.1		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	233.9	•	•
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.5	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	75.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.6	•	7
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.8		1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	96.9	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	93.6		*
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3	•	7	civil authority (%)	93.0		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	31.0	•	-
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	6.5	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0.0
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	28.6	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	20.0		•	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.0	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	8.7		7
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA		•
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	78.2	•	1	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1471		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	56.2		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	15.6	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.0	•	T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		0.0
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	٥.0			,			

THE BAHAMAS

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.0 na







SDG Global rank

na (of 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS





2 ZERO HUNGER

















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















THE BAHAMAS

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	1.9 1.7		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.7	•	• (
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	400			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	10.0		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	31.6		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	9.3		→		14/1		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	107		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	13.7	•	4
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	80.0	•	1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA	•	
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.8		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	10.6		→		14/1		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	26.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	2.2		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.4	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	3.3	•	•
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	16.8	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	19.1	•	•
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	•	•
	166		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	•
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	16.6	•		Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	۰
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	11.0	•	1	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	۰
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	76.1	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		•
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	28.0		1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)			•••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	6.3	•	•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)			→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.8	•	•
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	60.6		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		•
	NA	_	••	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	0
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	IVA		••	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	10.0	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	88.2	•	+	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	91.3	•	_
Mean years of schooling	10.9		\rightarrow	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	63.7	•	-
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	65.1	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	29.1	•	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	14.8	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	•
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	109.5	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	0.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	85.3	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	9.8	•	-
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	12.8	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		۰
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	5.2	•	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.9	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	29.8	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.0	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	364.4	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	18.2	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		۰
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	•
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0		\rightarrow	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA	•	
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	65.0	•	-
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.3	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	NA		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	•
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	12.6	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	80.0		1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/1		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	51.3		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;			Т	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	NA						

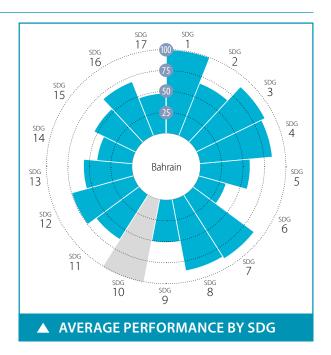
BAHRAIN

Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 65.9 62.1

SDG Global rank

80 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



2 ZERO HUNGER















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















BAHRAIN

SDC1 End Payarty	Value R	ating Trend	i	Value	Ratin	g Trend
SDG1 – End Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.1	• →	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.1		••
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.1	• ••	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	15.4	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	1.2	• ••	universities (0-100)			
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	• →	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	• →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	29.8	• ↓	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA	• ••	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	• ••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	15.0	• →	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	55.5	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		•	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA		• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		→→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	73.0	•	4
			SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)		• ↑ • →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,		• 1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	12.9	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	13.3	• 1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	72.7	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	25.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	32.7	• • •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.8	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	21.7	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	7.1	• 1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	60.3	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	76.9	• →	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	13.5	• →	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	23.4	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.8	• ••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-2.4		
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0	• →	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA	_	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)		• →	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	14582.7		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.2	• ↓	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.6	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	96.3	• • •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	81.6		<u> </u>
Mean years of schooling	9.4	• 7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	57.5		→ →
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.2	• ••	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	31.7		→
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)			• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	15.1	• →	Fish caught by trawling (%)	11.7		4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	100.0	• ••	SDG15 – Life on Land	27.5		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	50.6	• →	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	27.5		→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	7.5	• →	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		•	• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9		4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	98.7	• →	Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	5.7	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	• ••		5.7	_	
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	• ••	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.5		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	• ••	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.5		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	205.8	• • •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	298.5		• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	112.0	• ••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	60.0		••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.7		4.
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	• →	Property Rights (1-7)	5.3		<u> </u>
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	• →	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA		• •
${\rm CO_2}$ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	1.1	• ↓	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	36.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA	• ••	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	4.6	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	• ••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	82.6	• ↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	1.3	• →	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	7.4	•	7
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	_	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	98.0	• 1	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	157.3	• 1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA 1.0		• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.2	• →	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	1.0	•	• •

BANGLADESH

East and South Asia

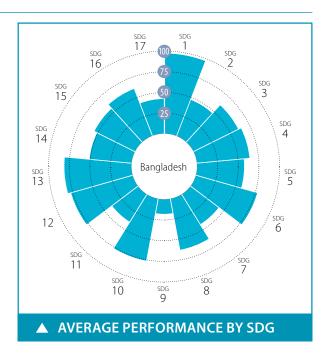
▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE





SDG Global rank

111 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



































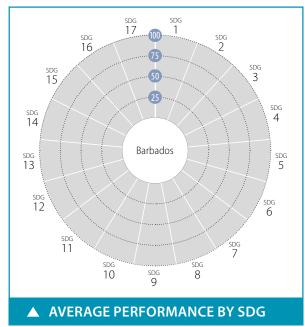
BANGLADESH

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	4.4 0.0	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.5	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	12.4	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	15.1	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	36.4	•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	14.3	•	7				
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	3.6	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	35.9		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.6	•	→		33.9		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			٠.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	89.4	•	4
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	176.0	•	1	" 5 '	37.9		۔
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	20.1	•	↑	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	73.0		7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	34.2	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	/3.0		- 1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	221.0	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.4	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	21.5	•	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.8	•	•
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	•
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	125.1		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.4	•	0
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	400		_	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		0
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	12.8		7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	0
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	71.8		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	84.4		→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	•	-
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	42.1		••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	94.0		T	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	•	
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	55.6	•	7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.1	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.3	•	4	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
DG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	34.5	•	
et primary enrolment rate (%)	90.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	89.6		•
lean years of schooling	5.2	•	\rightarrow	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	92.2	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	36.8		
DG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	37.4		-
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	15.4	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	1.7 15.6		•
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	89.3	•		SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	41.4		7	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	48.0	•	-
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	20.3			Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	20.8	•	
,	20.5		7	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	,
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		_		Annual change in forest area (%)	5.5	•	
igh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)			• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.2	•	
ther countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
igh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.5		
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	46.9	•	7	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	43.3		
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	3.8	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	77.0		
nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	4.1	•	• •	they live (%)	,,.0		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.3	•	١,
ccess to electricity (% population)	62.4	•	7	Property Rights (1-7)	3.8		
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	10.1	•	4	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	20.2		
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3	•	7	civil authority (%)	20.2		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	28.0	•	,
djusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.6	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	4.3	•	
avery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	50.0	•	•	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
	11		_	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
nemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.4	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	4.8	•	•
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	•	•
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	18.2	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.5		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	27.1	•	7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	8.8	•	•
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.9		7	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		0

BARBADOS

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.0 na



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD



SDG Global rank

na (of 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .

















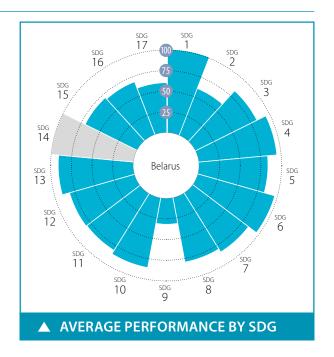
BARBADOS

Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of struting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) 23.1	SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Procedures of autom quick method is population? Procedures of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of sourcing (in his desir under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Prevalence of autom quick method is years of age (%) Procedure of autom autom autom quick method is years of age (%) Procedure of autom aut						NA	•	• •
Prevalence of surring flow height for aged in children under System Gage (%) 6.0 7.7	3					0.0	•	• •
Prevelence of busing in dividen under 3 years of age (%) Prevelence of obesity), BMI 2 30 6% adult population) 28 Prevelence of obesity, BMI 2 30 6% adult population) 28 Sustainable Naroger Management Index NA Sustainable Naroger Management Index SDG3 - Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 10000 live births) Recordal mortality rate (per 10000 be births) Recordal mortality rate (per 10000 be births) Recordal mortality rate (per 1000 be births) Recordal mortality rate (per 10000 be births) Recordal mortality rate (per 1000 be births) Recordal mortality rate (per 10000 be population) Reportance (per 1000 be births) Recordal mortality rate (per 1000 be population) Reportance (per 1000 be births) Regordance (per 1000 be births) Recordance (per 1000 be birth					Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	•	
Prevalence of Obesign, BM 23 00 % adult population 2.5	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					NA		
Cereal yield (tr)ha Sustambelo httrogen Management index	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Spots – Good Health and Well-Being Mareal mortality state (per 10,000 like births) Mortally rate under 5 (per 10,000 population) Mortally rate under 5 (per 10,000 population) Mortally rate under 10,000 population of the state of						NA		
Armaal morating vate (per 100000 live britins) Moratil morating vate (per 100000 live britins) 17.9				•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Moralia moralizing rate (per 1,0000 Ne births) Moralizy rate, under 5 (per 1,0000 Ne polution) 12.3 Satisfaction with public transport (%) Multiple 2 Ne policy Responsible Consumption and Production Multiple 2 Ne policy Responsible Consumption Multiple 2 Ne policy Responsible Consumption Multiple 2 Ne policy Responsible Consump	SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	15.4	•	+
Satisfaction with public transport (Re) MAX Mortality rate, underes (per 1000) the births) Incidence of truberculosis (per 1000) oppopulation) 12				→	" " "	NA		
Fig. 1. Contact Spee 10,000 population 1.2 1			_	•		NA	•	
Histoprevalence (per 1,000) Age-standardised desht are attributated to thousehold air pollution age 30 - 70 years (per 10,000) oppolation) Age-standardised desht mate attributate to household air pollution age 30 - 70 years (per 10,000) oppolation) Age-standardised desht mate attributate to household air pollution age 30 - 70 years (per 10,000) oppolation) Age-standardised desht mate attributate to household air pollution per 10,000 population) 10.7			_					
Age-standardided death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chonic respiratory disease in populations age 30-70 years (per 10,000 population) Age-standardided death rate attributable to household air pollution Age-standardided death rate flow for earth attributable to household rate flow for earth attributable to household rate flow for earth attributable to househ						4.8		• •
Adhebopanch wastewater that access treatment (%) NA appearance of the propulations ages 30–70 years (per 100,000 population) Age standardsed death rate attributable to household air pollution per 100,000 population) Age standardsed death rate attributable to household air pollution per 100,000 population) 5.5				Y			•	
age 30-70 years (per 100,000 population) Age standardsed death rate attainable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 10,000 population) Taffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Taffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) 755 ◆ ↑ Reactive introgen production footprint (lag/capita) Reactive introgen gradients (lag/capita) R		10.2				NA	•	• •
Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) 33.9 Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) 167.1 Realthy Life Expectancy at brint (years) 75.5 Adolescent fertility rate (pitris per 1,000 women ages 15-19) 39.2 Adolescent fertility rate (pitris per 1,000 women ages 15-19) 39.2 Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) 167.1 Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) 17.2 Reactive nitrogen production forcenting file production (KCO/Capita) 17.2 Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) 17.2 Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) 17.2 Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) 17.2 Reactive nitrogen productio					· -	NA		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) 5.5 **Net imported emissions of reactive introgen (bg/capita) 16.7.1 **Net imported (bg/capita) 16.7.1 **Net imported emissions of reactive introgen (bg/capita) 16.7.1 **Net imported emissions of reactive introgen (bg/capita) 16.7.1 **Possions tended in besison (bg/capita) 16.7.1 **Net imported (bg/capita) 16.7.1 **Sp613 - Climate Change Valiented (bg/capita) 16.7.1 **Net imported (bg/capita) 16.7.1 **Net imported (bg/capita) 16.7.1		10.7	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	• •
Realthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)					Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	33.9	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19) Births standed by skilled health personnel (%) 9.86 • • • • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) 1.7 • Imported CO ₂ emissions medical final (to Ession (the Secondary (table to Ession (table to Essi				T	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	167.1	•	• •
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving Infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) NA SDG4 — Quality Education Mean years of schooling Mean years of schooling Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) SDG5 — Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (%) women married or in union, ages 15-49) Female to male labour force participation rate (%) Seast held by women in national parliaments (%) SDG6 — Clean Water and Sanitation High-income countries: population using at lesst basic dininking water services (%) Other countries: population using at lesst basic dininking water services (%) Other countries: population using at lesst basic dininking water services (%) They have the divided by the special of the proported groundwater depletion (m3/year/capita) SDG6 — Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions High-income countries: population ing at lesst basic dininking water services (%) Access to clean fue's between the countries oppoulation ing at lesst basic dininking water services (%) Na SDG6 — Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions High-income countries population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) SDG6 — Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions High-income countries population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) SDG7 — Affordable and Clean Energy Access to clean fue's Received provider (%) SDG8 — Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted CDP Growth (%) SDG9 — Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Birchicame (1) of the provider (%) Literacy species are (%) Na SDG6 — Clean Water and Sanitation Services (%) Na SDG6 — Clean Strong Institutions Na			_		SDG13 – Climate Action			
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) 92.0 Who was least th Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) 62.7 SDG4 - Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%) 90.8 Mean years of schooling Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) Na SDG5 - Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in 20.0 Female to male labour force participation rate (%) SDG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation High-income countries: population using a fleast basic drinking water services (%) Who was rest to electricity (% population using safely managed water services (%) SDG6 - Affordable and Clean Energy SDG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy Access to clear fuel; (%) SDG8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%) SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure SDG1 - Partnerships for the Goals SDG3 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure SDG3 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.5	•	1
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) 62.7 Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) Na Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score) Na Subjective Mellbeing (average ladder score						1.7	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) NA SDG4 — Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling 10.5 • ↑ Diteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) NA SDG5 — Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49) Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) NA SEAGE — Clean Water and Sanitation High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%) NA SDG6 — Clean Water and Sanitation High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) NA SDG6 — Affordable and Clean Energy Access to electricity (%) population) Cog emissions fmoduced in toxics the exports (kg/capita) SDG6 — Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%) SDG9 — Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure SDG14 — Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Coean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100) Coean Health Index-Glean Waters (0-100) 14.3 SCean Health Index-Glean Waters (0-100) 14.3 SCean Health Index-Glean Waters (0-100) 14.3 SDG6 — Gean Health Index-Glean Waters (0-100) 14.3 Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish Caught by trawling (%) NA Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) NA Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) NA Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) NA Real List Index of species survival (0-1) Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) NA Real List Index of species survival (0-1) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) NA Real List Index of species survival (0-1) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) NA SDG15 – Life number is protected in				T	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
SDG4 - Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling Mean years of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) SDG5 - Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49) Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%) Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%) Female to male labour force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) Seats held by more countries: population using safely managed water services (%) Na Pemble to male labour force or participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) Na Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population) 10.9 Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 87.5 SDG61 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) 10.9 Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 87.5 SDG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy Access to clear fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 10.9 SDG63 - Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%) SDG64 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 87.5 SDG64 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 87.5 Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 87.5 Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 87.5 Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewab	_		_	•	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	435.4	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) DG5 - Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49) Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%) Female to male labour force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%		14/1			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Mean years of schooling Decan Health Index-Eloiduresty (I-100) SDG5 - Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49) Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%) Female to male labour force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) SDG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%) Other countries: population using safely managed water services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) Other countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitations services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitations services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitations services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitations services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitations services (%) Other countr		00.8		.1.	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) NA Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) SDG5 - Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49) Female to male many years of schooling of population age 25 + (%) Female to male labour force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) SDG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation High-income countries: population using asfely managed water services (%) NA NA SPG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation High-income countries: population using asfel paranaged water services (%) Cherr countries: population using as fleast basic drinking water services (%) NA High-income countries: population using a safely managed sanitation services (%) NA High-income countries: population using a safely managed sanitation services (%) NA SDG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation High-income countries: population using a safely managed sanitation services (%) NA High-income countries: population using a safely managed sanitation services (%) NA SDG6 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institution SDG6 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institution Na SDG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 SDG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 SDG8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%) Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or NA Water SDG7 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Valuation and Infrastructure Valuation (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or NA SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Valuation (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or NA SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Valuation (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or NA SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				*		91.1	•	→
SDG5 - Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) SDG15 - Life on Land Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%) Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) SDG6 - Clean Water and Sanitation High-income countries: population using asfely managed water services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed water services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed water services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed water services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed sanitation services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed water services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed sanitation services (%) High-income countries: population using as least basic sanitation services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed sanitation services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed sanitation services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed sanitation services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed sanitation services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed sanitation services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed sanitation services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed sanitation services (%) High-income countries: population using asfely managed water resources BOG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions High-income countries: population (per 100,000 population) 10.9 Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 87.5 Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 87.5 Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 88.7 Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 87.5 Freshwater withdrawal	,		_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	+
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Annual change in forest area (%) High-income countries; population using safely managed water services (%) NA When this population using as the stab sation drinking water services (%) High-income countries; population using safely managed sanitation services (%) NA When this population using as the stab sation drinking water services (%) NA When this population using as the stab sation services (%) NA When the countries; population using as the stab sation services (%) NA When the countries; population using as the stab sation services (%) NA When the countries; population using as the stab sation services (%) NA When the countries; population using as the stab sation services (%) NA When the countries; population using as the stab sation services (%) NA When the countries; population using as the stab sation services (%) NA When the countries; population using as the stab sation using as the stab sation services (%) NA Spocial Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population) Prison population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7) Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) NA When the city of the city of a service (%) NA When the city of the city of the stable of the city			•	7		NA		• •
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Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) NA High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) NA Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) NA Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources R75 Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita) SDG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy Access to electricity (% population) Access to electricity (% population) Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) SDG8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%) Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population) SDG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) 10.0 Prison population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7) Access to elean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 Property Rights (1-7) Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%) SOGN - Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%) SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million per 100,000 population) 10.9 SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14.0 SDG3 - Decent Work and Economic Growth Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force) 9.7 SDG3 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public NA SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14.0 SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Freshwater without a reposition of the provided th		NA	•	• •			•	• •
Other countries: population using as least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 87.5 Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita) SDG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy Access to electricity (% population) Access to electricity (% population) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) Adjusted GDP Growth (%) Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population) SOGovernment Efficiency (1-7) Access to electricity (% population) Advis (1-7) Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5-14 years old involved in child labour (%) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14,0 SDG30 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				• •		12.1		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita) SDG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy Access to electricity (% population) Access to electricity (% population) Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) SDG8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%) Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Prison population (per 100,000 population) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Sovernment Efficiency (1-7) Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 Property Rights (1-7) Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 1.9 SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14.0 SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14.0 SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14.0	High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •				
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita) 20.0 Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) SDG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy Access to electricity (% population) 100.0 Access to electricity (% population) 100.0 Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 CO2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) NA SDG8 - Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%) Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force) SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7) Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) NA CO2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) NA Corruption Perception Index (0-100) SDG9 - Industry, with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force) 9.7 SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14.0 SDG19 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •			•	• •
they live (%) SDG7 - Affordable and Clean Energy Access to electricity (% population) 100.0 Access to electricity (% population) 100.0 Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 100.0 Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) NA CO2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) NA Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force) 9.7 SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14.0 SDG19 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	87.5	•	• •			•	• •
Access to electricity (% population) Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) NA CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) NA CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) NA COrruption Perception Index (0-100) Soliders 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14,0 SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	20.0	•	• •		NA		• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) NA SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%) Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force) SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure 100.0 Thickity Nights (17) Collidren under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14,0 SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.6	•	1
CO2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) NA CO3 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) NA Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Corruption Pe		100.0	•	→	·	4.7	•	÷
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%) Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force) SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Corruption Perception Index (0-100) 68.0 Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 1.9 Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14.0 High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public NA				→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	98.7	•	• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%) Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force) SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Children 5-14 years old involved in child labour (%) 1.9 Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14.0 High-income and all OECH DIAC countries: International concessional public NA	CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)			
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force) SDG9 - Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure NA Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14.0 High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public NA						68.0	•	→
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force) SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 14.0 • High-income and all OECH DAC countries: International concessional public NA				• •			•	• •
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force) SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public						0.0	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public NA		NA	•	• •				
(C) 1 1 (C) 1 1 1 (C)	Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	9.7	•	4	·	14.0	•	1
	•	79.5	•	1		NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) 45.3 • Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) NA				1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 5.1 • Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst) 2.0 •			•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	2.0	•	• •

BELARUS

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 76.0 69.5 **SDG Global rank**







23 (OF 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS



3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING















1 NO POVERTY



2 ZERO HUNGER









6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION





BELARUS

D						· · · · · ·	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.5	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.5 2.2	•	→ →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.5	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	24.5		7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.2	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	32.5	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	4.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	20.5	•	→
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	96.2	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.9		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	61.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	52.0		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2		Î	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	28.6		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7.7	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.0			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	79.7	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	9.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	60.6	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.6	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	12.6	•	•	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	72.3		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	18.0		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.8		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	6.7	•	4
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)			1	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.6	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	536.5	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	96.1	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	12.0	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.8	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA NA		••
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		•••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	12.7	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	_	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	98.3	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	82.7	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	47.1	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	34.5	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	50.2	•	T
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	1.0 6.6	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.5		•••
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		0.5		
$\label{thm:linear} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.6		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	313.4		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	4.5 4.0	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	61.0	•	+
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	100.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	44.0	•	\rightarrow
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.5	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	1.4	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	1.3	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	81.2	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	0.5	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.7	•	\rightarrow
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	71.1	•	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
	67.5		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.9	•	1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	07.5						

BELGIUM OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

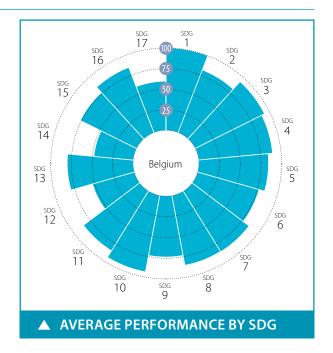
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

12 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





































BELGIUM

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	ng Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.2		• •	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	4.9	•	→
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	9.8	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	63.2	•	••
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6		→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.4	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	0.7 22.1	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.5	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)		•	→	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed) Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	11.5 39.2	•	→
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	•	• •	Gap in internet access by income (%)	46.0	_	••
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	26.0		• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	7.0		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.2 3.9		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	29.8	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	10.0	•	↑	Palma ratio Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	0.9 9.5		→
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	7.3		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	11.6	•	→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)	15.6	•	→
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	14.2	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	→
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	7.1	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	61.0 9.9		+
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	81.1		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	7.5		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	5.1		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	21.4	•	• •
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	NA 96.0		·· →	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	83.8	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	80.3	•	1	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	11.2	_	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.9	•	→	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	30.1 40.9	•	• •
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.5		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	148.3	•	• •
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100) Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	29.4 18.9	•	• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	0.9	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education	10.5			SDG13 – Climate Action			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.1	•	1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.3	•	7
Mean years of schooling	11.4	•	†	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.7 0.1	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	3775.5	•	
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%) PISA score (0-600)	37.5 502.7		→	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	7.6	•	• •
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	19.3	_	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂) SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%)		_		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	88.3	•	
Students performing below level 2 in science (%) Resilient students (%)	19.8 27.2	•	+	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	97.2		→
SDG5 – Gender Equality	27.2			Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	32.4	•	+
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	8.3	•	→	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	63.1		1
union, ages 15-49)				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA 97.1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%) Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	96.6 81.4		•• →	SDG15 – Life on Land	27.1		
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)			→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	79.4	•	→
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	4.7	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	89.7	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	98.4	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.7 11.5		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		••	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	97.1 NA		1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.0	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources		•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	97.3	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	15.7	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	70.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7) Property Rights (1-7)	3.9 5.8	•	*
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	100.0	•	→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0		→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	75.0	•	→
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	9.2	•	†	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.2		
Adjusted Growth (%)	-0.9	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
, , , , ,	100.0	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	17.2	•	1
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	98.6	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.5	•	4
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	63.1	•	→	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		• •
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	13.0	•	4	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	2.0	•	• •
and the second s				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	44.0	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)							

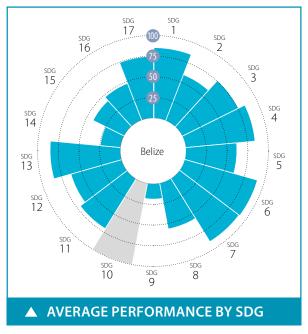
BELIZE

SDG Global rank

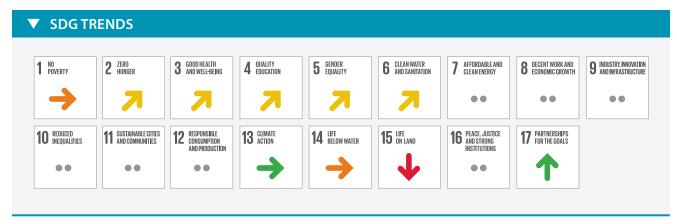
103 (OF 156)

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 62.3 66.0







BELIZE

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	10.7	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)		•	• •
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 – Zero Hunger	10.6	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	6.2	•	• •		0.0		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	19.3	•	↑	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.3	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	24.1	•	4	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.2	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	28.0	•	_	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	27.0	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10.3	•	1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	93.4	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	14.9		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	49.0	•	• •
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	38.0		^	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.4			Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	2.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	22.5		▼	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	6.5	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	22.3			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	2.3	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	37.7	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.4	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	15.3	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	21.3	•	Ψ.	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-128.7	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	70.1	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	64.7		7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.4	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	94.2		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6		• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95.0		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	55.9		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	801.5	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.0	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	27.7	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	96.0	•	↑	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	79.0		1
Mean years of schooling	10.5	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	68.9		*
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	30.3		Ţ
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)		•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	25.8	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	78.2		4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	101.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	46.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	65.5	•	7	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	46.0	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	9.4	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	18.3		→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	10.8 5.9		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	97.1	•	↑		3.5	_	
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	244		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	87.2	•	7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	34.4	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.7	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	741.0	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	8.4	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	50.0		••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.1		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	92.5	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	87.2	•	↑	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	95.7		• •
${\rm CO_2}$ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA		• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	3.2	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	48.2	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	7.6	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.2		^
. ,			•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	44.6	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	INA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	13.4		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	23.4	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.5		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.5						

BENIN

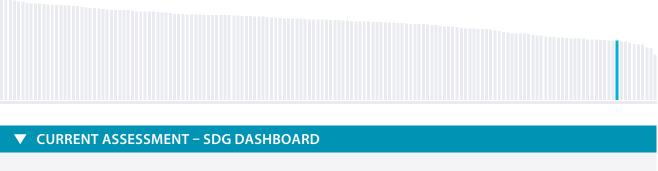
Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 49.0 52.8

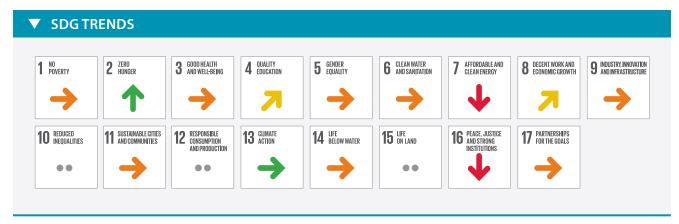
SDG 17 SDG 16 SDG . 3 SDG 15 SDG SDG 14 4 Benin SDG 5 SDG 13 SDG 12 SDG SDG 10 **▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG**

SDG Global rank

147 (OF 156)







BENIN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value 1	Rating	Tren و
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	47.0 29.2		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.4	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	40.2			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	10.3		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	↑	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.5	•	Ţ	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	5.0		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	50.1	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.5	•	7		50.1		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	35.2		.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	33.2		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	405.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	56.6	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	31.4		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	41.0	•	4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	97.6		7				•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	59.0		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5		0.0
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.5	•	↑	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.9		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	22.2		1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0		0.0
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	198.7	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	13.7		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	27.7	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-23.7		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	60.0	•	7		23.7		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	88.1	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action Formulated CO- emissions per capita (#CO-/capita)	0.6		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	77.2	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6		→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	74.0	•	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	•
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	46.7	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.2	•	•
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.9	•	4	·	0.0	•	
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	96.4	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		•	• •
Mean years of schooling	3.5	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	88.2	•	4
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	52.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	28.9	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	40.7	•	7
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	61.9	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA 1.5		••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	65.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	93.9	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	77.4	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	7.2	•	Ţ	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	20.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	67.0		→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.6	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	13.9		→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.0	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.7	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	66.7	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	7.1	_	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	53.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.3	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	34.1	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.9	•	Ţ
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	6.6	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	84.8	•	• •
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	17.0	•	4	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	39.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.4	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	52.5	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	38.5	•	7	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.5	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	8.9	•	4
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		0.0
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	12.0	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	8.1		→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	15.4	•	+
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.4	•	j	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	0 0
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			*				

BHUTAN

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

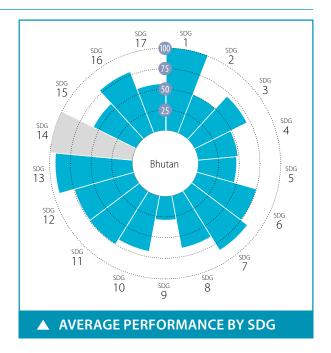
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

83 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .

















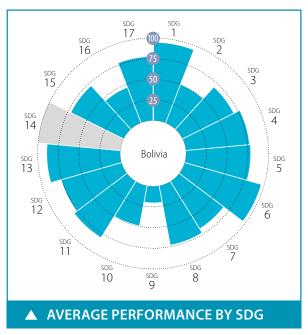
BHUTAN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating Tr	rend		Value	Ratin	ıg Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.0	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	33.6 5.9		7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		•
Prevalence of wasting in children under 3 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	6.4		↑ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.4		^	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	38.8	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8		•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			•	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	55.7	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	148.0		T	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.0	•	_
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	18.1		T	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	75.0	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	32.4		↑	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) IIV prevalence (per 1,000)	178.0	_	T →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.5	•	
Nge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.1		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	3.7	•	0
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	23.1		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	- 0
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	101.9	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.5	•	
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	15.0	•	
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	15.0		T	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	39.0	•	
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	69.8		>	SDG13 – Climate Action			
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	22.1		1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.3	•	
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	86.1	_	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	97.0 56.6		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.1		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	
	٥.١	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
5DG4 – Quality Education	01.0			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	
et primary enrolment rate (%)	81.0		*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		
Nean years of schooling iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	5. I 87.3		•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		-
	07.3			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		•
SDG5 – Gender Equality	15.0			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		-
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	15.6	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA	•	4
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	50.0	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	42.9		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	78.1	• -	>	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	34.3		
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	8.5	• -	→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.6	•	
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)		•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	7.9	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.8	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	62.9		→	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	146.3	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.6 15.7		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	63.0	•	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.4	•	
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0	• '	1	Property Rights (1-7)	4.9	•	
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	68.0 NA	• •	↑	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	99.9	•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	67.0	•	
djusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.4	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	2.9	•	
lavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Aduls (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	33.7	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.4	• -	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.5	•	
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	41.8	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
. p	68.4		^	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.2	•	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)							

BOLIVIA

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 68.1 66.0







SDG Global rank

66 (OF 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS











6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION









1 NO POVERTY



2 ZERO HUNGER













BOLIVIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	ating 1	Trend		Value F	Rating	Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	4.7 3.0	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	20.2			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)		•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.4	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	20.2		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	45.7	•	0.0
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.1	•	1		15.7		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.6		0 0	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	20.0		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	28.0	•	Т
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	206.0	•	1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	89.6		1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	19.0	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	68.0		Ţ
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	36.9	•	1		00.0		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	114.0		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.2		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.3	•	• (
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	16.0	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.0	•	•
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	3.5	•	•
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	70.5			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.5	•	
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	70.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	•
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	23.3	•	1	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	43.4	•	•
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	70.7		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-42.7	•	•
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	69.0		••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.9	•	4
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	84.8	•	•	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.1	•	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0	•	T	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	53.0	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	3284.0	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.7	•	→	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
DG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	
let primary enrolment rate (%)	89.8	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	
Mean years of schooling	8.2	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA	•	
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.4	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		
DG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	21.9	•	1	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	_	•
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	86.4	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	69.1	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	57.0	•	7
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	53.1	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	73.8	•	7
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	7
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA			Annual change in forest area (%)	6.3	•	•
ther countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	92.9	•	1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.1	•	•
igh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA			Homicides (per 100,000 population)	12.4	•	0
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.5		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	134.6	•	
nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.5	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	44.0	•	-
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.7	•	1
ccess to electricity (% population)	90.0	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	2.9	•	4
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	79.3 2.2	•	1	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	75.8	•	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Ť	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	33.0	•	4
djusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.0			Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	26.4		
avery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	54.4	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
nemployment rate (% total labour force)	3.1	•	_	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	13.0		
	3.1		→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.6	•	1
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	2			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		•
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	39.7	•	T		NIA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	56.6	•	↑	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.0		T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		-

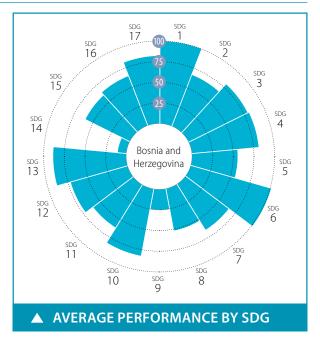
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

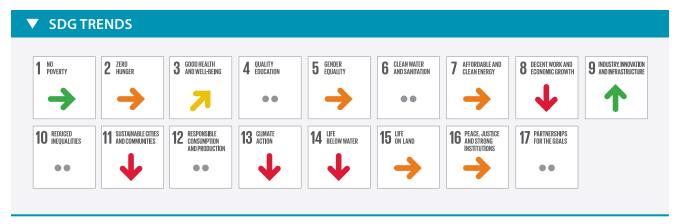
SDG Global rank

71 (OF 156)









BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.6	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.9 2.3	•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	17.9	•	T	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	5.2	•	▼	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	33.8	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	47.4	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	11.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	96.1	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.7	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	45.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	6.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	32.0	•	⊼ →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,			个	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	5.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	17.0		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	143.2	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-10.9	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	16.5	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	16.6	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-19.2	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	77.4	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	10.4		→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	6.2	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	•	.1.	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	78.0 65.4		*	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.1		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	124.3	•	• •
	٦.١		1	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NIA			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	NA 9.0		•	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	68.0	•	1
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.7			Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	40.6	•	\rightarrow
	,,,,			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	43.1	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	23.9	•	7	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
union, ages 15-49)				Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	73.6	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	12.5	•	→
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	60.0	•	*	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	40.0	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	21.4		7	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		_		Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	3.8	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA NA	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.5	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1.4		••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	71.7	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	NA	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	68.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.5	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.1	•	7
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	39.8 1.5	•	↓	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	99.5	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	38.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	5.3	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.1	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	58.8	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	25.6	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	54.7	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	20.5		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	40.5	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	20.0		•
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.4		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		

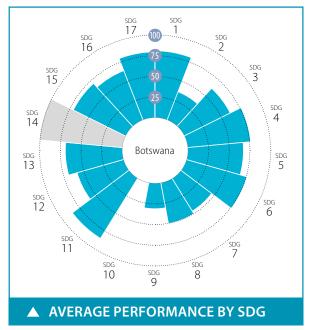
BOTSWANA

Sub-Saharan Africa

SDG Global rank

116 (OF 156)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 58.5 52.8







BOTSWANA

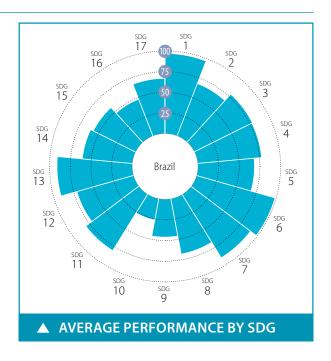
Value Rating T			Trend	Dating	Value	C1 Find Deventor
3.0				natilit	value	G1 – End Poverty
	d transport-related	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-relatinfrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	7		16.8 10.2	verty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) jected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)
0.0	, Average score of top 3	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score universities (0-100)				G2 – Zero Hunger
0.1	s (ner 1 000 nonulation)	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 po	• •	•	26.0	valence of undernourishment (% population)
0.5		Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	↑	•		valence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (9
0.5	,	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	1	•	7.2	valence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)
63.0		Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	+	•	18.9	valence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)
03.0		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	→	•	0.5	eal yield (t/ha)
17.5		Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.	• •		NA	tainable Nitrogen Management Index
17.5	1 01 1633 (11011 2.3 1111010113	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu q/m^3$)				G3 – Good Health and Well-Being
99.4	ion with access)	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	T		129.0	ternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)
63.0	,	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	7	•	25.5	onatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)
	and Production	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Product	T		40.6	rtality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)
1.0	and i roduction	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	T	•	326.0 4.0	idence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) / prevalence (per 1,000)
8.3		E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7	•	18.6	e-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,
1.0	nt (%)	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)			10.0	abetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations
15.4		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)				ge 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)
10.0		Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	• •	•	80.1	e-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution
57.7	a)	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)				nd ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)
74.5	/capita)	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	7	•	21.0	ffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)
		SDG13 – Climate Action	1	•	65.7	althy Life Expectancy at birth (years)
3.2	apita)		1	•	31.7	
4.3			• •	•	99.9	·
0.1	Z		→			
67.4	g/capita)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	→			
	5 1 7		→	•	3.5	ijective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)
NA •	nt to biodiversity (%)					G4 – Quality Education
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7	•	89.0	primary enrolment rate (%)
NA •			\rightarrow	•	9.2	an years of schooling
NA •		Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	• •	•	94.0	racy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)
NA •)	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)				G5 – Gender Equality
NA •		Fish caught by trawling (%)	↑	•	19.4	met demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in nion, ages 15-49)
47.1			• •	•	96.8	nale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)
	,	·	→	•	83.7	nale to male labour force participation rate (%)
	ortant to biodiversity (%)		\rightarrow	•	9.5	its held by women in national parliaments (%)
						G6 – Clean Water and Sanitation
	nonulation)	_	• •		NA	h-income countries: population using safely managed water services (9
0.0	· ·		→	•	79.2	ner countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)
10 E	istitutions		• •		NA	h-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (9
			→	•	60.0	ner countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)
			• •	•	2.1	shwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources
54.0	in the city of alea where		• •	•	8.2	orted groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)
4.1		Government Efficiency (1-7)				G7 – Affordable and Clean Energy
4.8		Property Rights (1-7)	7	•	56.5	tess to electricity (% population)
83.2	been registered with a	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered	7	•	62.5	ess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)
	-	civil authority (%)	1	•	2.5	emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)
61.0		Corruption Perception Index (0-100)				G8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth
9.0	(%)	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	• •	•	-0.8	usted GDP Growth (%)
0.2	ts) (constant 1990	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 19	• •	•	50.0	very score (0-100)
		US\$ million per 100,000 population)	1	•	51.0	ults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution of
		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				ith a mobile-money-service provider (%)
16.0		Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	→	•	18.1	employment rate (% total labour force)
NA •		High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concess				G9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure
21.0	ice (% GNI)	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1	•	39.4	portion of the population using the internet (%)
21.0		Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	1	•	62.6	bile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)
0.0		Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	مله		3.9	ality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;
4.3 (0.1) (4.1) (1.6) (4.1) (4	cCO ₂ /capita) g/capita) nt to biodiversity (%) ortant to biodiversity (%) ortant to biodiversity (%) ortant to biodiversity (%) ortant to biodiversity (%) in population) in the city or area where been registered with a (%) ts) (constant 1990 GDP) ational concessional public	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodive Mean area that is protected in freshw	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		99.9 95.0 58.0 3.5 89.0 9.2 94.0 19.4 96.8 83.7 9.5 NA 79.2 NA 60.0 2.1 8.2 56.5 62.5 2.5	primary enrolment rate (%) an years of schooling eracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) PG5 – Gender Equality met demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in nion, ages 15-49) nale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%) nale to male labour force participation rate (%) tas held by women in national parliaments (%) PG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation Thincome countries: population using safely managed water services (%) Thincome countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Thincome countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) The recountries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) The recountries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) The recountries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) The recountries oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) The recountries oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) The recountries oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) The recountries oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) The recountries oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) The recountries oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) The recountries oppulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) The recountries oppulation using after the recountries of

BRAZIL

56 (OF 156)

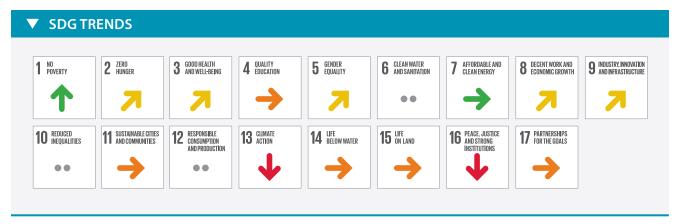
Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 69.7 66.0 SDG Global rank



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHROARD





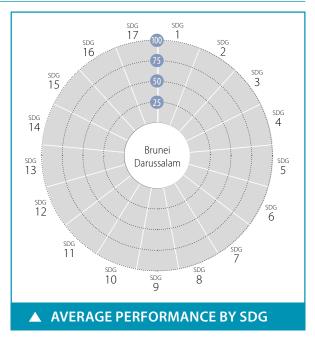
BRAZIL

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Rating	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	2.9	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	39.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.1	•	→ →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.2	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	1.6 22.1	•	7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.2	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	53.9	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.6		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	440			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	11.4	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	44.0 7.8	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.1		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	49.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	42.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.0	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	16.9	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7.0	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	17.5	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	8.0	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	24.0	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.1	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	22.6	•	.l.	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	52.6	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	75.0		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-9.2	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (birth per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	62.7	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.1	_	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.6	•	4
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	86.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	62.4		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.3	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	530.8	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	92.7		T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	57.4		• •
Mean years of schooling	7.8	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.8		→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.8	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	59.8		+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	48.2		+
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	8.1	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	33.7 17.5		4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	108.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	71.2	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	47.4	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	10.7	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	15.6	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	8.9	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	97.5	•	1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.9	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	267		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	26.7 299.4	•	••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.3 0.5	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	31.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	2.2			they live (%)			
Access to electricity (% population)	99.7	•	→	Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.4	•	+
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	93.1	•	-	Property Rights (1-7)	4.3		4
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.8	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	96.4	•	•••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	37.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.6	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	6.6		• •
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	100.0 70.0	•	↑	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		• •
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	12.9	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	14.5		A
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			0.0
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	60.9	•	↑	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	88.5	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	12.8	•	4
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.1	•	1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		

BRUNEI DARUSSALAM

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 64.1 na







SDG Global rank

na (of 156)





































▼ SDG TRENDS



2 ZERO HUNGER

















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















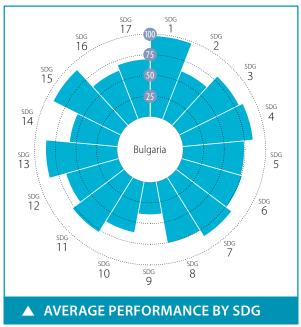
BRUNEI DARUSSALAM

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	ating	Tren	nd		Value R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)		•			Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.7	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger					The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5 19.7		••	•	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.5	•	• •
Prevalence of sturting (low height-ior-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.9	•	Т -)		Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	14.1		Ţ		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.8	•	-	•	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	•	0 0	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)	5.1	•	→
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	23.0		7		Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.6	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.4 9.9	•	7		Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	• •
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	66.0		7		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2	•	7	•	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	12.6	•	1		E-waste generated (kg/capita)	18.1		• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)					Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kq/capita)	NA 1.4		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	0.3	•	• •	•	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.4		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		-			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	8.0	•	7		Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	77.7	•	7		SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	10.9	•	→		Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	22.1	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	100.0 98.0		4		Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-9.8	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)			Ţ		Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	• •	•	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	81290.1	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education					SDG14 – Life Below Water	60.0		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	93.7	•	1	•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	60.9 89.8		1
Mean years of schooling	9.0	•	7		Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	53.2		Ţ
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.4	•	0 0	0	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	53.1		7
SDG5 – Gender Equality					Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	NA		• •	•	Fish caught by trawling (%)	33.3	•	4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	98.9	•	• •	•	SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	62.9		→
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	79.0	•	7		Mean area that is protected in renestinal sites important to biodiversity (%)	50.0		→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	9.1	•	0 0	•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA				Annual change in forest area (%)	4.6	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA			•	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	26.7	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	•	Homicides (per 100,000 population)		•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1.9	•	• •	•	Prison population (per 100,000 population) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	133.5 NA		• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.3	•	0 0	•	they live (%)	14/1		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	4000				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.6	•	1
Access to electricity (% population) Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→ →		Property Rights (1-7)	4.4		1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.5	•	1		Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	62.0	•	↑
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.5	•	• •	•	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0		• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0		• •		Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	1.4	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA		• •	•	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	7.1	•	4	•	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	6.0	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	00.0				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	c NA	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	90.0 119.5		个		Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.4		1	,	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			·					

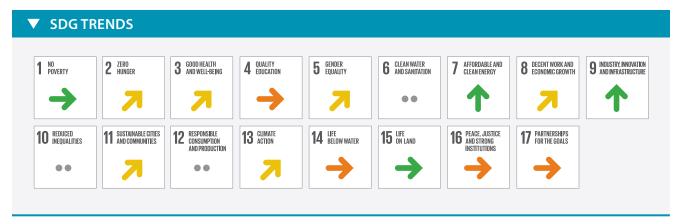
BULGARIA

Eastern Europe and Central Asia









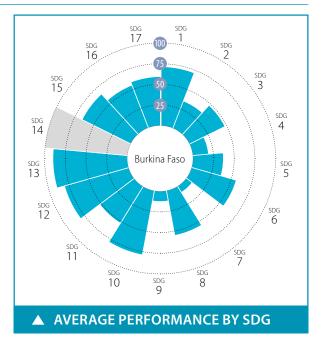
BULGARIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	1.4	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.4	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	12.4	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	3.4		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.4	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.8	•	7 →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.0	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	25.0		7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.8	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	41.1	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	110	•	_	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	28.1	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.3	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	7.6	•	→ →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	58.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	27.0		1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.3	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.8	•	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	10.7	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	57.2	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	0.5.4			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	98.2	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	86.1	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-31.0		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	7.6	•	1	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	20.0	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.5	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-200.3		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	40.3		7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.7		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.9		7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	92.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.8	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	63.7	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.1	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	20.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	91.2	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	99.4		• •
Mean years of schooling	10.8	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	95.0		→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	97.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	42.7 29.5	•	T
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	16.5	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	20.6		↑
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	96.4	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	05.6		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	80.2	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	95.6	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	23.8	•	4	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	98.6		7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9		7
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	3.5		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		5.5		
$\label{thm:eq:high-income} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1 0	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	103.6		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	40.7 7.2	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	59.0		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.2	•	J.
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.4		7
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	79.1 0.9	•	↑	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	100.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	43.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.5	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.3	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	72.2	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	6.3	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.0	•	7
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	59.8	•	A	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			••
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	87.4		A	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	20.0	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.9		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.7		•				

BURKINA FASO

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 50.9 52.8







SDG Global rank

136 (OF 156)





































▼ SDG TRENDS



BURKINA FASO

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	30.4 10.7		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.7	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	20.2		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	15.4 5.6		↑ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.2		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	35.3	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index			••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
-	0.5			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	40.0	•	J
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	271 ∩		_	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)	10.0		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	371.0 25.6		7 7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	75.8	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)			^	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	35.0	•	7
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	51.0		T →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.3		1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.0	•	Ţ	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.6	•	
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	23.0		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	212.3	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	•
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	20.9	•	
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	30.7	•	Ψ.	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-89.7	•	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	59.9	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	106.5	•	7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	65.9	_	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	88.0	•	+	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	46.6	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.6	•	7	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	75.2	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	
Mean years of schooling	1.4	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA	•	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	50.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	52.5	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	•
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	50.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	74.0		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	77.4	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	71.8	•	•
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	11.0	•	4	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	63.0	•	•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	99.3	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	53.9	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.7	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	22.5	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	9.5	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	41.7	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	7.1	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	55.0	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.2	•	
Access to electricity (% population)	19.2	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.5		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	7.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	76.9		ľ
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)	70.5		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	42.0	•	
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.5	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	39.2	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	43.2	•	→	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	6.3	•	1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.6		
	0.5	-	•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	9.6 NA		
5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	140		_	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	IVA		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	14.0		→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	15.5	•	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	19.6		7	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.4		Ψ.		0.0		

BURUNDI Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

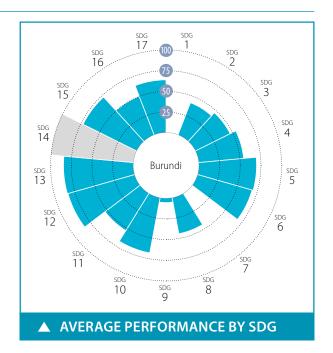
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

141 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





































BURUNDI

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	j Treno
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	74.3 84.4		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.0	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.1	•	7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	5.4		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	39.2	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.5		7	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	37.2		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	45.5		.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	43.3		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	712.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	86.9	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	24.2		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	33.0	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	71.7		1				
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	118.0		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.6		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.4		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.0		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	21.6		\rightarrow	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0		0.4
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.1		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	181.4	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	5.7		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	32.7	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-10.4		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	59.6	•	7		10.7		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	27.4	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0		_
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	60.3	•	• •		0.0		7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1		
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	43.6	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.2		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	2.9		4		0.0		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water		_	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	96.9	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	3.0	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	79.6	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• • •
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		•
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	40.7	•	1	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA		•
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	72.2	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	103.6	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	51.2	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	36.4	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	52.3	•	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	7
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	3.8	•	0 (
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	55.9		→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.3	•	0 (
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	50.5	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.0	•	0 (
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	3.1	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	77.7	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.2	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	43.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.0	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	7.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.1	•	4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.1 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	75.2	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	22.0		_
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-9.1		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	26.3		
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0 0
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	7.1	•	4	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	1.6	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.4	•	7
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	•	0 (
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	5.2	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	8.8	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	12.2	•	0 0
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.4	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

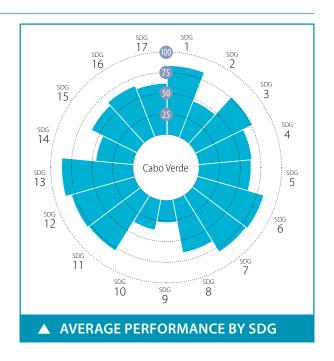
CABO VERDE

Sub-Saharan Africa

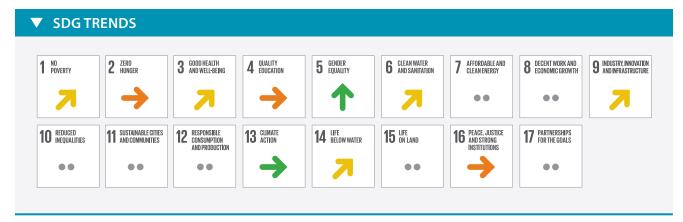
SDG Global rank

88 (OF 156)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 64.7 52.8







CABO VERDE

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Ratino	Trend		Value	Ratino	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	16.3	•	7	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 – Zero Hunger	7.1		••	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	13.7	•	• •		0.0		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA		1	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	11.8	•	4	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.2	•	4	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	50.0	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	42.0	•	_	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	39.6	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10.2		个	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	97.5	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	21.4		T	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	• •
			T	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	137.0		7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)		_	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	2.0	_	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	16.1	•	-1-	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	19.4	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	84.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	21.3	•	\rightarrow	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)		•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	73.3	•	→	3 13 1			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	74.7	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0		_
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	92.3	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9		7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	92.0	•	→		1.1		••
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	62.6	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	86.2	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.2	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	4.8	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	97.1	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	63.7		1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	23.6		4
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	18.6	•	1	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	26.8 33.7		••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	69.3		4	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	7.1	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	23.6		7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	25.0			Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	1
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA			Annual change in forest area (%)	1.4	•	• •
Other countries: population using salely managed water services (%)	86.5	•	_	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	4.7	•	• •
High-income countries: population using at least basic unfixing water services (%)	NA		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	65.2		7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	8.8	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	9.0		••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	282.7	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.5	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.6	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	90.2	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	4.1	•	4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	70.9 NA	•	1	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	91.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	55.0		4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.3		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	6.4		•
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0		••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	10.3	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	0.3		
	10.5	_		Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.3		•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	FO 3		A	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Makila broadband subscriptions (por 100 inhabitants)	50.3		T	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	18.4		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	66.5	-	T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	3.7	•	7		0.0		

CAMBODIA

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

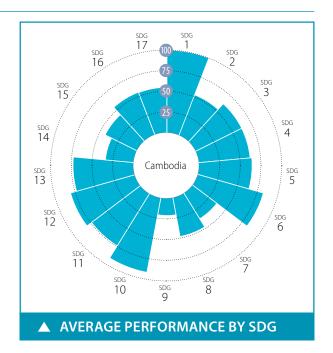
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

109 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





2 ZERO HUNGER

































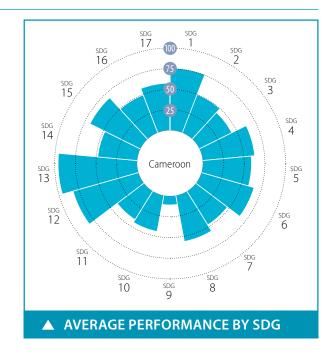
CAMBODIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating Tre	end		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1	• 1		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.4	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	15.3	• •	•	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	33.5 9.2	• 7		Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	3.9	• +		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.5	• -		Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	30.7	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	•	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	161.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	29.0	•	+
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	16.2	• 1		Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	71.8	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	30.6	_		Satisfaction with public transport (%)	70.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	345.0	• 7		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	• -		Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.3	• -		E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.0	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	4 40 0			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.6	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	149.3	•	•	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	19.0	• 7		Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	9.1	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	68.7	• -		Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-92.7	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	49.9	• 1		SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	89.0	•	•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	81.0	• 4	اما	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	51.3	• 7	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.4	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.6	• -	•	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1.3	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water	0.0		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	92.8	• 1		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	0.0		• •
Mean years of schooling	4.7	• -	•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	85.5 52.9	•	7
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	87.1	• •	•	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	60.6	_	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	44.9	•	•
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	17.4	• 1		Fish caught by trawling (%)	61.4	•	4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	67.3	• •	•	SDG15 – Life on Land	20.5		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	91.3	• -	•	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	39.5 33.0	•	→ →
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	20.3	• 1		Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	22.0		••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	• •	•	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.7	_	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	• •	•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		•		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.8		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	48.8	• 7		Prison population (per 100,000 population)	99.1	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.6	•		Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	55.0	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.0	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	56.1	• 1		Property Rights (1-7)	3.5	•	Ţ
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	13.4 1.9	• 1	•	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	73.3	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	21.0	•	+
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.3		•	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	19.3	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0	• •	•	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	21.7	• 1		US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	0.2	• -	•	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	7.6	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	32.4	• 7		High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	50.8	• 1		Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	15.3	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.4	• ↓		Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)		·					

CAMEROON

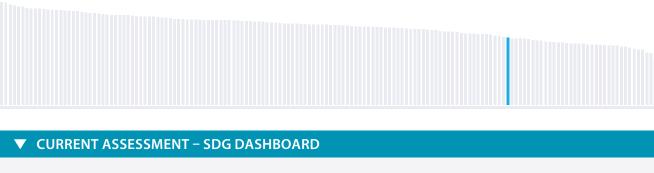
Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 55.8 52.8



SDG Global rank

121 (OF 156)







CAMEROON

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	ating Tren		Value	Ratin	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	22.0 12.6	•	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	• (
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	7.0		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• (
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)		• ••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		• 7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		• 1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	11.4	•	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	47.7	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)		• →		.,,,		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	• ••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	66.1		.1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	66.4	•	*
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	596.0	•	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	61.5	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		• 7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	42.0	•	-
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		• 1		12.0		•
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	203.0	•	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.0		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	1.8	• 7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.8	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	22.4	• →	E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.9	•	
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)			. 5	0.0	•	•
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	163.8	• ••	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.0		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	0.001		Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.1		•
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	28.1	• →	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	9.5		
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)		• 7		-103.8		•
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		• 7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3		-
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		• →	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	45.7	• →	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	•
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)		• 1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	257.0	•	-
	٦.١	• 1	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
DG4 – Quality Education	05.3		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	0
et primary enrolment rate (%)	95.3	• Т	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	86.5	•	,
Mean years of schooling	6.1	• →	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	40.8	•	•
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	80.6	• • •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	48.7	•	-
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		•
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	39.3	• 7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	7.9	•	•
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	62.2	• ••	SDG15 – Life on Land	262		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	87.7	• >	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.3	•	
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	31.1	• 1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	63.6	•	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	-
igh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	• ••	Annual change in forest area (%)	2.8	•	•
ther countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	65.3	• →	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.3	•	
igh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	• ••	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	38.8	• ↓	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	5.9	•	•
eshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.5	• ••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	114.4	•	
nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.1	• ••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	44.0	•	•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.5	•	
ccess to electricity (% population)	56.8	• →	Property Rights (1-7)	4.2	•	
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	17.6 0.9	→→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	66.1	•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	25.0	•	_
djusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.2	• ••	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	47.0	•	
lavery score (0-100)	50.0	• ••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	34.6	• +	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
nemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.3	• →	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	7 2		
. ,	٠.٦	- 7	. 31	7.3		•
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	25.0		High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		•
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	25.0	• 7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	10.5	• →	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		4
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.3	• 7	Tay Havell Scole (Dest 0-3 Molst)	0.0		



▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

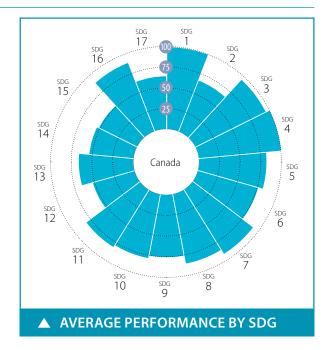
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

20 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



































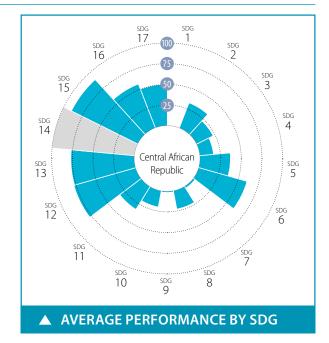
CANADA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	ating Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.4	• →	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.2	•	→
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.4	• ••	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			7
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	14.2	• ↓	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.1	•	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	77.4	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.0	• • •• →	universities (0-100)			
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		• →	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.6	•	• •
Prevalence of washing in emilitier under 3 years of age (78) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		• 1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.6	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)		• →	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	9.0	•	→
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index		•	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	14.7	•	+
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			Gap in internet access by income (%) Women in science and engineering (%)	43.5 27.7	•	••
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	7.0	• →		21.1		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		• →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	25.0		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.9	• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) Palma ratio	35.0	•	*
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	5.2	• →	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	1.2 10.7		••
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	• →		10.7		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70	9.8	• →	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	7.2	•	-
years (per 100,000 population)			of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)	7.2		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	2.9	• ••	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA		• •
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Satisfaction with public transport (%)	61.0		+
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	5.8 82.2	• →	Rent overburden rate (%)	10.2	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		→→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		•	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	20.4	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90.0		Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	71.4	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	79.6	- I	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	55.9	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.4	• →	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-15.3	•	• •
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	11.0	• ••	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	61.7 -35.6		• •
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	15.4	• ••	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.9	_	• •
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	14.0	• →	SDG13 – Climate Action	1.5		
SDG4 – Quality Education			Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1 - 1		_
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	100.0	• ••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	15.1		••
Mean years of schooling	13.1	• →	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)		• ••		11423.5	•	• •
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)		• →	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	3.8		
PISA score (0-600)	523.7	• ••	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	8.8	• ••	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	11.1	• →	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	30.0	•	
Resilient students (%)	38.7	• ••	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.2	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	94.3		→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	8.8	• →	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	29.9		4
union, ages 15-49)			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	44.0 30.9		••
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	103.1		Fish caught by trawling (%)	30.9	_	→
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	86.9		SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	26.3		Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	25.7		→
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	18.2	• →	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	20.6	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	1.0 8.6		→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	• ••	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.4		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.1		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		• →	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	17		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		• ••		1.7 113.0	•	••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	2.2	• • •	Prison population (per 100,000 population) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	84.0		个
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	20.0	• • •	Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.6	•	→
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Property Rights (1-7)	6.0	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	• →	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	.00.0	• →	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	82.0	•	\rightarrow
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.0	• →	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	22.0	• →	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.7		• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	17		(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%)	-1.7 100.0		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution		• ··	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.1	•	• •
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	22.1	- 7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.3		4
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	73.4	• →	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		• •
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	13.2	• ↓	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	54.8	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	89.8	• →				

CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

Sub-Saharan Africa





SDG Global rank

156 (OF 156)





CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	77.8 68.6		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	58.6		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.4	•	7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	0.0		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	7.5	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	56.2		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.9		1	•	30.2		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	465		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	46.5	•	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	882.0		\rightarrow	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	42.9		٠
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	42.3	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	25.0		Ţ
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	123.6	•	7		23.0		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	407.0	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	٥٢		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	1.7	•	7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.6		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	0 (
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	159.7		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	0 (
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	139.7	•		Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	0 (
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	31.8		1	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	0 (
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	52.5	•	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		0 (
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	105.8	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	40.0		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	47.0		4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	30.1			Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	3.5		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	
	٥.٥		•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	60.1			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	68.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		
Mean years of 15 24 year olds both saves (0)	4.2	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	36.4	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		0 (
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	48.5	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	•
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	49.1		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	744		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	79.2	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	74.4		7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	8.6	•	4	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	95.9		7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9		7
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •				
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	54.1	•	\rightarrow	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.5		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	25.1	•	\rightarrow	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	13.1	•	•
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.1	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	15.6		•
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.4	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	52.0	•	*
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		•
Access to electricity (% population)	12.3	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	2.0	•	\rightarrow	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA		
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)	14/1		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	23.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-14.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	28.5	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	13.7	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	6.0	•	4	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	5.0		
	0.0		~	• 5 .			
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	4.0		→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	4.0		→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	3.5		•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	NA		• •	Iron score (sest o s moist)	0.0		

CHAD Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

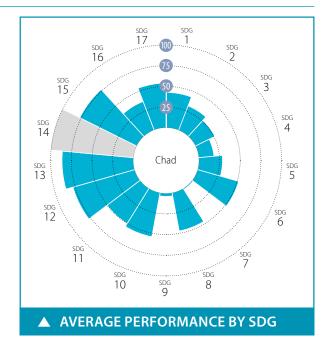
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

155 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS











5 GENDER EQUALITY











.

1 NO POVERTY



2 ZERO HUNGER













CHAD

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating Tr	rend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	43.6 35.8			Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	33.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	32.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		• -	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	13.0 6.1		→ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.1		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	44.1	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index		_	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	46.1	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	856.0	• ;	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	53.0	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	35.1		>	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	50.0	•	÷
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	127.3		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	153.0	•	+	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	1.1		↑ 上	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	23.0		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	191.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	24.3		7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	53.1		7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	164.5		→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	20.2		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	46.0		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	37.4	•	7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
	4.6		Т	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	70.0	_		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	78.9		• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	2.3		•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
	30.0			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality	77.2			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	77.3		7	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	35.3	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	70.6		_
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	83.5	• -	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	70.2		4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	12.8	• ;	7	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	,
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	6.8	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)		•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.2	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	42.5	• -	→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		•	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	9.0	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	9.5		1	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	38.0	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.1		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	50.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.6	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	8.0	• -	→	Property Rights (1-7)	2.9	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	3.6 NA	• •	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	12.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	20.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-6.6	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	51.5	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	21.8	• -	→	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.9	• -	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	6.3		
	5.7			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		7
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	5.0	• -	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	9.2	• -	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;			7		0.0		

CHILE OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

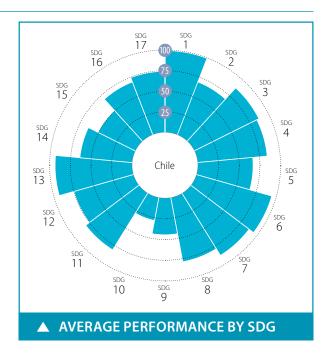
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

38 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





































CHILE

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	Rating Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.4	• →	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.7	•	→
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.2		7= extensive and efficient by international standards)		_	
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	16.1	• 1	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.8	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	3.7	• ••	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	32.8	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		• →	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.4	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		• →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.4	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		• ↓	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	1.1	•	→
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index		• →	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	0.7	•	\rightarrow
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.5		Gap in internet access by income (%)	26.8	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	22.0	• →	Women in science and engineering (%)	16.2	•	• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		• →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	53.3	•	→
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	16.0	• 🔱	Palma ratio Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	2.5 16.3		7
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	• →	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	10.5		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years	11.5	• →	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μα/m³)	20.9	•	4
(per 100,000 population) Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	18.6	• ••	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	4
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	10.0		Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.0	•	Ţ
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	11.6	• 7	Rent overburden rate (%)	23.4	•	0 0
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)		• →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	9.9	•	• •
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.8 93.0		Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	87.5	•	0 0
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	71.3		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	50.0	•	0 0
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)		• →	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-31.3	•	• •
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.5	• ••	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	26.3 -12.8		• •
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	21.6	• ••	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	-12.0 NA	_	
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	29.8	• ••	SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education			Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.7	•	4
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	92.9	• 4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.1		•
Mean years of schooling	9.9	• →	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	99.0 22.5	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	189.7	•	• •
PISA score (0-600)		• ••	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions from biomass (€/tCO₂)	-0.1	•	• •
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	16.9	• ••	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%)		-	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	18.5		• •
Students performing below level 2 in science (%) Resilient students (%)	34.8 14.6	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	95.3	•	-
SDG5 – Gender Equality	14.0		Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	93.8	•	→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	16.6		Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	46.3	•	4
union, ages 15-49)	10.0	• 7	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	40.1		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	98.0	• ••	Fish caught by trawling (%)	2.3		→
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	68.0	• 1	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	15.8		Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	35.7	•	→
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	21.1	• ↓	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	38.7	•	.l.
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8 8.6		4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	98.2		Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.3	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	85.5 NA		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.6	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA 5.5	• ••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	266.2		
mported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	2.0	-	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	45.0		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.7	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	• →	Property Rights (1-7)	5.0	•	7
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	96.6	• →	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	99.4 67.0	•	-
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		• 1	Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	67.0 6.6	•	
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	24.9	• >	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.1	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%)	-1.7	• • •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100)		• ••	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.5	•	1
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	74.3	• 1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA	•	•
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	62.7	• →	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tay revenue (% GDP)	NIA	•	
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)		• 1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA 0.0	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		·	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	61.6	•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	66.0	• 1				
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	72.1	1				

CHINA

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

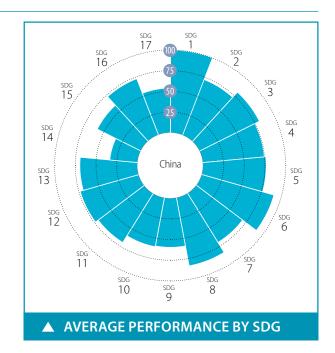
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

54 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



1 NO POVERTY



















.















CHINA

SDG1 – End Poverty		Rating			Value	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.4		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.8	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.6			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	72.4	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	9.6 9.4		••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.3		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.1	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	6.2		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	6.0	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	41.9	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	27.0	•	_	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	58.4	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.1		→ →	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	90.0	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	9.9		→ →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	72.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	64.0		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.0	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	18.1	•	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.4	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	16.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	169.4		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	25.5	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	105.4			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	-5.7 22.8	•	•••
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	19.4	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-12.5	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	76.1	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action	12.5		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	6.5	•	→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	7.5	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.8	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	70.0 5.1		7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	20.6	•	• •
	ا . ا		T	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	18.8	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	7.6	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	80.1		+
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.6	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	34.8		+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	45.4	•	7
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	4.3	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	8.6 60.0	_	4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	91.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	80.8	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	52.1	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	24.2	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	41.6	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8 5.0	•	+
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.7		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	95.8		1	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	120.5	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	29.9 1.6		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	80.0	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.3	•	T
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.6	•	Ť
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	57.2 1.6		7	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	41.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	3.1	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA		• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.1	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	80.2	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.7	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		_		High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	53.2		T	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	9.4		,l.
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	69.4		T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	1.0	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	4.5	•	T				

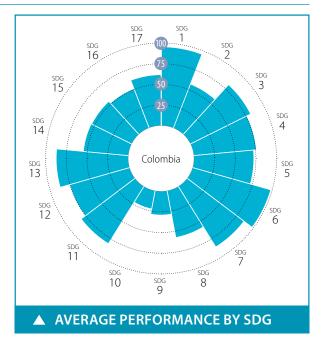
COLOMBIA

SDG Global rank

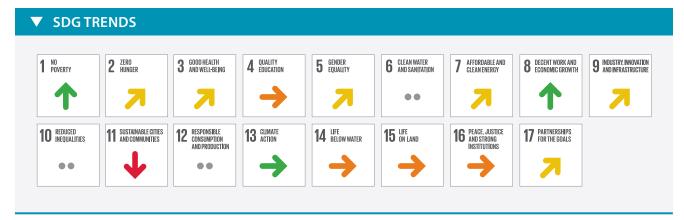
74 (OF 156)

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.6 66.0







COLOMBIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	ating [†]	Trend		Value R	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	4.6 1.7		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.4	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	25.8	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	7.1	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	12.7	•	1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.9	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	22.3	•	+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	55.3	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.2	•	→	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	33.3	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	10.0		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	18.0	•	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	64.0	•	1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	95.5	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.5	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	59.0		Ţ
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.3	•	→		39.0		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	32.0	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	1.0		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.0	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	14.6	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	5.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	12.2	•	• •
	216		0.0	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.5		•
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	31.6	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.7		•
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	18.9	•	1	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	26.2	•	
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.8		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	32.9	•	0 (
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)			7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)			• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.8	•	7
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91.0		•	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	•	•
	66.1	•	-	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)			7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	6557.0	•	•
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.2	•	→	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
DG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	58.9	•	0 (
let primary enrolment rate (%)	91.2	•	4	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	80.0	•	4
Mean years of schooling	7.6	•	\rightarrow	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	62.0	•	j
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	36.0	•	Ţ
DG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	12.8	•	0 (
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	9.6	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	4.0	•	1
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	101.3	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	20.6		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	71.2	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	38.6	•	7
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	18.7	•	7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.6	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	1
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	4.0	•	
ther countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.3		0 (
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	26.5	•	0
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.9			Prison population (per 100,000 population)	237.8	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.2	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	42.0	•	7
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.7	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	97.8	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.9	•	4
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	91.2 1.1	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	98.6	•	0 (
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	37.0	•	4
djusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	7.8	•	0 0
lavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0 (
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	45.8	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	9.0	•	1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.0		
. ,	2.0				11.9		7
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	FO 1			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		•
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	58.1	•	T	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.2		7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	46.9	•	T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		•
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.1		4	IAV HAVELLOCOLE (DEST 0-2 MOLST)	0.0		

COMOROS

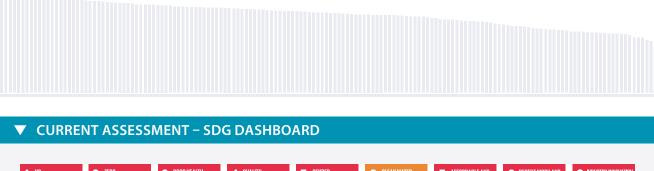
Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 52.8 na

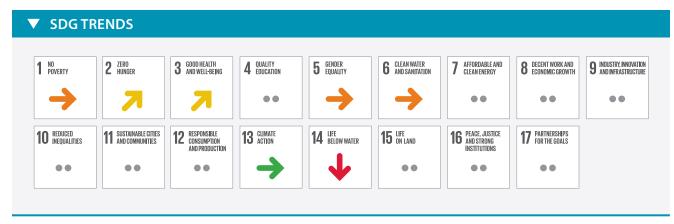
SDG 17 SDG 16 75 SDG 3 SDG 15 50 25 SDG SDG 14 4 Comoros SDG 5 SDG 13 SDG 12 sdg 6 SDG 11 SDG 10 **▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG**

SDG Global rank

na (of 156)







COMOROS

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	21.4 17.7		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.4	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.1	•	7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	7.8		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	45.0	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.4	•	1	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	15.0		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	171		.1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	17.1	•	*
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	335.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	87.0	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	32.8	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	44.0	•	0.1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	73.3		7				
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)			+	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	2.2		0.1
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.7		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	22.7		→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.1		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	146.9		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6	•	
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	28.6	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	63.5	•	1				
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	67.2	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2		_
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	82.2	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91.0	•	1	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	45.3	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.0	•	• •		0.0		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water	NIA		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	80.9	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA oz o	•	
Mean years of schooling	4.8	•	\rightarrow	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	87.9		7
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	71.6	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	44.4		*
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	37.4 24.0		•
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	54.3	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		•
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	66.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	71.6	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	14.8	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	6.1	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		۰
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	3.4	•	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	83.7	•	1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	34.2	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.6	•	•
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1.2	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	18.4	•	•
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	72.0	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	
Access to electricity (% population)	73.8		1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	7.0 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	87.3	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	27.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-6.8	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	22.0	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	•
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	21.7	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.3	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.6		.1
. ,				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	7.9	•	~	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1474		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	0.0			Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	0 (
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		••	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	INA			· ·			

CONGO Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

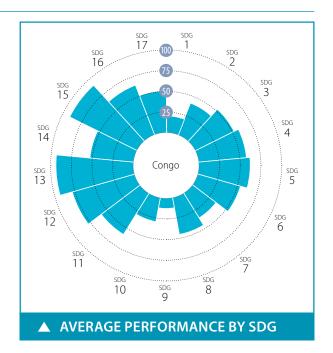
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

130 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



CONGO

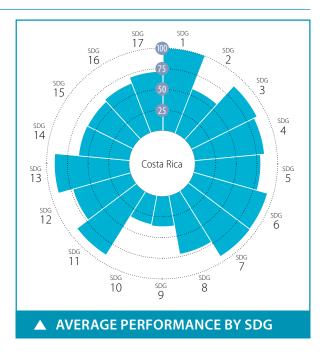
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	Rating '	Trend		Value F	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	50.8 60.6	•	••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.6	-	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	00.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	28.2	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.2		→		1471		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	9.6 0.8	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	52.6	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	442.0		_	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	53.0	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	442.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	82.6	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	53.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	54.1	•	7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	378.0		→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5		• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	1.2		^	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	2.5		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	17.8	•	4	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.2	•	
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	168.9	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	8.7		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	26.7	•	\rightarrow	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	64.7	•	1		101		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	114.1	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6		_
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	94.4	•	• •		-0.4		7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	80.0		1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0		•••
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	47.3	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	4830.5		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.9	•	7	i i i	4030.3	•	
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	85.8	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	6.3	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	91.2		→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	80.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	49.2	•	7
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	41.2	•	→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	31.9	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA 8.0		↑
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	82.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	93.7	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	72.1	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	11.3	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	100.0	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•		Annual change in forest area (%)	2.2	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.2	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	15.0		→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	10.1	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.0	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	27.5	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	47.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	43.2		→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	17.6	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	95.9	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.6	•	T	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	4.5			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	21.0	•	•
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.5		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	23.3		
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	50.0 26.1	•	7	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	10.9	•	1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	0.5		
	. 0.5	-		. 5	8.5 - NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	8.1	•	4	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	: NA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	23.4		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	9.4	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	. •, •						

COSTA RICA

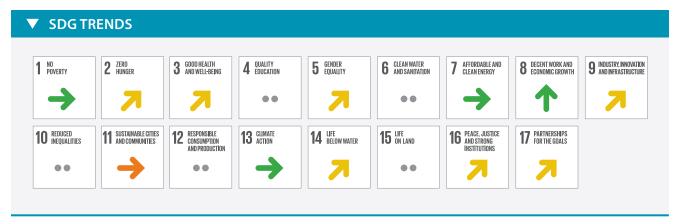
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Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 73.2 66.0 **SDG Global rank**







COSTA RICA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	j Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.3	•	• (
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.5	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	5.6		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.6	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.0		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	25.7	•	+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	50.7	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.0		→		50.7		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	20.1		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	20.1		1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	25.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.2	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.7	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	75.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	8.8	•	→				
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	9.5	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.4		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7.5		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	11.1		→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	3.9		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	3.9		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	19.2	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	3.2		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	12.6		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	14.9	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-46.1		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	79.6	•	→		10.1		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	54.6	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action Formulated Co. emissions per capita (tCO) (capita)	1.6		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.2	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.6		•
surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93.0	•	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.4		ľ
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	69.4	•	7	- '	0.1		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.2	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	96.6	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	54.9	•	•
Mean years of schooling	8.7	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.7	•	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)		•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	45.2	•	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	6.8	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	25.5 16.3		-
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	100.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)		•	7	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	45.3	•	-
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	35.1		1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	5.1	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA			Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	5.4	•	0
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA			SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	97.1		→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	11.8	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	3.1		•	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	291.2	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	10.0	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	48.0	•	2
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.4	•	,
Access to electricity (% population)	99.4		→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.8	•	
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	95.9 0.6	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	99.6	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	59.0	•	-
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.5	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	4.1	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	67.8	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	8.5	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.2		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			,	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	66.0	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/1		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	108.0		4	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.8	•	,
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.1		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.1	-	*				

CÔTE D'IVOIRE

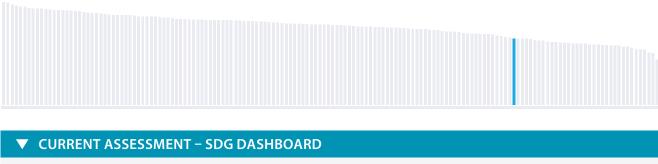
Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 55.2 52.8

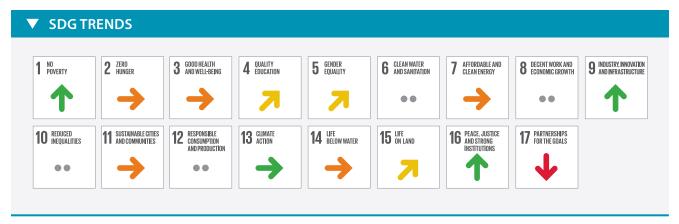
SDG 17 SDG 16 SDG 3 SDG SDG 14 4 Côte d'Ivoire SDG 5 SDG 13 SDG 12 SDG 11 SDG 10 **▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG**

SDG Global rank

122 (OF 156)







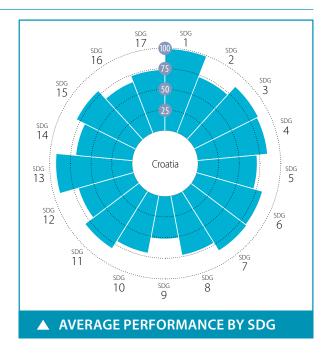
CÔTE D'IVOIRE

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating 1	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	23.0 7.9		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.5	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	15.4		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	29.6 7.6		ק ק	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		• •
Prevalence of wasting in Critical Funder 3 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	10.3		Î	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.1		Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	46.4	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	23.5	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	645.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	70.2	•	\rightarrow
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	36.6 91.8		ק ק	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	35.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 1,000 live births)	153.0		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	1.4		^	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	28.4		_	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.1		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.6	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	170.0	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.4	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	240			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	24.0 53.3	•	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	133.4		л →	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	59.4		••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	77.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	43.5		,	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.0		,	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	152.3	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	83.9		^	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	5.0	•	.	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	78.3	•	\rightarrow
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	53.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	41.5	•	+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	36.4		→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	54.1	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA 4.3	•	↑
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	63.9	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	72.7	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	77.7	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	10.6	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	87.4	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	14.1	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.2		• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	29.9	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	11.8	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	2.7	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	53.5 50.0	•	••
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	8.0	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	30.0		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.0		4
Access to electricity (% population)	61.9	•	7	Property Rights (1-7)	4.1		4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	18.5 1.2	•	↓	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	65.0	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	36.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	0.6	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	26.4	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	41.3	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.6	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.4		J.
				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	26.5		7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			.1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	43.7	•	↑	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	15.2		Ψ
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.2	•	A	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		

CROATIA

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 76.5 69.5 **SDG Global rank**







21 (OF 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS



2 ZERO HUNGER

















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















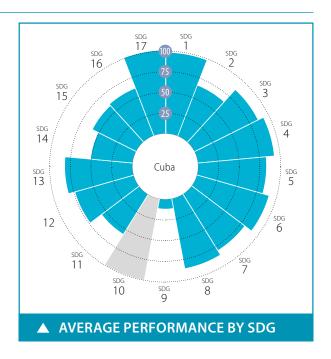
CROATIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.8		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.0	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	25.7	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.9	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	24.4		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	38.2	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	6.7		→		50.2		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	21.8		.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	21.0		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)			→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.6	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.9	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	59.0	•	4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.7	•	→				•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	12.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.3		0.0
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	10.8		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	17.1	•	1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	29.0		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	16.9		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	43.4		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	11.7		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	23.2		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	9.2	•	1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	53.5		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	78.0	•	→		55.5		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	9.4	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action Formulated Co. emissions per capita (tCO) (capita)	4.0		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.0	•	T
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3		•
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	72.9	•	7	- '	0.0	_	•
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.3	•	4	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	179.5	•	
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	87.5	•	7	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	69.3	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	11.2	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.6	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.7	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	64.0	•	+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	50.3	•	4
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	14.1	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	7.0 17.9		1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	96.6	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	78.8	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	65.2	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	18.5	•	Ţ	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	100.0	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	\rightarrow
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	90.5	•	al.	Annual change in forest area (%)	2.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		•	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	7.9	•	0 0
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)			_	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.9	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1.0		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	78.8	•	0 0
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.6	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	69.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.3	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0		→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.7	•	Ť
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	94.4	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA		•
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.4	•	1	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	49.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.8	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	86.1	•	→	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	10.8	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.4	•	4
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	72.7	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	77.2	•	.	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.7	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

CUBA

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.0 **SDG Global rank**







42 (OF 156)





































9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

▼ SDG TRENDS



2 ZERO HUNGER



3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

















17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS .

CUBA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	1.6	•	1	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.3	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.0 2.4	•	↓	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.4	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	24.6	_	7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.9	•	1	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	39.0	•		Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	18.0	•	+
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.4		→ →	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	85.8	•	\rightarrow
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	5.5		→ →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	8.0	•	• •
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	6.9	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.3	•	i	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	16.4	•	†	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	NA		• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	8.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	33.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	7.6	•	4	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	17.3	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	79.1		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-51.0	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	45.0		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.0		4
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	67.8	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.4	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	95.4	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	61.5		••
Mean years of schooling	11.8	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	87.4		+
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	58.4 38.6		+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	59.7		•
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	10.5	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)		•	→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	95.8	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	61.6	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	74.3	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	48.9	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	6.4	•	•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.4	_	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	95.2	•	7		1.7		
$\label{thm:ligh-income} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.7		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	505.5		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	25.6 2.7	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	51.0	•	••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	87.2 1.6	•	1	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	100.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			·	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	47.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.6	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	23.0		0.0
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	38.8	•	T	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	0.0		→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	NA		• •		0.0		

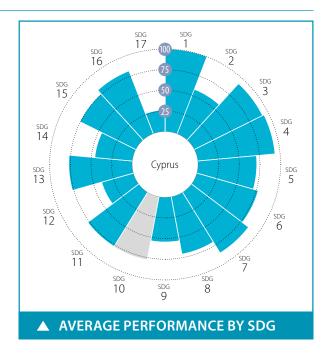
CYPRUS

SDG Global rank

50 (OF 156)

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 69.5 70.4







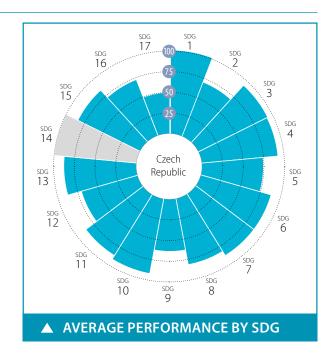
CYPRUS

CDC1 Ford Powerty	Value	Rating '	Trand		Value	Dating	g Trend
SDG1 – End Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)		-	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related		nuuni,	• •
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1		••	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.0		
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	39.3	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	4.7		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.8	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.5		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	21.8		↓	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	35.5	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	2.2		T	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
-	1.1			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	18.3		T
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	7.0		→	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m ³)	10.5		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.0 1.4		フ →	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.6		マ →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	49.0	•	7
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	5.6		→ →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		,	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	2.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	11.5		,	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	16.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations		_		Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	14.9	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	29.6	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	13.8	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	23.2	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	48.0	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	6.5 80.5		→ →	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	170.5	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	4.7		マ →	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	97.4		•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.3	•	1
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90.0		^	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.9	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	78.1		<u>.</u>	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.1		Ţ	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.4		T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	47.9	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	11.7		*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.0		→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.8	•	•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	60.1		7
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	45.9	•	4
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	NA	•	• •	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	66.6		• •
union, ages 15-49)				SDG15 – Life on Land	INA		•••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	97.5	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	57.8		_
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	86.0		→	Mean area that is protected in renestinal sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		••
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	17.9		7	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0		-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	2.4		• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	99.6	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	10.9	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)			Ψ	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.3	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources			• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	46.9	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	37.6 14.9		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	77.0	•	→
, , ,	14.9			they live (%)			
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	1000			Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.8	•	4
Access to electricity (% population) Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0		→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.5	•	1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.4		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	100.0	•	• •
i i	1.7		T	civil authority (%)	E7.0		_
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	2.0		• •	Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	57.0		7
Slavery score (0-100)	-3.9 80.0		••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0		• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	88.7		→	US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	00.7			SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	10.8	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.5	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		•	Ť
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	75.9	•	↑	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	96.7	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.7	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	4.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

CZECH REPUBLIC

OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 76.9 78.7 **SDG Global rank**







13 (OF 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS





2 ZERO HUNGER

































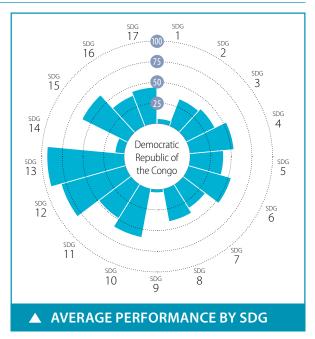
CZECH REPUBLIC

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	Rating Ti	rend		Value	Ratin	ng Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.3	• -	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.6	•	4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.3	_	• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	6.4	• -	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.4		•••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5	•		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	32.1	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5	_	•• →	universities (0-100)			
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)			,	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.5	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	26.0		Į.	Research and development expenditure (% GDP) Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	1.9	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)	6.3		→	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	7.1 3.6		1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.5	•	• •	Gap in internet access by income (%)	60.9		• •
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	32.2	•	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	4.0	• -	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.6		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	30.2	•	1
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)			→	Palma ratio	0.9	•	_
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	5.0		>	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	4.2	•	
HIV prevalence (per 1,000) Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.0		→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years	15.6	•	↑	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	21.4	•	-
(per 100,000 population)				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)			
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	30.0	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.9		7
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			_	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	70.0		1
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	0.5		→ →	. ,	11.6	•	•
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)			÷	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)			• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	14.8	•	•
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0	• -	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	67.8	•	•
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	76.8	•	1	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	21.1		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.8	• -	→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	31.9		
Sap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		_	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	26.6	•	
Sap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	32.6		• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	0.8	•	•
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	18.2		1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
DG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	9.2	•	7
let primary enrolment rate (%)		_	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-3.0	•	•
Mean years of schooling	. 2.3		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	•
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• • ↑	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1586.3		
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%) PISA score (0-600)			• •	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	7.6	•	•
/ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic				from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
status (%)	18.8	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
tudents performing below level 2 in science (%)			4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•
Resilient students (%)	24.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA NA	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	9.3	• -	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	
union, ages 15-49)	06.0			Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%) emale to male labour force participation rate (%)			•• →	SDG15 – Life on Land			
leats held by women in national parliaments (%)	20.0		Í	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	93.8	•	_
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	16.3		Ĭ	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	92.2		_
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	-
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	97.6	• -	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	7.1	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	5.8	•	•
ligh-income countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	81.9		1	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.8	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	24.0	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	197.9	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.9	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	73.0		_ 1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.0	•	7
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0	• -	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.8		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)			→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	100.0 57.0		1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)			†	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0		1
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	14.8	•	↑	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.7		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
djusted Growth (%)	0.0	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
lavery score (0-100)	00.0	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.6	•	;
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	81.0	• -	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.1		•
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) imployment-to-Population ratio (%)	72.6			public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
THOROVERED TO PODURATION (AUG. 1991)			→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		•
	116			Tay Hayon Coord (host O Earst)			
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	11.6	• ;	7	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst) Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	0.0 52.9		•
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%) SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	76.5		<u>^</u>	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst) Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	52.9	•	

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

Sub-Saharan Africa









SDG Global rank

154 (OF 156)





































▼ SDG TRENDS





2 ZERO HUNGER







5 GENDER EQUALITY











...

1 NO POVERTY











6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION





DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	70.5 59.8		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	33.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.1	•	7 →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	6.7 0.8		7	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	42.1	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.0		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
	0.5			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	46.3	•	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	693.0		7	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)			•
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	28.8		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	62.7	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	94.3	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	41.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	323.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.4	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	20.3	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.2	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	196.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.3	•	• •
	33.5	•	_	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	9.6	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	59.8		A	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	125.2			SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	80.1		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	77.0		1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	43.9	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.3	•	Ť	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	6.1	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	74.7	•	+
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	85.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	39.7	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	32.9	•	→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	54.0	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	49.4	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	97.1	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.7	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	8.9	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	29.5	•	\rightarrow
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	\rightarrow
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	5.3		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	41.8	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.3	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	19.7	•	4	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	13.4		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.1	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	26.6		• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.5	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	45.0	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Access to electricity (% population)	13.5		_	Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.0	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	5.9		7	Property Rights (1-7)	3.4	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.3		_	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	24.6	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.5			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	21.0		_
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.6		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	38.4		
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	25.8	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	3.7	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	61		
	J.1			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	6.1		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	62	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		3 3
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	6.2		→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	8.8	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.0		7	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.0						

DENMARK

OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

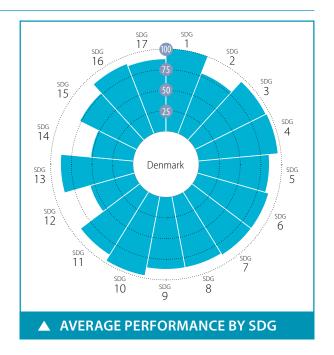
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

2 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





































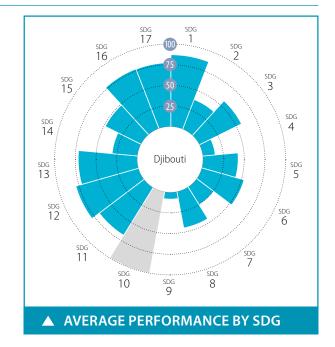
DENMARK

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	ting Trend		Value	Ratin	ıg Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.4	• →	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.8	•	-
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)		• • •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	5.5	• →	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.7	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	• • •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	58.1	•	•
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	• →	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.4		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	3.0		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		• 🔱	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	14.9	•	-
Cereal yield (t/ha)	6.2		Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	51.8	•	-
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.4	• •	Gap in internet access by income (%)	6.0	•	•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			Women in science and engineering (%)	27.8	•	0
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		• →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	28.7	•	-
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		• →	Palma ratio	0.9	•	•
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	• →	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	3.2	•	•
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,		• →	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)	11.0	•	
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	9.9	• • •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Satisfaction with public transport (%)	65.0		•
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	3.4 80.6	• →	Rent overburden rate (%)	18.0		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		• →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.2		E-waste generated (kg/capita)	24.0	•	
surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	94.0	• 1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	86.7	•	
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	79.9	7	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	4.3 24.8		
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.6	• →	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	45.4		
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	1.0	• • •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)		•	
ap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	13.2		Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)		•	
aily smokers (% population age 15+)	17.0	• ↑	SDG13 – Climate Action			
DG4 – Quality Education			Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.9	•	
et primary enrolment rate (%)	20.7	• ↑	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-1.8	•	
Mean years of schooling		• →	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.1	•	
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) opulation age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	NA (• ·· • •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2237.0	•	
PISA score (0-600)	504.3		Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	67.0	•	
/ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic		_	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
status (%)	10.4	• • •	SDG14 – Life Below Water	007		
tudents performing below level 2 in science (%)	15.9		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	88.7	•	
Resilient students (%)	27.5	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	95.4 53.0		
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	45.5	•	
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	12.9	• →	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	44.0		
union, ages 15-49) emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	97.7		Fish caught by trawling (%)	71.2	•	
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)		• →	SDG15 – Life on Land			
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	37.4		Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	90.3	•	
sender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	5.8		Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	100.0	•	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	96.7	• →	Annual change in forest area (%)	10.2		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)			Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	12.2	•	
igh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	93.2		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		• • •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.0		
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	20.7	• • •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	56.5		
nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	9.9	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1, 7)	82.0		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7) Property Rights (1-7)	4.3 5.8	•	
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0	• →	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)		• →	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	88.0	•	
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		• 🕇	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	
nare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	33.2	• ↑	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.4	•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
djusted Growth (%)		• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
lavery score (0-100)	100.0	_	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	19.9	•	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	99.9	• →	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.7	•	
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) mployment-to-Population ratio (%)	74.2	• →	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NIA		
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)		• 1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA 0.0		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		•	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	52.5	•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	97.0	• →		52.5		
roportion of the population using the internet (70)	21.0	-				

DJIBOUTI

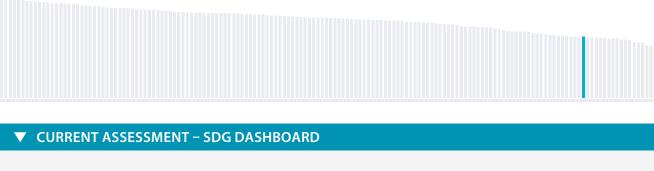
Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 50.6 52.8

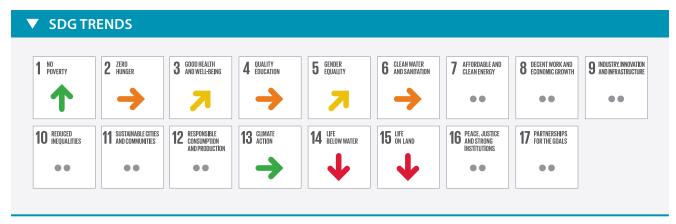


SDG Global rank

138 (OF 156)







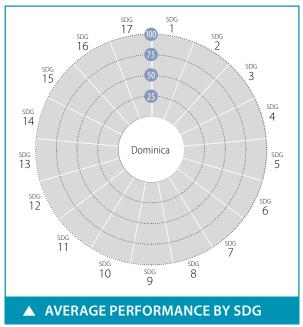
DJIBOUTI

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	14.8 4.4	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.3	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	12.8	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	33.5 21.5	•	7 →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	13.5		1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.9		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	229.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	51.5	•	+
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	32.8		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	96.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	64.2	-	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	61.0	•	• •
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	335.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.7	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	19.4	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.2	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	704			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	70.1	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	24.9		4	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	17.6	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	63.5		*	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-34.6	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	19.4	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	87.4		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.8	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	75.0	•	4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	46.7	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.4	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	59.1	•	7	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0		• •
Mean years of schooling	4.1	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	89.9	•	+
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	52.4 46.7	•	Ψ
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	51.8	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	72.2	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	1.0	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	10.8	•	4	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.9		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	76.9	•	→		1.2		
$\label{thm:ligh-income} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.8		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	51.4	•	\rightarrow	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	67.6		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	7.9 77.7	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	72.0		••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	46.7	•	4	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	10.2 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	91.7	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	31.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	7.7	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	12.3	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.8	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.3		0.0
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Makila broadband subscriptions (por 100 inhabitants)	13.1		→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	11.2 NA	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	14/7			,			

DOMINICA

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.0 na



na (of 156)

CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD



SDG Global rank





































▼ SDG TRENDS



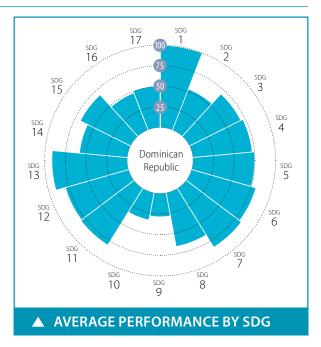
DOMINICA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	NA NA		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	5.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• (
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	5.8	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA		1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	27.9	•	<u>+</u>	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.7		7	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	13.6		.1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu q/m^3$)	13.0		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA		• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA	•	
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	24.0	•	+	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	34.0	•	+				
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	7.8	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.2		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	9.7		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	NA		• •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.3		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		
sqe-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	24.6		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	NA		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	NA	•	• •		14/1		
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	NA		• •	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy related CO emissions per capita (#CO /capita)	1.0		
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.9		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0	•	\rightarrow	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	56.6	•	\rightarrow	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	•
DG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
let primary enrolment rate (%)	95.6	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	•
Mean years of schooling	7.9	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	77.8	•	-
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	62.1	•	1
DG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	25.3	•	4
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	NA	•	••	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA 92.1		1
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	44.3	•	4
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	25.0	•	4	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	1
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	1.1	•	•
ountries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	96.5	•	7	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		•
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	77.9		→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	8.4	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	10.0		••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	301.3	•	
nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	
access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	91.9	•	\rightarrow	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA		
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)			
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	57.0	•	1
djusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.8	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA		•
lavery score (0-100)	NA		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	•
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA		• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		•
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	67.0	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	40.7	•	4	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	22.1	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		0
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

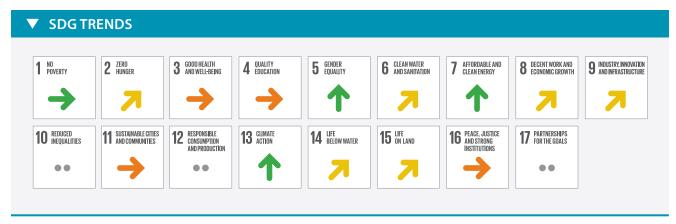
DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

Latin America and the Caribbean









Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

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DOMINICAN REPUBLIC

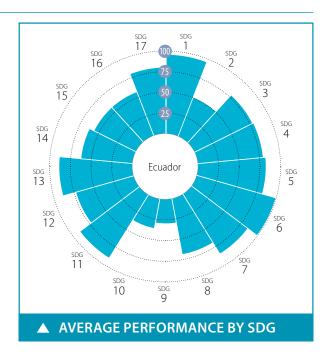
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.5	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.3	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	13.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.1	•	T	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	2.4 27.6	_	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.8		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	51.4	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1	•	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	20.4	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	92.0		•	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	83.7	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	20.8		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	67.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	30.7		↑	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	60.0		7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.2	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	18.7		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	5.4		• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	10.7			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	40.4	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	36.8	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	15.9	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	27.8	•	Ψ.	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-45.3	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	73.9	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	96.1	•	→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.1	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	97.7		••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	85.0 62.3		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.6		个	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.2	•	• •
	5.0	•	1	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	06.1			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	51.7	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	86.1 7.7		*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.2	•	\rightarrow
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	97.6			Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	51.9	•	\rightarrow
	27.0			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	49.3	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality	12.7	•	_	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	4.0	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	13.2		7	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	105.3	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	74.6	•	-
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	68.4		T	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.9	•	÷
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	26.8		T	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	9.8	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)			• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.5	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	94.5		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		•• →	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	17.4	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	82.7 43.7	•	••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	242.2	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	6.4	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	35.0	•	+
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.7	•	7
Access to electricity (% population)	98.5		T	Property Rights (1-7)	3.9	•	\rightarrow
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	91.9 1.4	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	88.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	29.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	0.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	12.8	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	56.2	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.5	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	6.4	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	61.7		^	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	••
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	61.3		T	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.7	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	49.8		T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	٥.0			,			

ECUADOR

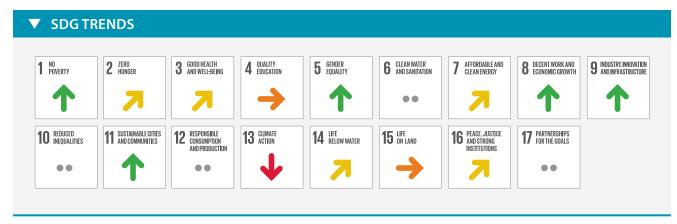
46 (OF 156)

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 70.8 66.0 **SDG Global rank**







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SDG1 – End Poverty	Value F	ating	Trend		Value F	Rating	Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	3.2 2.5		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.5	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	42.4			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	12.1 25.2	•	7	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	•
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.3	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.4	•	•
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	19.9	•	+	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	50.4		
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	3.6 1.1	•	→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	50.4		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being		•		Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	12.8	•	7
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	64.0	•	T	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	96.3	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	11.2 20.9	•	↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	72.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	50.0	•	7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.1	•	•
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	13.1	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.6	•	•
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kq/capita)	0.0 5.9	•	•
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	18.3	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.4		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	23.6	•	•
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	20.7		7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	6.8	•	•
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	76.2	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	74.6 96.3	•	→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.8	•	•
surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	83.0	•	4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	•
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	61.7	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.1 3921.2	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.8	•	1		3921.2		
5DG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	60.2	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	91.3	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	92.9	•	
Mean years of schooling	8.3 99.1	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	68.2	•	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	40.9	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	7.6	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	28.2 5.9		•
union, ages 15-49)				SDG15 – Life on Land		_	
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	97.6	•	••	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	29.1	•	
Female to male labour force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	68.2 38.0		T	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	70.9	•	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	30.0		1	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•		Annual change in forest area (%)	3.6		•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.0	•	•
digh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.2		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	8.2 151.1		
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	3.7 2.3	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	54.0		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.4	•	
Access to electricity (% population)	99.0	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.3	•	
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	98.1 1.5	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	94.0	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	32.0	•	
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	4.9	•	•
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	80.0 51.2	•	··	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0	•	•
with a mobile-money-service provider (%)		•		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	4.4.4		
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.8		→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	14.4		•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	54.1	•	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	46.9	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	•
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	4.5	•	1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	

EGYPT

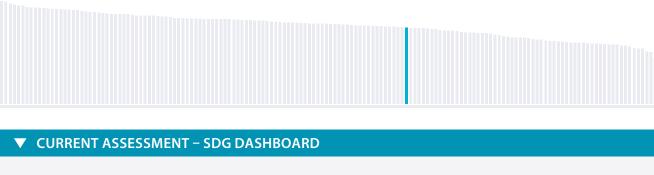
Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 63.5 62.1

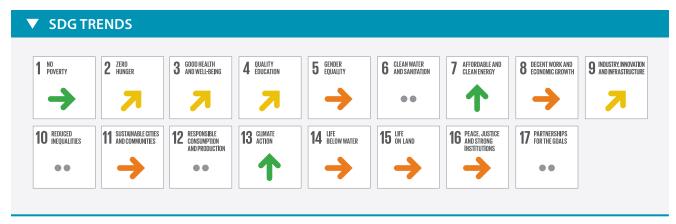
SDG 16 SDG . 3 SDG 15 SDG SDG 14 4 Egypt SDG 5 SDG 13 SDG 12 SDG 11 SDG 10 **▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG**

SDG Global rank

97 (OF 156)







EGYPT

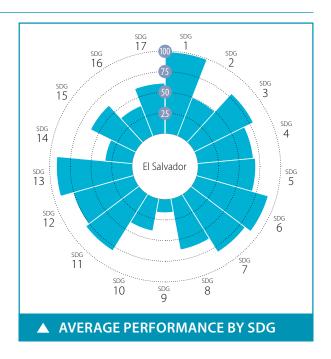
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.7 0.1		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	23.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	4.5		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.7	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	9.5		7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	0.7		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	32.0		4	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	49.7		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	7.1		→	, , , , ,	72.7		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	4047		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	104.7	•	Ψ
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	33.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	97.9	•	J.
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	12.8	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	63.0		*
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	22.8	•	1		03.0		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	14.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.4	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.5		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	28.4	•	• •
	70.0		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.6	•	0 (
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	79.8	•		Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.6	•	0 (
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	13.3	•	7	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• (
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	70.9		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• (
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	51.0		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	91.5		••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.2	•	1
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.2	•	
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	61.2		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	3.9		^ →	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	144.3	•	
	3.7		7	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	07.5		•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	56.0	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.5	•	T	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	89.5	•	4
Mean years of schooling	7.1	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	52.1	•	4
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	92.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	45.5	•	-
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	27.4	•	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	16.5	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	34.5	•	7
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	81.0		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	20.6		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	30.1	•	4	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	39.6	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	14.9	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	28.5	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	7
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	1.0	•	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.4	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.3	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.2	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	159.9	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	78.8	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.8	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	76.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.3	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	99.8	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6		Ţ
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.4	•	
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (Mt CO_2 /TWh)	1.2	•	1	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	32.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	7.0	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0 0
Adult. (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	32.8	•	→	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	12.1	•	+	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	8.6		0.4
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		0 (
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	41.2	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/1		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	47.3		+	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	12.5	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.0		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	0.1
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	1.0	_	•				

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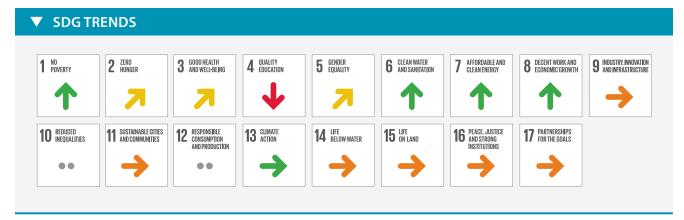
92 (OF 156)

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 64.1 66.0 **SDG Global rank**





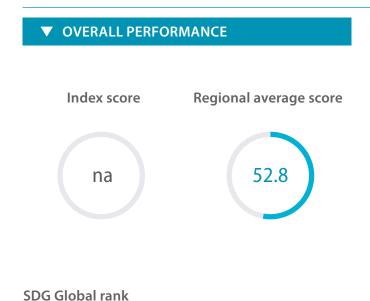


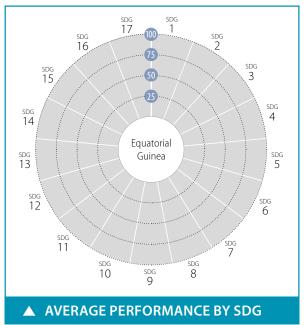
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SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	1.2 0.4	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	400			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	12.3		••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	0.1
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	T →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	0 (
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	2.0		Ţ	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	24.0		▼	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	49.2	•	0 1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1		•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	37.0	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	54.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	93.7	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.5		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	72.0	•	J
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.0		→				•
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	60.0		4	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.1		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→		4.8		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	14.2		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	1.0		
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	8.9		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	52.3	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	32.3			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)		•	
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	19.0	•	7		13.1		
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	73.5		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	4.5	•	•
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	70.3		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.0		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0	•	-
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90.0		1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	•	•
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	63.2		<u>.</u>	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	•
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.3		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	
	0.5			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
DG4 – Quality Education	040			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	38.4	•	•
et primary enrolment rate (%)	84.8		*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	87.4	•	
lean years of schooling	6.5 97.9		7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	41.5	•	
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	97.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	22.0	•	1
DG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	100.0	•	0
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	13.9	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	11.5	•	1
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	89.9	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	26.6		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	59.6	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in terestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	81.6		
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	32.1	•	1	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	6.8		
igh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	-	5.6		
ther countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	93.0	•	1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	5.0		
igh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	400.6		
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	91.1	•	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	108.6	•	•
eshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	11.4	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	532.8	•	•
nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	8.5	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	46.0	•	•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	OF 1		A	Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.5	•	-
ccess to electricity (% population)	95.1	•	T	Property Rights (1-7)	3.4	•	
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	82.6 1.1	•	Т ↑	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	98.5	•	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	33.0	•	-
djusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.8	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	8.9	•	
avery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	30.4	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
nemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.5	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.2		_
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	29.0		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	15.7		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	29.1		7		15./		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	3.3		$\mathbf{\Psi}$	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		

EQUATORIAL GUINEA

Sub-Saharan Africa





CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD



na (of 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS

































EQUATORIAL GUINEA Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	NA NA		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	1.5	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	INA			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.1	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	8.0 NA		7	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	•	••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	INA			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	47.1	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	342.0		4	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	32.0	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	48.1	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	90.9	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		• •
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	181.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	2.7	•	1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	25.0	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	10.8	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	1.3	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	1700			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	179.9	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	20.8	•	1	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	58.2	•	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	157.9	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	68.3	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.7	•	7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	19.0	•	4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	53.2	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	43.3	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	100.0		• •
Mean years of schooling	5.5	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.1	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	97.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	60.8 30.4		4
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	13.7		••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	65.1	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	23.2		\
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	54.8	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	90.1	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	100.0	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	24.0	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	3.3		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	49.6	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	2.2		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	74.5	•	4	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	3.2		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.1	•	• •		59.2 NA		•
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.1	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	INA		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	67.6	•	\rightarrow	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	21.5 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	53.5	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	17.0	•	• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-8.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	27.8	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	6.9	•	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
	0.7			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	23.8	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA 120		
	0.2		\rightarrow	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	12.0		\rightarrow
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	0.3			Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	_	

ERITREA

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 52.8 na

SDG 17 SDG 16 75 SDG 3 SDG 15 50 25 SDG SDG 14 4 Eritrea SDG 5 SDG 13 SDG 12 sdg 6 SDG 11 SDG 10 **▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG**

SDG Global rank

na (of 156)





ERITREA

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	38.0 19.9		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	19.9			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	15.3		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	5.0 0.4	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	INA			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	43.5	•	\
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	501.0	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	69.0		_
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	17.7	•	↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	44.5	•	1		14/1		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	74.0		1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.4	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.3		••
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	25.4	•	7	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.1		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	174.9	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	16.7	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	24.9	•	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-12.6	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	64.7	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	53.5	•	1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	34.1	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93.0		Ψ.	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	39.8		\rightarrow	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	42.4	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	87.2	•	1
Mean years of schooling	3.9	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	56.5	•	7
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	87.0		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	50.2	•	7
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	10.7	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	69.1	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	13.3		_
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	86.3	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0		7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	22.0		→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.0		4
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	66.8	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.3		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	19.3		→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)			• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.5		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	11.3	•	\rightarrow	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	NA		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	10.1	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	45.8	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	13.8 1.6	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA	•	• •
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1.0		~	civil authority (%)	20.0		.1
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	NIA			Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	20.0		•
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA 50.0		• •		0.0		• •
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	50.0 NA		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
with a mobile-money-service provider (%)				SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	6.4	•	7	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	5.4	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	1.2	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	0.0	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA	•	• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	14/4	_					

187

ESTONIA OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

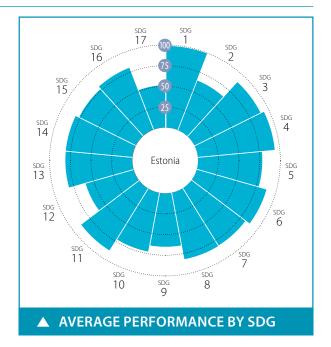
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

16 (OF 156)





▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS







































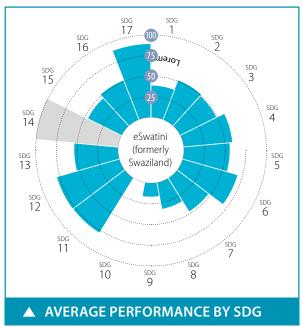
ESTONIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value I	Rating Tr	rend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.5	• -	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.4	•	→
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)		_	•	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	16.1	• •	₩.	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.0	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	34.9	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.1	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.5	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	21.2 2.7		+	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	6.9	•	1
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index			↑	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	7.4	•	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.0			Gap in internet access by income (%)	50.3	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	9.0	• -	→	Women in science and engineering (%)	35.0		• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.3		÷	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.9	• -	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) Palma ratio	37.4 1.3		•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	16.0	•	↑	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	31.9		• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	• -	→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	51.5		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years	17.2	•	↑	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	9.4	•	→
(per 100,000 population) Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	26.5	•		Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.7	•	→
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	20.5			Satisfaction with public transport (%)	64.0	•	1
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	6.3	• -	→	Rent overburden rate (%)	8.3	•	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)			→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	13.3		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	14.0	•	• •
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.4 93.0		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	71.9	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	75.0		^	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	68.3	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.9		7	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-4.5	•	• •
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	5.2	•	•	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	38.0 27.8		••
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	41.1	•	•	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.1		• •
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	21.3	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	14.8	•	T
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	93.3		↓	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-3.1	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	12.5		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	99.9 38.8	_	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	38.7		• •
PISA score (0-600)	524.3			Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions from biomass (\notin /tCO ₂)	12.1		• •
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	7.8	•		SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%)		_		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.8		
Students performing below level 2 in science (%) Resilient students (%)	8.8 48.3)	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.3		→
SDG5 – Gender Equality	40.3			Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	65.2	•	Ţ
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	15.4			Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	97.9	•	→
union, ages 15-49)	13.4			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	1.3		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	106.6	•	•	Fish caught by trawling (%)	29.6	•	7
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	80.2			SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	26.7		→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	94.9	•	→
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	28.3	•	•	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	93.6 1.0		→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	12.2		••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	81.7		Ψ.	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.4		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA			SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	92.9 NA)	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.2	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	22.5		•	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	215.1		• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	4.7	_	•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	70.0		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.2	•	Ţ
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	• -	→	Property Rights (1-7) Right registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	5.4	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	91.7		→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	100.0 71.0	•	→
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.6		7	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	27.5	• -	→	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%)			•	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years 1) with an account at a bank or other financial institution.				Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.9	•	→
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	98.0		→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.2	•	→
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	74.1	• -	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	14.5	• ;	7	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	50.9	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	87.2	• 4	↑				
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	121.6	•	↑				

ESWATINI (FORMER SWAZILAND)

Sub-Saharan Africa











































7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY





▼ SDG TRENDS





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3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING







5 GENDER EQUALITY





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17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

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ESWATINI (FORMER SWAZILAND)

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	44.8 40.3		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	10.6			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	19.6	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.0	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	16.5	•	↑	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	65.0	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.1		•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	21.6		.1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	21.0		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	389.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	92.9	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	21.4		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	58.0	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	70.4		↑				
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	398.0		↑	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	5.0		T		4.0		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	25.1	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	3.7		
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	3.3		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	121.2	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.1		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	121.2			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	23.7		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	24.9	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-43.6	_	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	58.9	•	1		-43.0		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	78.5	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	88.3	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9	•	•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	89.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.7	•	•
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	51.2		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.4	•	-
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.9	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	•
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	76.2		_	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•
Mean years of schooling	6.8		-	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		•
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)			• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		۰
·	,,,,			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		•
SDG5 – Gender Equality	10.7		•	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		•
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	18.7	•	T	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		•
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	88.9	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	E7 /		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	63.5	•	7	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	57.4		
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	6.2		4	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	NA		•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation					0.8		
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	18.4 6.2		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	67.6	•	7		0.2	_	
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	58.0	•	\rightarrow	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	8.2	•	•
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	32.4	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	280.5	•	-
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.2	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	42.0	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.2	•	,
Access to electricity (% population)	65.0		1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	35.3	•	\rightarrow	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	53.5		
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)	33.3		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	39.0	•	
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	7.3		
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	28.6	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	26.4	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.3		
				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	28.6		7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/4		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	12.6		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	28.6	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;		•	1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	0
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	3.8	-	~		2.0		

ETHIOPIA

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

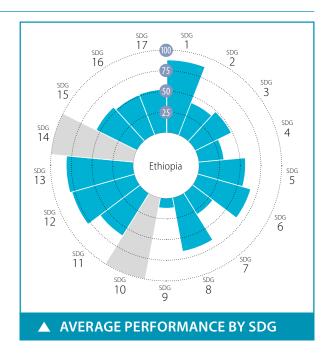
Regional average score

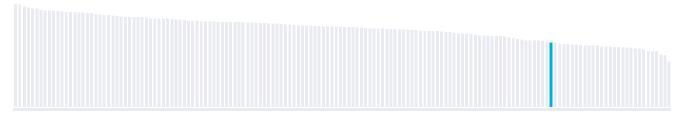




SDG Global rank

128 (OF 156)





▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















ETHIOPIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	16.4	•	1	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	28.8	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	40.4 8.7	•	→ →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.6	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	4.5	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.5		1	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	•••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	353.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	35.7	•	+
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	27.6		T	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	86.0	•	\rightarrow
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	58.4		A	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	41.0	•	• •
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	177.0	•	*	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.4	•	į	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.3	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	19.3	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.5	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.4	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	96.3	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.3	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	27.3		T	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	64.8		†	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	64.9	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	27.7	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	70.0	•	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	41.1	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.2	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	85.4	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	2.6	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		••
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	55.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA NA		•••
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	36.6	•	1	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	_	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	43.2	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	87.9	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	19.8	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	38.8	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	16.0	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8 2.7	•	→
$\label{thm:light} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (\%)}$	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)		•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		0.2		
$\label{thm:ligh-income} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.6		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	7.1		→	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	119.3		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	11.6	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	66.0		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.7	•	T
Access to electricity (% population)	27.2	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.1		Ţ
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	2.7	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	35.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.3	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	27.4	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	34.8	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.2	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.7		1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	15.4		7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	••
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	5.2		<i>^</i>	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	8.8	•	→
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.5		Ţ	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.5		•				

FIJI Oceania

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

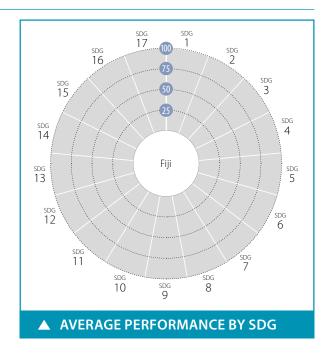
Index score Regional average score

na



SDG Global rank

na (of 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















FIJI

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value 1	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tr
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.4		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	4.6			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)		•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.5	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	30.2		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)		•	→				
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	7.0		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	7.9		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	30.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	97.0		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.8	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	22.0	•	→		147 (
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	59.0	•	4	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	2.1		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	\rightarrow	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	2.1	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	31.4	•	\rightarrow	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	3.3	•	
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	3.9		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	81.0	•	• •	- 13 1 /	6.7		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	01.0			Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0	•	
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	5.8	•	→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	12.9	_	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	69.9	•	→		-111.3	•	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	43.7	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.3	•	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	94.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4	•	
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	46.7	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.2	•	
				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.6		•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	20.8	•	
Mean years of schooling	10.5		T	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	86.5	•	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA	_	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	70.9	•	
	INA			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	51.8	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality	27.0		_	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	24.2	•	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	27.8	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA	•	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	106.9		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	7.2		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	54.1		\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in circulations sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	16.0	•	• •	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	2.2		
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	5.7		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	93.7	•	4		5.7		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	2.0		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	95.7	•	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.0	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.5	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	174.3	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.4	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	
	100.0	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)			
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	36.5	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA NA		
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	•	• •	civil authority (%)	IVA		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA	•	
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.8		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	62		A	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	0.1		
. ,	6.3	_	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	8.1		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	46.5	•	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	54.3	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	25.3	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		
Oudlity of Overall Hillastructure () = extremely underdeveloped:							

FINLAND OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

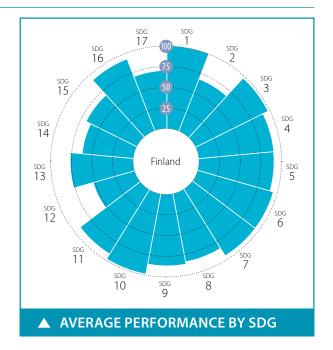
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

3 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS







































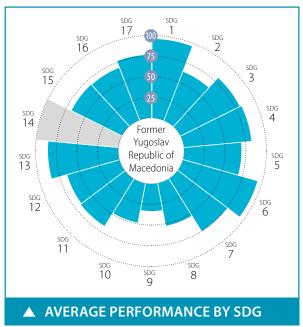
FINLAND

overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) rejected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) overty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population) 5DG2 – Zero Hunger Trevalence of undernourishment (% population) Trevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Trevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Trevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Trevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Trevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	0.1 6.3 2.5	•	→ ··· →	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	6.1	•	_
overty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population) 5DG2 – Zero Hunger revalence of undernourishment (% population) revalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (frevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	6.3 2.5 %) 2.6				0.1	_	
DG2 – Zero Hunger revalence of undernourishment (% population) revalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	2.5 %) 2.6		→		4.0		
revalence of undernourishment (% population) revalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	%) 2.6			infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.0		
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	54.8	•	• •
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)			→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.9	•	• •
	22.2		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.9	•	• •
erear vierd U/Ha)	3.6		*	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	14.3	•	7
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7		• •	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	52.6	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Gap in internet access by income (%) Women in science and engineering (%)	27.4 23.0	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	3.0	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	23.0		
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.2	•	\rightarrow	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	28.3	•	→
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.3	•	→	Palma ratio	0.9	•	4
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	4.7	•	→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	5.2	•	
flV prevalence (per 1,000) Ige-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabet	0.0		→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
nd chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	:5, 10.1	•	→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas $(\mu g/m^3)$	7.4	•	7
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	2.6	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	7
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	4.4		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	67.0 8.4	•	1
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	4.4 81.1		→		ö.4	-	-
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	6.9		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	21.4		
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	•	• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	21.4 75.9		•
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	92.0		→	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	17.6	•	•
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	85.8		→	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	21.1	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.8	_	→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	43.7	•	
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years) ap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	2.1 26.3		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	74.3	•	•
Paily smokers (% population age 15+)	17.4		→	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.5	•	0
DG4 – Quality Education				SDG13 – Climate Action			
let primary enrolment rate (%)	99.1	•	1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.7	•	7
Mean years of schooling	11.2		♠	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	1.6 0.0		•
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	
opulation age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	43.6		→	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	38.8	•	
rlSA score (0-600) 'ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	522.7	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
status (%)	10.0	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
tudents performing below level 2 in science (%)	11.5	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	57.7	•	•
esilient students (%)	42.8	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	89.9		1
DG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	69.4 96.5	•	1
nmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	9.8	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	4.5	_	
union, ages 15-49) emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	102.6		• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	79.3		4
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	103.6 88.6		→	SDG15 – Life on Land			
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	42.0		→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	73.8	•	-
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	18.1	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	73.7	•	-
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	-
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	96.9	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	12.5	•	•
other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.5	_	
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	91.6		\rightarrow	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	1.0		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	1.6 57.0	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	10.5	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	88.0	•	4
	3.3	_		Government Efficiency (1-7)	5.4	•	-
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100.0			Property Rights (1-7)	6.5	•	-
ccess to electricity (% population) ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0		→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	•
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.6		→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	85.0	•	-
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	43.2		→	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.0	•	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
djusted Growth (%)	-2.0	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
avery score (0-100)	100.0		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.8	•	1
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	99.8	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	0.4	•	4
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	70.0	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	h./ A		
mployment-to-Population ratio (%) outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	13.2		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA 0.0	•	•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	13.2		•	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	0.0 52.7	•	
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	87.7	•	→		J		
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	152.3		†				

FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA (FYROM)

Eastern Europe and Central Asia









FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA (FYROM)

	ng Trend		Value	Rating	
•	-				j Irend
		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.6	•	• •
		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	0.0	•	••
•	• •	, ,	0.3		
•	1			•	• •
	•		0.1		
	•		45.7		
	•		75.7		
•	• •		40 E		_
		of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu q/m^3$)	40.3		7
	→	4.5	98.3	•	→
_	→		50.0	•	1
	•				
	•		1.1		• •
	•				• •
•	^		1.2	•	• •
			NA	•	• •
•	• •		-10.9	•	• •
		- ·	17.8	•	• •
•	→		NA		• •
•	→				
•	→		3.6	•	1
•	• •				•
•	4		0.0	•	• •
	→	-			• •
•	1				
			NΔ		
•	1				••
•	7				• •
•	• •	, ,		•	• •
		· · · ·	NA	•	• •
•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)		•	• •
•	• •		24.4		
•	\rightarrow			•	→
•	\rightarrow			•	→
				•	7
•	• •	-		_	• •
•	• •		INA		
	• •		1.0		
•	\rightarrow				• •
•	• •				7
•	• •		72.0		
		Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.7	•	4
•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.0	•	*
•	\rightarrow		99.7	•	• •
•	7	civil authority (%)			
		Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	35.0	•	1
•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	12.5	•	• •
•	_	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
•	4				
		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
•	7	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		• •
		High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		• •
-	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
•		Other squatries Tay ray and (0/ CDD)	1//		
•	†	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	16.6		•
		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2-5) in urban areas (µg/m²) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO2 emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported SO2 emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) Net imported CO2 emissions per capita (tCO2/capita) Imported CO2 emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO2/capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index CO2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Coean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Coean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater site	universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Processor of the development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) SDG11 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO2 emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO2 emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO2 emissions (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) Na SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO2 emissions per capita (tCO2/capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index O2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) NA SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100) NA Cean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100) NA SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Coean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100) Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats threats per million population) NA SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Criffer 5 – 14 years old involved in child labour (%) 125. Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 USS million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Gov	universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) SDG11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m²) Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%) SDG12 - Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO2 emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO2 emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO2 emissions (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive introgen (kg/capita) Na SDG13 - Climate Action Energy-related CO2 emissions per capita (tCO2/capita) Imported CO2 emissions, rechnology-adjusted (tCO2/capita) Climate Change Wulnerability Index OC2 emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Na SDG14 - Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Na SDG15 - Life on Land Mean area that is protected in restrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Na SDG15 - Life on Land Mean area that is protected in trestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Na SDG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7) Property Rights (1-7) Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%) Cruption Perception Index (0-100) Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%) Crimpton Perception Index (0-100) SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government H

FRANCE OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

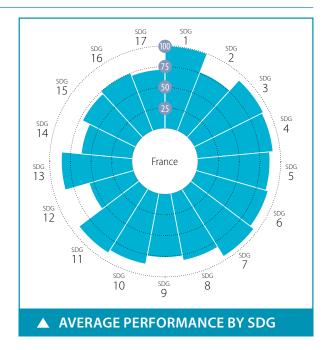
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

5 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



































FRANCE

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratir	ng Trei
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.1	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	6.1	•	_
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1	_	• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			7
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	8.1	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.0	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	60.9	•	• •
Prevalence of anaemours inner (%) population; Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			→	universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.1		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		→		1.1	•	
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	21.6		1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP) Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	10.1		-
Cereal yield (t/ha)	5.7	•	→	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	39.7	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.4	•	• •	Gap in internet access by income (%)	NA		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	29.2	•	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	8.0		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.4		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	32.6	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.9		→	Palma ratio	1.1	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	7.7		→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	3.1	•	•
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes,			→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	10.5		7	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	12.4	•	7
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	8.1	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0		-
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Satisfaction with public transport (%)	68.0		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	5.1		→	Rent overburden rate (%)	12.4		0
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	82.4 8.8		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.3		••	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	22.1	•	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90.0		1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	66.4	•	
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)			$\dot{\uparrow}$	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.2	•	•
subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.6	•	→	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	13.8 48.1		
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	4.0	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	122.4	•	
Sap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	13.1		• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.5	•	
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	22.4	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.6	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.7	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.1	•	
Mean years of schooling			1	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	155.9	•	
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%) PISA score (0-600)	34.6 495.7		→	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	11.8	•	
/ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic		_		from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
status (%)	20.3	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	22.1		4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	79.7	•	•
Resilient students (%)	26.6		• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	92.4		•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	49.2 54.1		
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	4.8	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	19.6		
union, ages 15-49)	07.5			Fish caught by trawling (%)	27.8		
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	97.5 84.1		•• →	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%) feats held by women in national parliaments (%)	39.0		→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	81.6	•	
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	9.9		• •	Mean area that is protected in errestnarsites important to biodiversity (%)	77.9	•	
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	7.7			Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	,
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	03.5	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	5.5	•	
nign-income countries: population using safety managed water services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	93.3 NA		7	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	11.3	•	•
In principles: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	92.1		→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ngrancome countries, population using salely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		••	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.6	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources			• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	103.5	•	-
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.9	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	73.0		•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.8	•	
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7) Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	5.5	•	
access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0		→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	100.0 70.0		•
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.5	•	→	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	13.5		1	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	2.6	•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
djusted Growth (%)	-1.4	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
lavery score (0-100)	100.0	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	17.1	•	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	94.0	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	0.4	•	
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	610		_	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
mployment-to-Population ratio (%)	64.8 17.2		→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
/outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	17.2			Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		(
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	51.7		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	85.6		1				

GABON

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

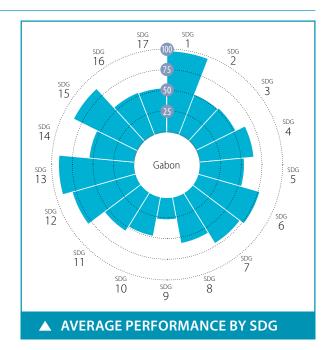
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

100 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

GABON

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating 1	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	2.6	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.0	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	7.0	_	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.6	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	3.4 15.0		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.6		Ψ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	46.3	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	1.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	39.9	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	291.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	94.5		-
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	21.8	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	26.0	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	47.4		↑		20.0	_	
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	485.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	1.5		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7.6		••
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	16.3	•	Ψ	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	69.8	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	9.8	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	22.7	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-13.7	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	66.0	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	98.5		7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.8	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	89.3		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.6	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	64.0		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	50.5		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.8	•	T	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	98.6	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	83.3	•	4
Mean years of schooling	8.1	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	65.3	•	1
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	88.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	49.5	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	47.2	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	41.9		→	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	39.6	•	+
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	81.1	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	61.2		_
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	72.2	•	1	Mean area that is protected in renestian sites important to biodiversity (%)	93.6		7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	17.1	•	Ψ	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0		4
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	1.4		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	3.0		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	87.5		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	9.0	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	40.9		→	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	195.5	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.1 2.4		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	25.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.5	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	89.5	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.9		• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	73.2 1.6	•	↑	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	89.6	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			•	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	32.0		,L
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.0		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	13.4		•
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	58.6		↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	19.6	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	6 1		
	10.0			. 3.	6.1		• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	48.1	•	↑	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			• •
	83.4		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	05.1		•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	_	

GAMBIA

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

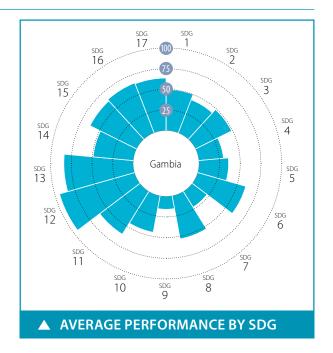
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

133 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



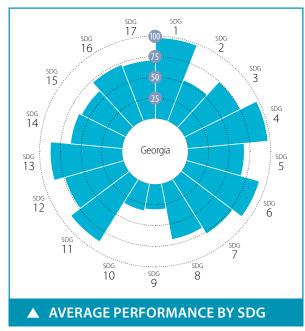
GAMBIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating Tre	end		Value	Ratin	g Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	39.5 29.9	•		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)		• • •	•	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		• 1	•	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	11.1	• 1		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.8	• 7		Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	47.3	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
	0.9	• ••	•	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	60.9		T
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	00.5		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	706.0	• →	•	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	89.1	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	27.5	• 7		Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	0 (
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	65.3	• 7		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	174.0	• →		Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.6	• 1		E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.2		0.0
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.4	• →	•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	165.8	• ••	•	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	13.6		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	30.4	• ->	•	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	61.1	• 7	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	81.9	• 7	1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3		_
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	57.2	• •	•	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3		
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95.0	• →	•	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2		
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	50.9	• ->	•	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.2		•
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	•	· ·	0.0		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	77.6	• 7	7	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	41.5	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	3.3	• -	•	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	88.4		4
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	60.8	• •	•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	50.3		→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	34.7 NA		7
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	68.7	• →	•	Fish caught by trawling (%)	1.4	•	→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	61.9	• ••	•	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	75.6	• ->	•	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	34.6	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	10.3	• -	•	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	7
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		•	Annual change in forest area (%)	13.7	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	80.1	• →		Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.6	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		•		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	41.7	• 1		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	9.1	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1.5	•	•	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	58.1	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	26.6	• •	•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		• (
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.3	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	47.2	• →		Property Rights (1-7)	4.3	•	4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	4.0 NA	• -	•	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	72.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	30.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-6.3	• • •	•	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	19.2	•	0 (
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	• • •	•	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0 (
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	• ••	•	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	9.4	• 4		Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.3	•	J
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	•	0 (
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	18.5	• →		finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	N.I.A.		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	21.2	• 7		Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.1	• ↓	•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		

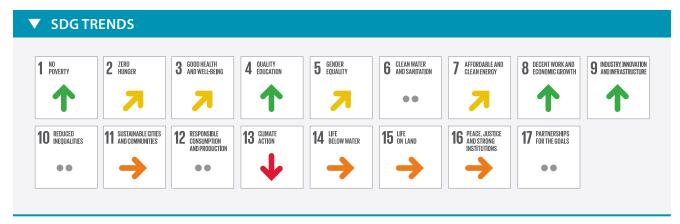
GEORGIA

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 69.5 70.7 **SDG Global rank** 47 (OF 156)







GEORGIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	2.4	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	12.4	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.0	•	7	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.6	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	21.7	•	4	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.5	•	1	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	51.4	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	20.5	_	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	20.5	•	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	36.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	97.0	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	7.1 10.7	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	73.0	•	+
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	92.0	•	7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	22.2	•	4	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.6	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	18.2		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	176.6		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.6		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	170.0			Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	4.5 14.1	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	11.6	•	↑	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	35.5		••
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.4	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action	55.5		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	47.1	•	→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.4	•	T
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.8	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	92.0		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	59.6 4.5	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	119.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.5	•	7	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	99.6		•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	12.2		→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.9	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.7	•	•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	54.8		+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	53.7		+
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	23.3	•	↑	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA 6.4		↑
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	100.8	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	73.4	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	29.3	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	16.0	•	7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	27.3	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.3		••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)			• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	4.0		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA 84.9	•	T	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.7	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	4.6		••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	257.1	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.3	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	78.0	•	+
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100.5			Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.8	•	4
Access to electricity (% population) Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0 55.0	•	7	Property Rights (1-7)	4.3	•	1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.8	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	99.6	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	56.0	•	\rightarrow
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	0.6	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	4.2		• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.2		• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	61.2		7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	11.5	•	T	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.6		• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	58.0	•	↑	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	64.0	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	23.5		Ψ
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	3.9	•	1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		

GERMANY OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

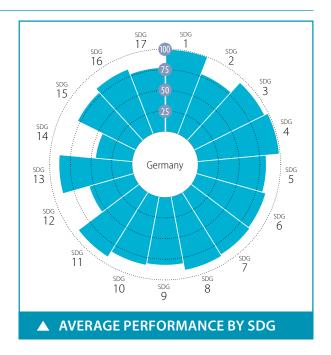
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

4 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS























10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES















GERMANY

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	ng Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.1	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.7	•	4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	4.4		
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	9.5		7	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)		Ĭ	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	74.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.3	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.0	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.9	•	0.0
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	22.3 7.2		↓	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	9.2	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index			••	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	54.3	•	7
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.5			Gap in internet access by income (%)	28.4	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	6.0	•	→	Women in science and engineering (%)	24.7	•	•
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.3	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	22.4		1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.8	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) Palma ratio	33.4	•	
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	8.1	•	→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	9.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	7.5		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	12.0	•	→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	14.0	•	4
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	13.2	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	-
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Satisfaction with public transport (%)	72.0	•	•
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	4.2 81.0	•	→	Rent overburden rate (%)	5.1		•
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	6.8		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.5	•	•	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	21.6	•	•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95.0	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	96.8 7.0		•
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	79.6	•	1	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	17.5	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.1	•	→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	42.3	•	•
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.6	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	205.4	•	•
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	27.5 20.9	•	• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.1	•	•
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	20.9			SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education	00.7			Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.9	•	-
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	98.7 13.2		T →	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.5	•	•
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	•
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	28.3		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	775.7 25.4		•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	508.0	•	• •	from biomass (ϵ /tCO ₂)	23.4	•	•
/ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	15.8		• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%) Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	17.0		T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	86.4	•	
Resilient students (%)	33.5		• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.8	•	-
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	50.8	•	4
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	12.2	•	4	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	40.9		-
union, ages 15-49)				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	57.3		
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	94.9	•	• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	80.6	•	-
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	83.2		→	SDG15 – Life on Land	70.7		
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	37.0 15.5		↑ →	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	78.7 81.4	•	=
5DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	13.3		7	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	
	00.2			Annual change in forest area (%)	4.5	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	99.2	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	11.1	•	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA 95.5		•• →	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ongraincome countries: population using salely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	95.5 NA		••	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.9	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	41.5		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	78.1	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	6.7	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	69.0		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	5.2	•	
access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7) Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	5.6	•	-
	100.0	•	→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	100.0	•	_
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2		7	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	•
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	14.2		1	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	2.0	•	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%)	-0.5	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
	100.0	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.2	•	-
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	99.1	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.7	•	•
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	75.3	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
			†		0.0	•	
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	9.6			Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%) 5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	9.6		•	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	59.1	•	

209

GHANA

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

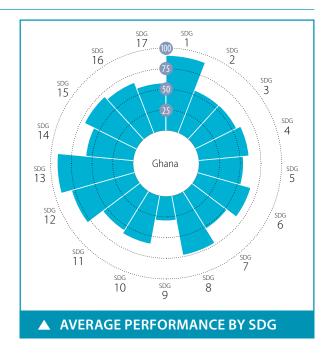
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

101 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



































GHANA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	10.0	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.5	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.6 18.7	•	•••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.7		1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.4	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	10.9	•	į.	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.8	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	42.2	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	319.0		_	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	23.0	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	26.9	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	42.2	•	+
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	58.8	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	50.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	156.0	•	7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.6	•	7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	21.3	•	4	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.4	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	1.4	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	161.0		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.0	_	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	101.0			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		••
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	26.1	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	62.4	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	67.6		→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	70.8		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	89.0		*	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	52.8 5.5	•	J	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	512.4	•	• •
	5.5		•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	84.6		•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	6.9	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.1	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	85.7	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	40.0	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	57.6 39.0		+
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	47.8	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	7.8		1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	73.4	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	05.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	94.4	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.0	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	12.7	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	NA 0.9		••
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	11.8		••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.4		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA 143	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.7	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	14.3 2.8	•	→	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	54.5	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.3	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	66.0	•	→
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.8	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	78.3	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	4.2	•	†
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	20.8	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	70.5	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	40.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	21.8	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	57.7	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.4	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.7	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	3/17	•	^	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	34.7 69.6		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.7	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.7	•	1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	3.,		•				

GREECE OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

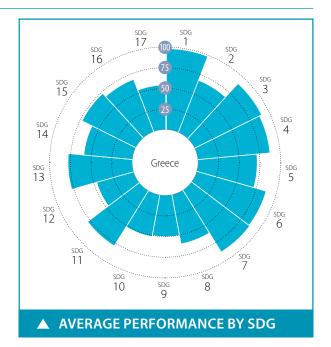
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

48 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS





































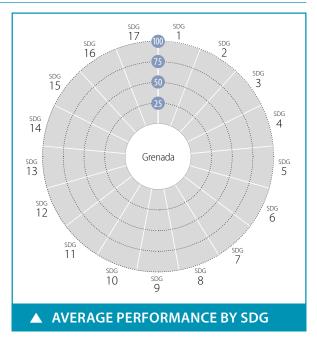
GREECE

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value F	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	1.4	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.3	•	1
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)		•	• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			•
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	14.9	•	4	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.3	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	••	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	35.6	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.5	•	→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.0	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.8	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.0	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		•	↓	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	7.1	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	4.1 0.7	•	7	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	2.7	•	7
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.7			Gap in internet access by income (%)	52.1	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	3.0	•	→	Women in science and engineering (%)	NA		• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.3		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.8	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) Palma ratio	44.9 1.3		¥
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	4.4	•	→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	7.7		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	7.7		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	12.3	•	→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µa/m³)	13.5	•	7
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	18.7	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	7
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Satisfaction with public transport (%)	48.0		4
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	8.1 81.0	•	1	Rent overburden rate (%)	25.6	•	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	7.5		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA		• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	15.1	•	•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97.0	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	81.1 45.3		•
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	78.7	•	1	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	16.8	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.1	•	4	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	56.9	•	
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.6	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	215.0	•	
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)		•	1	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.7	•	0
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	27.3			SDG13 – Climate Action			
5DG4 – Quality Education	02.6		1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	6.2	•	1
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	93.6 10.5		7	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.5	•	•
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.7		• •	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.1	•	•
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	30.2	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	30.1 22.6		•
PISA score (0-600)	458.7	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)	22.0		
/ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	12.5	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%) Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	32.7	•	T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	71.8	•	
Resilient students (%)		•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.4	•	-
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	59.5	•	
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	12.0	•	→	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	52.9		1
union, ages 15-49)				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	48.6 21.8		7
2.1.1	95.4		••	SDG15 – Life on Land	21.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	75.1 18.3		↑	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	72.6	•	-
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)		•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	86.1	•	_
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	_
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	98.9	•	4	Annual change in forest area (%)	4.3	•	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	7.6	•	0
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	75.2		→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.9	•	0
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	12.7	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	88.7		•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	8.0	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7)	56.0 2.4	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Property Rights (1-7)	4.0	•	1
	100.0	•	→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	•
3, 3, 1, 1	100.0	•	→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	48.0		1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	1.3 17.2	•	1	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	•
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	17.2		•	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		•
Adjusted Growth (%)	-3.5	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
lavery score (0-100)	-3.3		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.3	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution		•	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			J
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)				finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		Ī	
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	53.5	•	+	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	•
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	23.5	•	4	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	•
CDCO Indicator los of the U.S. Contract				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	57.9		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	69.1			Tindificial Secreey Secre (Sest o 100 Worst)			

GRENADA

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.0 na







SDG Global rank

na (of 156)





































▼ SDG TRENDS



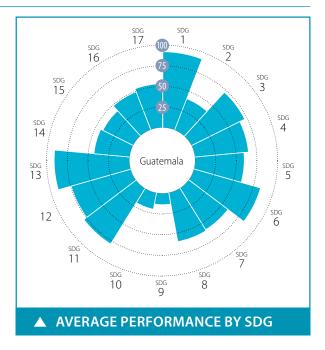
GRENADA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value				Value		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	3.5 1.9	•	1	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	25.5			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	25.5	•	••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	•	T	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	NA 21.3	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.0		Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
5 5	11/7			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	15.1	•	T
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	27.0	•	_	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)			•
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.3		7 →	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA	•	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	16.0		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		• •
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	6.4		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	2.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	25.3	•	Ţ	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	10.0	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	25.5		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	25.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	6.6	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	73.6	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	30.4		1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.3	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.0		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95.0	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	55.0	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	52.2	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	95.2	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	81.4	•	1
Mean years of schooling	8.6	•	\rightarrow	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	68.9	•	†
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	35.8	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	16.1	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	40.7		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	42.7	•	T
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	33.3	•	1	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	NA	•	• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8 5.3		7
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	95.6	•	\rightarrow		INA		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	7 -		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	88.3	•	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	7.5		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	7.1	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	469.9 NA		
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	12.3	•	• •	they live (%)	INA		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	90.8	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)	F2.0		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.4		_	Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5 14 years ald involved in shild labour (04)	52.0		• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.4	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0		
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years 1) with an assount at a hank or other financial institution or	NA		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	55.9	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	32.8	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	19.4	•	4
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA	•	• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

GUATEMALA

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 58.2 66.0







SDG Global rank

117 (OF 156)







































▼ SDG TRENDS



















1 NO POVERTY



2 ZERO HUNGER









6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION





GUATEMALA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value 1	Rating	j Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	8.0 4.5			Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	0 (
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	15.6			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• (
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	15.6		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	0 (
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	0 (
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	21.2		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	55.8	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.2		1	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	34.8		د
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	34.0		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)			T	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	90.5	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)			↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	72.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	28.5		1				•
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	24.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	2.0		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→		3.5	_	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	15.5	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	8.0		
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	5.2		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	67.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.2		•
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	07.5			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	8.0		
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	19.9	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-84.7		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	71.9	•	→		-04.7		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	72.5	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action			٠.
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	65.5	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.2	•	=
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	80.0	•	4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	•
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	54.8	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	•
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.3	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	87.8	•	
DG4 – Quality Education			•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
let primary enrolment rate (%)	84.6		.l.	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	13.0	•	
Nean years of schooling	6.3		7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.0	•	-
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	94.4		•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	33.2	•	1
	J			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	34.9	•	1
FDG5 – Gender Equality Jumet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	19.2		•	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	18.1		•
union, ages 15-49)	19.2		Т	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	30.9	•	1
female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	100.0	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	30.8		_
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	47.8	•	4	Mean area that is protected in creshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	49.6		4
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	12.7	•	→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7		.1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	16.1		•
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.0		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		2.0		
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	212		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	67.4	•	\rightarrow	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	31.2	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	3.8	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	115.0 52.0	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	6.4	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	52.0		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.0		,
access to electricity (% population)	85.5		7	Property Rights (1-7)	3.9		1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	36.1	•	4	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	96.4		1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.4	•	į.	civil authority (%)	JU. T		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			·	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	28.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	25.8	•	
ilayery score (0-100)	50.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	44.1	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.7	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.1	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	•	
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	34.5	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	13.9	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	10.4	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.4	•	j.	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			*				

GUINEA Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

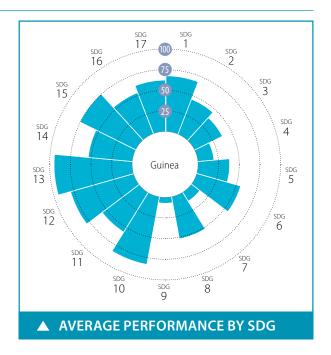
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

131 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS



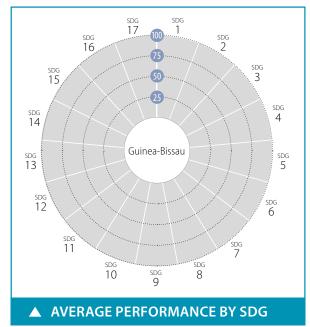
GUINEA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value F	Rating	j Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	31.3 14.3		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.0	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	17.5			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	17.5		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	5.6		7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	7.7		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	33.7		• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.2		1	i	55.7		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	22.6	•	.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μ g/m ³)	22.0		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	679.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	65.5	•	T
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	25.1		1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	36.0	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	89.0		7		30.0		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	176.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NIA		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.6	•	1	- ' '	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	20.3		4	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.8	•	••
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	1.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	167.6		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	107.0			Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	28.1		→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	20.0	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	59.0		4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-85.0	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	137.4		<u>.</u>	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	45.3		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	54.0		1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	40.0		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.9		.1.	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
	7.2		•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	77.0			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	89.1	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	77.9	•	T	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	82.0	•	\rightarrow
Mean years of 15 24 year olds both saves (0)	2.6		7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	49.7	•	1
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	46.3	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	19.9	•	\rightarrow
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	3.5	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	75.7	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	17.4	•	7
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	38.5		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	67.2		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	96.3		→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	67.2		7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	21.9		• •	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	100.0		7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)			→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	11.1	_	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	67.4	•	7	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.4		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	22.0	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	8.5	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.3	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	25.3	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	18.0		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	54.0	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				they live (%)	2.0		
Access to electricity (% population)	27.6	•	→	Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.9	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	5.6		÷	Property Rights (1-7)	4.4	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	57.9	•	•••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	27.0		4
	-4.2		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	28.3		
Adjusted GDP Growth (%) Slavery score (0-100)	50.0		••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	23.5		→	US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	4.5		_	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	0.5		
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.5	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	8.9	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	9.8	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	15.3		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;		•	• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)		-					

GUINEA-BISSAU

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 52.8 na



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD



SDG Global rank

na (of 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















GUINEA-BISSAU

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating 1	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	58.2 41.4		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	1.9	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	71.7			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	28.3	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.0		↑ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	9.5 1.4		T	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	53.1	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	33.0	•	4
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	549.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	35.6	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	38.2		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	88.1		₩	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	374.0 1.2		*	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	18.8		ጥ ተ	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.5	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	10.0		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	191.9	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	26.8	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	58.9		7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	87.2		7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	45.0		••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	81.0 38.9		T .	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		••	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
	INA			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	70.0			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	61.0	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	70.9		_	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	79.4	•	4
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	60.4		•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	58.0	•	7
, ,	00.1			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	23.6	•	\rightarrow
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	56.3		_	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	54.6	•	• •
union, ages 15-49)			7	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	1.2	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	52.6	•	→
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	84.0	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	13.7	•	→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		-		Annual change in forest area (%)	10.4	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)		•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	69.2		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA 21.5		•• →	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	NA	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.7		••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	5.2	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	22.6		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	17.2	•	7	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	3.0 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	23.7	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	17.0	•	+
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-6.5	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	51.1	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	6.1	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	8.3	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	3.8	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	6.9	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA	•	• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	NA	•	••	lax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	

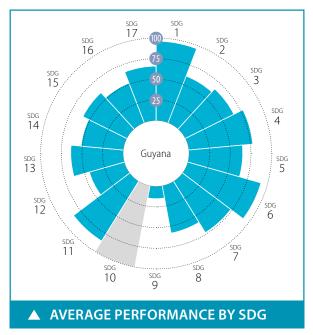
GUYANA

SDG Global rank

104 (OF 156)

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 61.9 66.0







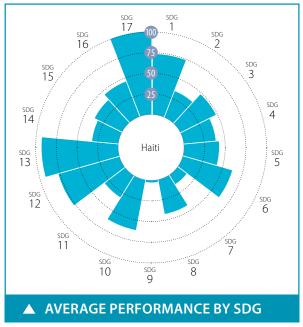
GUYANA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	5.6 1.2	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger		Ĭ		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	8.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	6.4	•	7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.5	•	₩	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	17.4	•	4
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	229.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	86.3	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	20.0	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	72.0		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	32.4		1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	93.0		7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	5.3		• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	1.0	•	★	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	6.1		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	27.8	•	•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	62.6	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-3.0	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	15.3	•	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	66.2		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	86.7	•	→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.6	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	85.7	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97.0	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.4	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	51.3	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.0	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	04.5			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	91.5		• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	95.3	•	→
Mean years of schooling Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	96.7	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	75.4	•	\rightarrow
	90.7	•	••	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	25.5	•	\rightarrow
SDG5 – Gender Equality	40.0			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	35.1	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	40.2	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	54.8	•	\
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	100.0	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	54.6		7	Mean area that is protected in fershwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		••
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	31.9	•	\rightarrow	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)			• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	140.2	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	95.1		1	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	19.4	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	86.2		7	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	260.5	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.9 4.4	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	47.0	•	••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.4	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	86.9	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	61.1 NA	•	7	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	88.7	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	38.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.1	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	18.3	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	11.8	•	4	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.8		
	. 1.0		~	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
			_	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	INM		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	35.7	•	7	- '			
•	35.7 0.2	•	<i>^</i> ⁄	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA 0.0	•	• •

HAITI

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 49.2 66.0



145 (OF 156)

▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD



SDG Global rank





























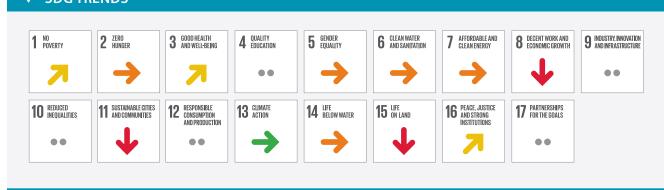








▼ SDG TRENDS



HAITI

Performance by Indicator

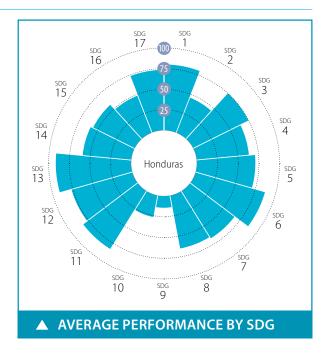
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	iting Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	21.8 15.5		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	1.5	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)		• • •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		9	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		• 1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.0	• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	40.9	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index		• ••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	2500		Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	25.8	•	\
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	359.0 24.6	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	25.0	•	+
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		• T	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	21.0	•	→
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		• T	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)		• 1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.0	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,			E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.6	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	21.5	•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	188.9	• • •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	150		Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	9.0	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)		• → • ↑	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-18.7	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	63.5	•	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		• 7 • ••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		J	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)		• →	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	3.8	. j	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education		- •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA (• ••	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	5.2	• →	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	83.7	•	\rightarrow
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	72.3	• • •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	43.4	•	+
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	39.8	•	→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	43.4	7	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	12.0 NA		••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	59.1	• • •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	87.9	• →	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	5.4	•	\rightarrow
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	2.5	• ↓	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	• ••	Annual change in forest area (%)	6.3	_	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	64.2	• →	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.3	•	
$\label{thm:light} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA (• ••	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	100		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	30.5	• →	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	10.0	•	••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	15.6	• ••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	47.0		7
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	6.1	• • •	they live (%)	17.10		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.5	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	37.9	• →	Property Rights (1-7)	2.5	•	7
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	8.6 3.3	• → • ↑	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	79.7	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	22.0	•	+
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-5.5	• • •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	24.4	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	• • •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	32.6	• +	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	14.0	• ↓	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12.2	• →	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)						
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	10.2	• →	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •

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HONDURAS

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 63.6 66.0







SDG Global rank

96 (OF 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















HONDURAS

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value F	Rating Tr	end		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	16.8 10.9		7	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.0	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)		_	•	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	22.7 1.4	• -	→ →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 3 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	21.4		L	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.7	,	>	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	53.5	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1	•		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	120.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	37.6	•	→
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	129.0 10.4		r A	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	96.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)			r →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	77.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)			>	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		>	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	13.9		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.8	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	1.8	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.6	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	92.4	•	•	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	16.5	• -	_	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	11.4	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.6		>	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-76.1	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)			7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)			•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.1	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	88.0	•	L	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	55.1	• -	· •	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.0	•	Ĺ	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0		• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	82.7	• •	L	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	63.8	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	6.2	• ;	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	92.1	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	96.1	•	•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	59.8	•	+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	37.2 21.7	•	+
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	12.8	• -	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	18.3	_	\
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	101.6	•	•	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	59.3	•	↑	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	65.0	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	25.8	•	†	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.7 10.6	•	•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	•	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)		•	••
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	92.2	•	†		2.0		
$\label{thm:light} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA	•	•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	63.8		0.0
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	79.8	•	1	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	200.1		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.5 6.3		•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	58.0	•	→
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.9		4
Access to electricity (% population)	88.7	•	†	Property Rights (1-7)	3.8		4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	48.1 1.1	• -	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	93.6	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	29.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.5	•		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	14.1	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	Ĭ	•	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	45.3	• *	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.5	•	L	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	15.0		
			*	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	30.0		7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	23.3		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	17.5		7
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	3.6	• -	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		

HUNGARY OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

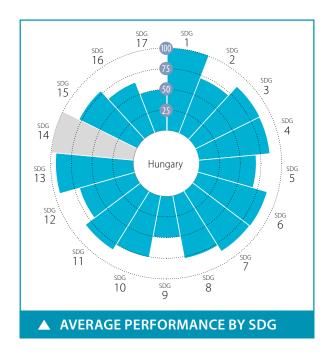
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

26 (OF 156)





▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS















































HUNGARY

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.6	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.5		4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.5		••	7= extensive and efficient by international standards) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.5		0.0
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	10.1	•	4	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	٥.٥		
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	29.9	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5 2.6	•	•• →	universities (0-100)			
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	•	→ →	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.6	_	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	26.4	•	1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP) Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	1.4 5.8	•	··
Cereal yield (t/ha)	5.1		→	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	3.4	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.5	•	• •	Gap in internet access by income (%)	63.6	•	• •
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	29.2	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	17.0	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.8 5.2		→ →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	36.2	•	¥
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	8.8	•	1	Palma ratio	1.0	•	1
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	8.6	_	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	22.9	•	7	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	23.1	•	.1.
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	23.1		•
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	66.3	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	→
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Satisfaction with public transport (%)	64.0	•	1
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	7.5 75.8	•	↑	Rent overburden rate (%)	10.2		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	19.8		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	4.5.		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.2		• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	12.6	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	54.6 8.6		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	70.3		7	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.4	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	6.1 2.8	•	↑	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	26.2	•	• •
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	20.0		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-103.3	•	• •
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	25.8	•	\rightarrow	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.4	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG13 – Climate Action			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	91.4	•	4	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.3 -0.3	•	T
Mean years of schooling	12.0	•	1	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	139.3	•	• •
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%) PISA score (0-600)	23.7 474.7	•	1	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	5.9	•	• •
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic				from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
status (%)	21.4		• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water	NIA		
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	26.0	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA NA	•	• •
Resilient students (%)	19.3	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA	•	• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	10.3			Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
union, ages 15-49)	10.5		7	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	99.2	•	• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		• •
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	74.6		→	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	10.1		→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	81.8	•	→
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	9.4	•	4	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	84.9 0.9		→ →
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	8.0	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	81.5	•	1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	3.4	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA 75.6		1	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.5	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	8.2		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	180.9	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	3.2		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	64.0		+
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7) Property Rights (1-7)	2.8 3.5	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	••
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	45.0	•	1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	1.5 15.6	•	+	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	13.0	_		Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.4	•	• •
Adjusted Growth (%)	-1.0	•	• •	(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	••	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.1	_	J.
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	74.9	•	4	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.1	•	4
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	(0.3			public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Employment-to-Population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	68.2 15.2		T	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%) SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	13.2			Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst) Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	0.0 54.7	•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	79.3	•	1	i maricial secrecy score (best 0-100 Worst)	J4./		J •
r roportion of the population using the internet (%)	79.5 45.1		†				

ICELAND OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

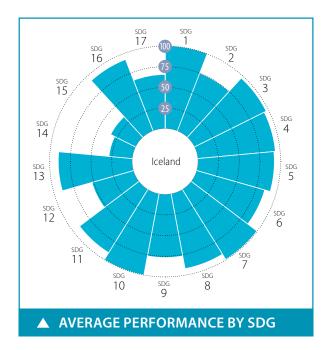
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

10 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





































ICELAND

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.2	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.6	•	_
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.2	_	• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			7
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	6.5		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.0	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	43.7	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		_	→	universities (0-100)	2.0		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.0	•	•
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	21.9		1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP) Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	11.6	•	-
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		• •	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	5.8	•	j
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.6		• •	Gap in internet access by income (%)	10.7	•	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	NA		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	3.0		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.0		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	27.8	•	-
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.1		→	Palma ratio	0.8	•	-
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	2.1		→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	5.4	•	•
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes,			→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	0.5		7	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	7.8	•	4
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	3.7	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	7
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	2.5			Satisfaction with public transport (%)	64.0	•	•
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	3.6 82.7		→	Rent overburden rate (%)	19.5	•	•
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	7.3		→ ·	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA	•	• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	26.0	•	•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91.0	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	60.1		•
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	85.7	•	\rightarrow	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA NA		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.5	•	• •	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	38.2		
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.2	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	79.1	•	
Sap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	15.1		• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.2	•	
aily smokers (% population age 15+)	10.2	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
5DG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	6.1	•	_
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.6		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	•
Mean years of schooling .iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	12.2 NA		↑	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.1	•	•
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	40.5	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	•
PISA score (0-600)	481.0		• •	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	18.1	•	•
/ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	4.9	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂) SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%)		_			140		
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	25.3		+	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	14.0 75.5	•	J
Resilient students (%)	17.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	79.4	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality		_		Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	39.7	•	
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	NA		• •	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	58.0	•	•
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	96.8	•	• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	70.3	•	-
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	89.1	•	→	SDG15 – Life on Land			
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	47.6	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	18.0	•	-
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	9.9	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.9	•	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	•
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	98.3	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	NA	•	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	20.5		
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	68.9		\rightarrow	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.9	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	2.6	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	46.7 84.0		•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	9.4	•	• •	Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.8	•	,
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Property Rights (1-7)	5.8	•	_
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0		→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0		→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	77.0	•	-
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	0.1 77.0		→	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	•
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	77.0			Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.0	•	۰
	1.8	•	• •	(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%) Slavery score (0-100)	1.8		• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	166		
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	NA		••	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	16.6	•	•
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)				finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.5		•
mployment-to-Population ratio (%)	86.1	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	5.3	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	•
				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	59.9	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Tiliancial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 Worst)	55.5		

INDIA East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

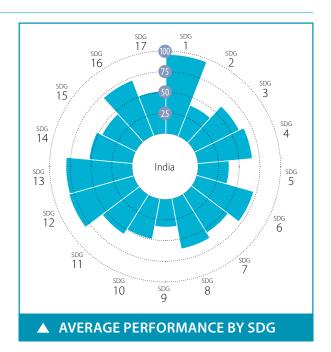
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

112 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS





































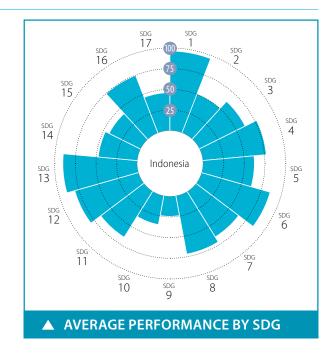
INDIA

CDC4 F ID	Value	D-41	Town		Value	D	. Td
SDG1 – End Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)		Rating	1 relia	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	Value 3.3	nauiiy	, ireila
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1			infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)			
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	40.2	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	14.5		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	38.7 15.1		7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.6	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	3.9		^	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.0		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	45.6	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	1740			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	74.3	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	174.0 25.4		T	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	68.7	•	4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	43.0		1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	74.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	211.0		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.3	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.4	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	2.2	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	206.0		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.2 -0.4	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	200.0			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	12.9		••
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	21.2	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-8.7	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	68.3	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	24.5		1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.7	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	81.4		••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	88.0 50.7		T	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.0		J.	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2.1	•	• •
	7.0		•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	92.3		• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	31.0	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	6.3	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	91.3	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	86.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	29.3 56.8	•	4
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	12.4		•••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	18.4	•	1	Fish caught by trawling (%)	10.2		7
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	58.5	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	26.5		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	34.5	•	4	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	26.5 15.2	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	11.8	•	→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7		7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	3.5		• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)			• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	87.6		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA 44.2		7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.2	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	44.5		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	32.0	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.2		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	73.0	•	+
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.4	•	+
Access to electricity (% population)	79.2		T	Property Rights (1-7)	4.4	•	4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	34.2 1.6		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	71.9	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	40.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	0.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	11.8	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0		••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	79.9	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	3.5	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	8.4	•	→
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	29.5	•	7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	16.4		<i>^</i> ⁄	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	11.0	•	4
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.6		4	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •

INDONESIA

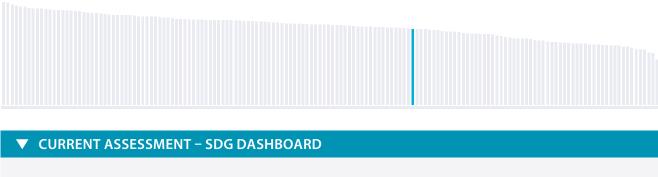
East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 62.8 64.1

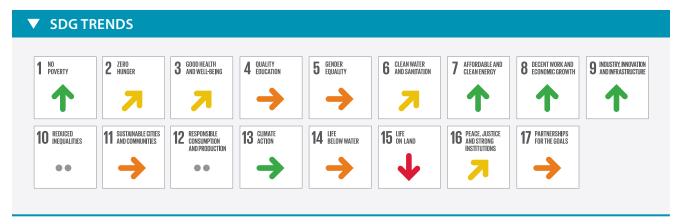


SDG Global rank

99 (OF 156)







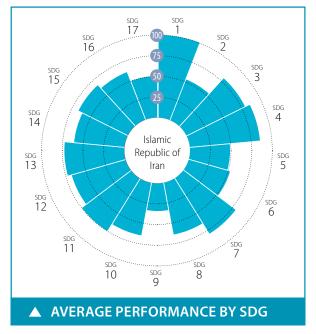
INDONESIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	ating Tr	rend		Value F	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	5.3 0.0		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.6	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	7.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)			• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	36.4		7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	13.5		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	6.9		→ →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	50.7	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	5.4		•		30.7		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	15.4		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	15.4	•	*
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	126.0	•	1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	25.3		J.
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	13.7	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	73.0		4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	26.4	•	1		75.0		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	391.0	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	26.6	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	3.0	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	127.4			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	4.5	•	• •
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	137.4		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.1	•	0 (
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	15.5	•	7	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	14.6	•	0 (
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	69.1		^ →	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	7.2	•	0 0
			7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	48.0		7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.8	•	7
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	87.4	_	.1.	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	76.0	•	*	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	51.1		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	3715.2	•	0
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.1		Ψ.	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
DG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	30.3	•	
et primary enrolment rate (%)	90.9	•	Ψ.	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	81.9	•	7
Mean years of schooling	7.9	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	57.6		→
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.7	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	58.9		4
DG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	21.7	•	•
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	16.4	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	36.9		1
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	87.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	62.0	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	23.5	•	7
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	19.8	•	Ţ	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	39.3	•	7
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	1
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•		Annual change in forest area (%)	14.3	•	0 0
ther countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)			1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.3	•	0 0
igh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	67.9		7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.5	•	0 (
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	9.2		•	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	67.4	•	
nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.5		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	82.0	•	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.1	•	7
ccess to electricity (% population)	97.0	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	4.6	•	4
.ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	56.6 2.0	•	ተ ተ	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	72.5	•	• •
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	37.0	•	7
djusted GDP Growth (%)	0.0	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	6.9		•
lavery score (0-100)	80.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	48.9		1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
nemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.3	•	1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	6.1	_	
	т. Ј			. 3.	6.1		7
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	25.1			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		•
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	25.4	•	7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	10.3		J
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	33.9	•	T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)			•
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.1		T	TAN FRANCIT SCORE (DEST O-2) WOLST)	0.0		

IRAN, ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF

East and South Asia









82 (OF 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS

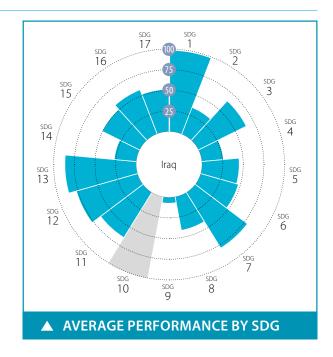


IRAN, ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.7	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	32.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	5.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.5	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.1	•	Ţ	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	4.8 25.8	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.2		Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	40.0	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	43.0	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	25.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	94.8	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.6	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	68.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.1		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	14.0	•	7 →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.2	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	14.8	•	个	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7.4	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	14.0		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	3.7	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	22.4	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	51.6	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.5	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	27.7	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	28.0	•	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	75.5	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	25.7		1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	8.3	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	96.4		••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.4	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	99.0 67.9		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.7		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
	4.7		W	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	00.2			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	68.4	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	99.3 8.8		7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	86.7	•	\rightarrow
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	97.9			Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	67.6	•	1
	27.2			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	43.4	•	\rightarrow
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	7.7	•	_	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	20.3	•	• •
union, ages 15-49)				Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	5.1		→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	93.4	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	48.6	•	→
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	23.6	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	40.4		÷
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	5.9		→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	Ţ
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		_		Annual change in forest area (%)	0.2	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)			• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA 88.3	•	•• →	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.1	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	90.0		••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	288.7	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	18.8	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	74.0	•	+
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.4	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	99.4	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.7	•	+
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	99.9 2.1	•	→ 7	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	98.6	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	30.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.6	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	11.4	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	94.0	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	13.1	•	↑	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.8		1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	53.2		^	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	33.8		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	7.4	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.0		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	ч.∪	_	•				

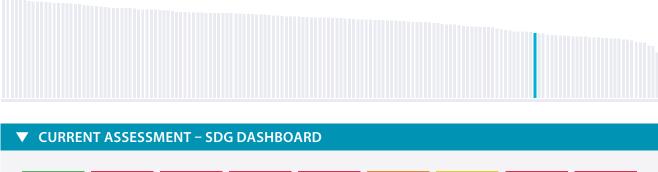
IRAQ Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 53.7 62.1

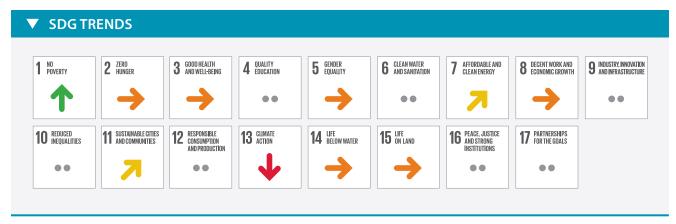


SDG Global rank

127 (OF 156)







IRAQ

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	Rating Tr	rend		Value 1	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	1.0		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	1.9	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.5			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	27.8	-	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	22.6		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.4		7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	0.0		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	30.4		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		0.0
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.1		1	·	INA		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	52.0		_
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	52.0	•	^
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	50.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	89.5	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	18.2		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	57.0		*
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	31.2		1		37.0		•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	43.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	_	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	3.1		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	22.0		1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	6.4		
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	72.2	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.4		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	12.7		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	17.8	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-6.1		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	68.9	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action	0.1	_	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	79.8	•	4	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.8		ماء
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	90.9	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.3		•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	63.0	•	4	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1		
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	52.8	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	7731.4		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.5	•	4	1 - 1	7731.4		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	83.6		1
Mean years of schooling	6.6	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	40.4		Ţ
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	52.3	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	33.3		4
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	19.2	•	1	Fish caught by trawling (%)	30.0	•	→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	69.2	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	F 1		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	25.3	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	5.1 5.1		→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	25.3	•	→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.7		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	86.1	•	7		0.7		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	66.1		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	NA		
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	93.1	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	60.0		1
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	18.6		• •	they live (%)			
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			•	Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	98.8		1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	98.1	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.2	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.0		Ψ.	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	18.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	0.6	_	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	4.7	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	22.7		→				
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	8.2	•	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	21.2	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	16.2	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	2.0	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA	•	• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

IRELAND OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

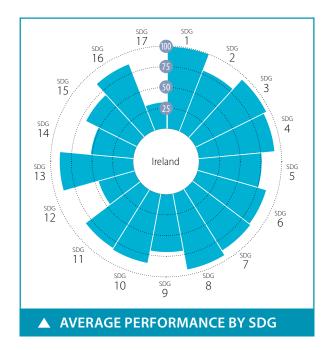
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

18 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





















































IRELAND

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating 1	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)		•		Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.4	•	4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	0.1 9.2		·· →	7= extensive and efficient by international standards) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.8	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	52.9	•	
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5 2.6		•• →	universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.4	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.5	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	25.3 8.2		↓	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	12.9	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index			••	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	21.9	•	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.1			Gap in internet access by income (%) Women in science and engineering (%)	NA 23.4	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	8.0	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	23.4		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.2		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	32.9	•	4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.6		→	Palma ratio	1.1	•	礻
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	7.1 0.1		→ →	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	6.8	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.3		→ →	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	10.5			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas $(\mu g/m^3)$	9.8	•	→
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	9.9	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	98.8	•	1
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	4.0	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	55.0 11.1		7
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	81.4		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	10.1		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	19.8	•	• •
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.7		·· →	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	44.4	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	92.0 80.7		マ	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	10.9	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.1		-	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	22.0	•	• •
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	0.3	•	• •	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	46.7 -199.8		• •
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	20.2		• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	2.4	•	• •
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	19.0	•	• •	SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education	05.5			Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	7.4	•	1
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	95.5 12.3		→ →	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-3.4	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0		• •
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	42.8	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	26.2 21.8		••
PISA score (0-600)	509.3	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)		Ĭ	
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	12.7	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	15.3	•	4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	86.7		• •
Resilient students (%)	29.6	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	88.7 62.2		→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	57.9		→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	14.2	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	21.6	•	• •
union, ages 15-49) Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	105.0	•	• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	85.9	•	\rightarrow
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	78.8		→	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	22.2		↑	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	90.0	•	→
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	14.4	•	4	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	97.7 0.9		→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	11.9	•	••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	98.9		→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	14.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA 70.3		^	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.6	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	2.4	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	80.1	•	••
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	10.3	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7)	76.0 4.3	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Property Rights (1-7)	5.9	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0		→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	74.0	•	\rightarrow
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	9.1		†	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	3.3	-	
Adjusted Growth (%)	6.5	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100)	100.0		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.3	•	1
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	95.3	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.3	•	4
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	67.7	•	→	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	16.2		†	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	4.0	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	50.7	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	85.0		↑				
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	100.8	•	1				

ISRAEL OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

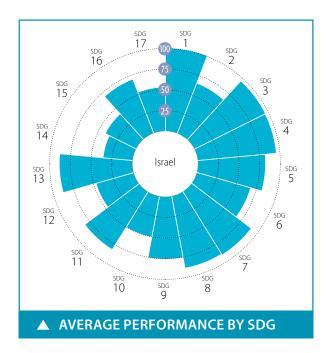
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

41 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS























10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















ISRAEL

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating 1	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.4	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.9	•	Ŧ
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)			• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.5		••
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	17.7	•	Ψ	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	ر.د		
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	47.9	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.5	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	0.7 26.1		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	4.3	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)	5.0		▼	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	17.4	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9		• •	Triadic patent families filed (per million population) Gap in internet access by income (%)	55.6 43.3	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	43.3 NA		• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5.0	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	1471		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.0		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	45.2	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.6		→	Palma ratio	1.4	•	→
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	3.5 0.1		→ →	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	21.2	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes,			→ →	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	9.5			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	21.1	•	1
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	11.4	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0		→
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	3.2	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	61.0 NA		→
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	3.2 82.5		→ →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	14/7		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	9.7		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	17.2		• •
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA		• •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	95.4	•	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	94.0		→	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	56.3	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	76.9 7.3		↑ →	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.7	•	• •
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.1		• •	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	56.7	•	• •
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	NA		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	381.9		• •
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	19.6	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action	1.0		
SDG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	7.9		7
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	96.7		7	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-1.0		• •
Mean years of schooling	12.8		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	NA 49.9		•• →	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2.5	•	• •
PISA score (0-600)	472.0		• •	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions from biomass (€/tCO₂)	28.8	•	• •
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	11.2	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	31.4	•	→	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Resilient students (%)	15.7	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	91.9	•	7
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	32.8	•	→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	11.0	•	→	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	42.9 NA		7
union, ages 15-49)	1000			Fish caught by trawling (%)	52.3		-
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%) Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	100.8 85.8		→	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	27.5		ŕ	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	15.7	•	→
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	19.3		→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	26.1	•	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	99.4	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	7.9	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	5.1	_	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	93.3		1	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	1.4		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	1.4 261.7		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	110.5	_	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	76.0		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	10.2			Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.2	•	į.
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0		→	Property Rights (1-7)	5.7	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0		→ →	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.0		1	Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	62.0		→
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	3.7		4	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	7.9	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%)	0.3		• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100)	100.0		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.6	•	7
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	92.8	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	0.1	•	1
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	69.0	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	13.8		†	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	63.3	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	79.7	•	↑				
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	91.6	•	1				



▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

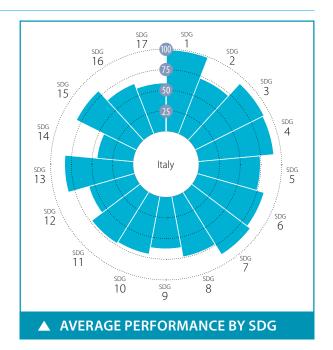
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

29 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS





































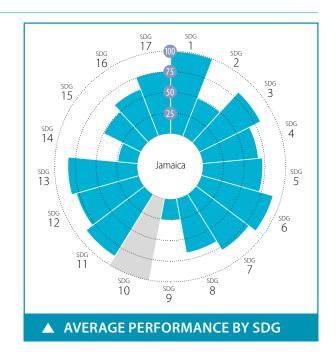
ITALY

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	Rating Tre	nd		Value	Ratin	ng Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	1.1	• -		Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.3	•	4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)		• • •		7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			•
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	13.7	• 1	•	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.8	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	• ••	•	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	53.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	• -		Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.2		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		• -		Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.3		• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		• ↓		Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	5.1	•	7
Cereal yield (t/ha)		• →		Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	13.2	•	→
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	• • •	•	Gap in internet access by income (%)	51.2	•	• •
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	NA		• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		• →		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.0	• 7		Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	38.2	•	\rightarrow
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	3.3 6.1	• 7		Palma ratio	1.2		\rightarrow
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	• →		Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	9.3	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,		• -		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	J. 1			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	19.9	•	4
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	12.9	• •	•	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0		→
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Satisfaction with public transport (%)	41.0		4
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	5.0	• →		Rent overburden rate (%)	11.4	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	6.2	• +		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		•		E-waste generated (kg/capita)	17.6	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		• 4		Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	79.6	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	81.2			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	5.9		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.2	• 1	•	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	17.9 38.3		••
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.8	• ••	•	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	172.6	•	
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	2.1	•		Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.6		
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	20.0	• 1		SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.3	•	1
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.3	• ↓		Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.2	•	•
Mean years of schooling	10.9	• 1		Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.9	•		CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	49.6	•	• •
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%) PISA score (0-600)		• 1		Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions from biomass (€/tCO₂)	20.5	•	• •
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	9.6	•		SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%)		• 1		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	75.5		• •
Students performing below level 2 in science (%) Resilient students (%)		• •		Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	91.3	•	→
	20.0	•		Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	51.4	•	j
SDG5 – Gender Equality	12.0			Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	42.7	•	Ŭ.
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	13.6	• 7		Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	75.1		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	95.5			Fish caught by trawling (%)	51.8	•	7
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)		• 1	•	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	31.0	• 1	•	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	78.2	•	→
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	5.6	• •	•	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	84.7	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9		→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	93.7	• 1	•	Annual change in forest area (%)	2.4		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•		Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	7.0	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	95.4	• -	•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	•	•	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.8		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	44.8			Prison population (per 100,000 population)	89.3		••
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	7.8	0 0 0	D	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7)	58.0 2.3		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Property Rights (1-7)	4.2		Ĭ
	100.0	• -		Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	•
3, 3, 1, 1	100.0	• →		Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	50.0	•	7
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		1		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0		• •
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	16.5	• 1		Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	1.2	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	2.2			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%)	-2.3			SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	80.0 93.8			Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.3		→
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	7J.Ö	• 1		High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.3	•	4
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	58.0	• 4	,	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)		• •		Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	49.5	•	• •
				,			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	61.3	• 1	•				

JAMAICA

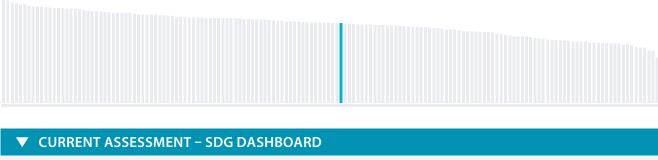
Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 65.9 66.0



SDG Global rank

81 (OF 156)







JAMAICA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.7		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	8.4	•	• •	, ,	0.0		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	5.7 3.0	•	↑	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	24.7		Ţ	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.1	•	Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	17.0	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	89.0	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	92.9		J.
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10.9	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	72.0		Ť
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.3		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	4.5	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.2		• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2		T	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	5.8		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	15.2		4	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	12.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	40.1	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	17.3	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	10.0		+	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	6.4	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	76.2		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	54.4		7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.6	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.1 95.0	•	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	61.3		T	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.9		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
	5.7		•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	30.6	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	9.6	•	-	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	86.5	•	\rightarrow
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	44.1	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	22.9	•	1
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	12.7	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	74.0	•	• •
union, ages 15-49)	12.7		Ť	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	101.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	22.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	74.0	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	22.0	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	17.5	•	7	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	NA 0.7	•	T
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	5.4		••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	3.4		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	92.9	•	\rightarrow	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		_	
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	43.2		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	85.4		→	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	138.0		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	11.3		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	62.0	•	1
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	7.3	•	• •	they live (%)			
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			•	Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.4	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	97.1	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	4.5	•	1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	93.3	•	T	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.5	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	1.8		1	civil authority (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	44.0		7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.0		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	3.3		•
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	78.5	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	12.4			SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	12.4	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.4		1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		_		High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	45.0		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	26.1		J.
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	55.2		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		••
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	4.2	•	•	Land a state of the state of th	0.0	Ī	

JAPAN OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

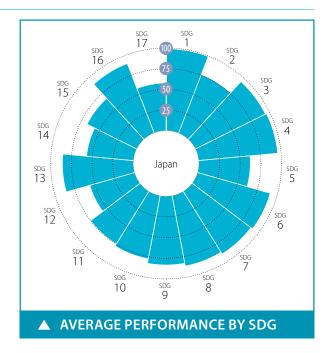
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

15 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS



JAPAN

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	ating Trend		Value	Ratin	ıg Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.5	• →	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	6.2	•	→
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.5	• ••	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	16.1	• • •	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	• ••	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	62.4	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		• →	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.8	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		• →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	3.3	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.3		Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	10.0	•	→
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index		• →	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	136.2	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.7		Gap in internet access by income (%)	42.9	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5.0	• →	Women in science and engineering (%)	NA		• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		• →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	35.7		• •
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	16.0	• 1	Palma ratio Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	1.3 19.0		• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	• →	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	15.0		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years	8.8	• →	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	13.3	•	4
(per 100,000 population) Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	8.7	• ••	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA	•	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	0.7		Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.0	•	1
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	4.7	• →	Rent overburden rate (%)	16.0	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)		• →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	4.2	• →	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	17.3	•	• •
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.8 96.0	• ·· • >	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	57.8	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	83.3		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.9	•	0 0
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)		• 1	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	12.1	•	• •
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	0.9	• ••	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	36.4 259.9		• •
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	11.4	• ••	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita) Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	259.9		•
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	18.2	• →	SDG13 – Climate Action	1.1		
SDG4 – Quality Education			Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	9.5		J.
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.8	• →	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-1.1		•
Mean years of schooling		• 1	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.1	•	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)		• • •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.4	•	0.0
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%) PISA score (0-600)	50.5 528.7	• →	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	7.8	•	• •
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic			from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
status (%)	10.1	• ••	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	2.0	• →	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	79.3	•	• •
Resilient students (%)	48.8	• ••	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	93.0 62.2	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	57.5		1
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	28.8	• 🛧	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	72.5		•
union, ages 15-49) Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	101.6	• ••	Fish caught by trawling (%)	24.2	•	4
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	71.6		SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		• 🗼	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	68.5	•	7
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	25.7	• 7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	67.0	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	97.2	• →	Annual change in forest area (%)	2.1	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	• ••	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	7.9	_	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	99.8	• →	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.3		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		• ••	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	0.3 47.7		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources		• • •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	74.0		-
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	6.7	• • •	Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.6	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100.0		Property Rights (1-7)	6.0	•	÷
	100.0	• →	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	0.0
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		• →	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	73.0	•	7
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	6.3		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0		• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		·	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
Adjusted Growth (%)	-0.1	• • •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100)		• • •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.8	•	1
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution		• →	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.2	•	4
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	75.0		public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			•
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)		• →	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	0 (
	9.8	• 1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		0 0
· ·			Financial Correct Core (book 0.100	CO 5	_	
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%) SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	93.2	• ↑	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	60.5	•	• •

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JORDAN

Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

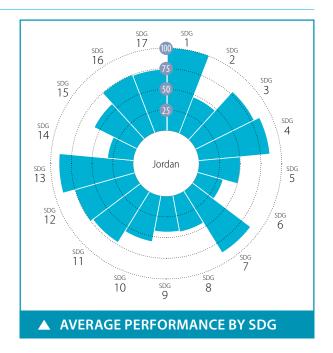
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

91 (OF 156)





▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















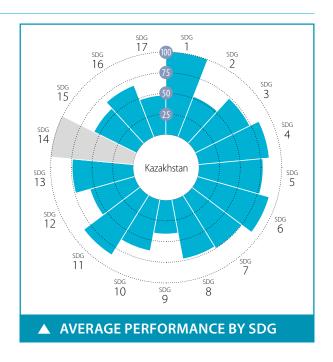
JORDAN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.8	•	• (
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	22.8	•	• (
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)			• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.4	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.4		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	35.5		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	43.2	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.5	•	1		13.2		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	38.8		.1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	30.0		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	58.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	87.4	•	J
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)			1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	64.0		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	17.6		→				
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	5.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.0		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	_	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.5		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	19.6	•	7	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	18.6		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	44.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.4		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	13.3		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	23.6	•	\rightarrow	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	38.1		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.1	•	→		50.1		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	23.3	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.0		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.6	•	• •		3.0	•	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.4		
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	66.3		7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0		
subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.8	•	4	·	0.0		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water		_	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•
Mean years of schooling	10.1	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	85.2		
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	50.8		
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	40.6 NA		•
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	16.0	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		•
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	90.7	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	21.9	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	7.7	•	-
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	15.4	•	7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	7.2	•	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0		-
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	0.3	_	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.5	•	•
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.0	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	118.4	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	151.3	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	16.6	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	79.0	•	-
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.8		
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.8		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.1		
${\rm CO_2}$ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3	•	→	civil authority (%)	,,,,		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	48.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-5.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	1.7	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.6	•	•
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	42.5	•	4	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	14.9	•	7	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	62.3		1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1471		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	103.8	•	+	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	15.3	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.2		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	0
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	1.2		*				

KAZAKHSTAN

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 68.1 69.5 **SDG Global rank**







65 (OF 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS













5 GENDER EQUALITY







7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY





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KAZAKHSTAN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	ating	Trend		Value Ra	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.8	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	36.1	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.1	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	21.0	•	+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	41.0	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.3	•	1		11.0		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	19.7		.1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	19.7		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	12.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	92.6	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.9	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	68.0	•	4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	11.4	•	→				•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	67.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7.7		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	28.6	•	1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	15.6		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	155.0		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	110.1	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-52.0		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	47.3		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	23.2	•	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-13.6		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	70.2	•	→		15.0		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	28.4	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action Formulated CO- emissions per capita (#CO-/capita)	1 / /		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	14.4	•	
surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	82.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.4		
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	63.8	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.9	•	1	1 (51)	17305.5	•	
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	86.2	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	•
Mean years of schooling	11.7	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		•
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		•
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	20.3	•	1	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	_	•
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	100.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	84.6	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	16.3		-
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	27.1	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	17.4		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•		Annual change in forest area (%)	1.3	•	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	91.1	•	7	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.4	•	•
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	97.8	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.8	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	28.1	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	238.9	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.8	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	67.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.7		4
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.0		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	91.8	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.7	•	
${\rm CO_2}$ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.2	•	1	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	31.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.7	•		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	2.2	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	•
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	58.7	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.9	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	7.2	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	74.6	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	74.2	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	9.9	•	•
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.9	•	1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			•				

KENYA Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

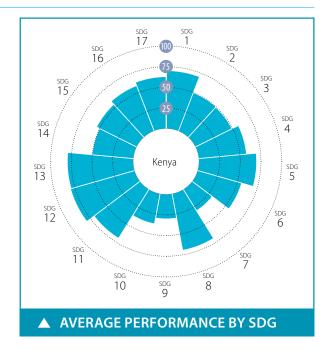
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

119 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

KENYA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating ¹	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	29.0 13.6	•	7	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.5	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	19.1		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	26.0 4.0	•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.8	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	7.1		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.4	•	Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	50.1	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	510.0	•		Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	16.3	•	+
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	22.6		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	61.4	•	4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	49.2		<u>^</u>	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	58.0	•	7
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	348.0		.	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	2.1		7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.3	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	17.8	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.0	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.5	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.3	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	99.8	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	30.5		T	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	27.8	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	63.4		*	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-7.5	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	81.8	•	<u> </u>	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	61.8	_	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	75.0	•	Ψ.	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	55.5	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.5	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	81.8	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	40.3		• •
Mean years of schooling	6.3	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	87.0		→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	86.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	49.7 40.3	•	Ψ
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	32.4		••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	18.9	•	↑	Fish caught by trawling (%)	8.0		4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	81.4	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	27.5		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	91.2	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	37.5	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	21.8	•	↑	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	38.4		→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8 8.7		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.8		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	58.5		→		0.0		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	5.8		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	29.8		Ψ.	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	117.8		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	14.3 13.7		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	59.0		7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.9	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	36.0	•	7	Property Rights (1-7)	4.5	•	1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	6.2 1.5	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	66.9	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	28.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.1	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	25.9	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	81.6	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	11.5	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.0		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	26.0		7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			••
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	25.9		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	15.9	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.3		<u>^</u>	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	1.5		•				

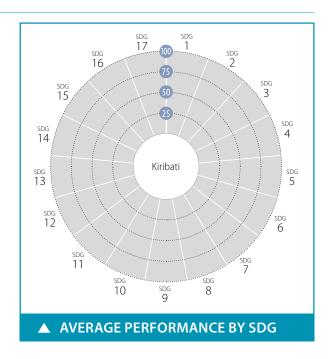
KIRIBATI

Oceania

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score na na

SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS



2 ZERO HUNGER















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .

















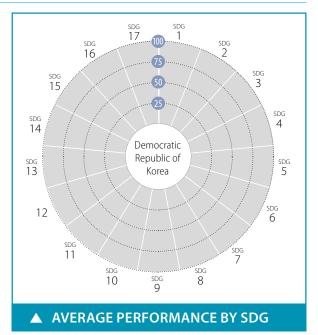
KIRIBATI

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	11.3 9.7		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	3.3		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA		7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	46.0		\	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		• •	, , , ,	14/1		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	2.4		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	3.4	•	7
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	90.0	•	1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	71.0		_
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	22.6	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	54.3	•	7		INA		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	566.0	•	4	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	N.I.A.		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	28.2	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	3.9	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	80.2	•	• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.7	•	0 (
age-standardised death rate attributable to household air poliution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	00.2			Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0	•	0 (
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	2.4	•	→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• (
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	66.3	•	÷	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		0 (
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	17.2	_	÷	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)			•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6	•	7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	80.0		T	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	41.4		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		•	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	
	147 (SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	07.4			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	49.3	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.4 7.8		• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	
Mean years of schooling Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	7.8 NA		7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		•
	IVA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		0 (
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	2.4	•	•
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	48.8	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		0 (
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	65.7		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	6.5	•	→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	NA		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	64.4	•	\rightarrow		INA		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	7.5		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	39.8	•	\rightarrow	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.5	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	129.9	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	10.3	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		
Access to electricity (% population)	48.1	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	3.2	•	Ţ	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	93.5		•
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)	95.5		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA	•	
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.7		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	NA		••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0.0
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
. ,				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
FDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	13.7		→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	INM		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	0.9			Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	24.5	•	0 (
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		7	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	IVM						

KOREA, DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF

East and South Asia





CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)





































SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















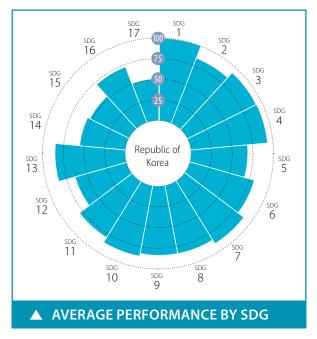
KOREA, DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	Trend و
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	40.1 31.2		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	40.8		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.0	•	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	6.8	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.1	•	→	•	147 (
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	241		-
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	34.1	•	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	82.0		1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	93.5		-
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10.7	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	20.0		1		147 (
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	513.0		\rightarrow	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	NIA		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		\rightarrow	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	26.5		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	NA		•••
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0		••
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	261.8		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA 2.1		•••
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	201.0			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	-3.1 4.3		•••
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	20.7	•	\rightarrow		NA	•	••
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	70.6	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	0.3	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.6	•	Т
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	56.6	•	\rightarrow	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	94.1		• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	5.1	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	NA			Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	90.6	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	100.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	54.9	•	4
				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	44.3	•	4
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	9.6		_	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	28.4	•	• •
union, ages 15-49)	9.0	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	30.0	•	+
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	10.2		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	85.6		→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0		→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	16.3	•	→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.0		→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)			••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.6	•	→		14/1		
$\label{thm:linear} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	4.4		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	77.1		\rightarrow	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.4	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	15.9		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	NA NA		••
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	IVA		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	32.4	•	\rightarrow	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	6.6	•	\rightarrow	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	100.0		
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.7	•	1	civil authority (%)	100.0		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	17.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.8	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		0.0
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	0.0		• •	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/7		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	14.2		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	14/1	_					

KOREA, REPUBLIC OF

OECD countries









SDG Global rank

19 (OF 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS



KOREA, REPUBLIC OF Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value F	Rating 1	Trend				
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.5	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.7		
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.5	•	• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	13.8	•	7	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.8	•)
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)			
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	61.7	•	1
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	→		1.7		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.9		→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.2	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	4.7		•	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	4.2	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	6.8	•	→	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	13.8	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.6		• •	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	53.0	•	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Gap in internet access by income (%)	13.0	•	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	11.0	•	→	Women in science and engineering (%)	24.0	•	,
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.5		÷	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)			غ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	32.3	•	1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)			7	Palma ratio	1.0	•	1
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	45.7	•	•
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,			<u>,</u>	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years	0.5		7	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	28.7	•	,
(per 100,000 population)				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)			
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	16.5	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA)
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Satisfaction with public transport (%)	75.0	•	
Fraffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)			↑	Rent overburden rate (%)	3.5	•)
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	82.3		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	1.7		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	15.9	•	,
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	100.0		• •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	84.8	•	,
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.0		→	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	14.5	•	,
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	01.0		↑	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	11.2	•	,
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)			4	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	33.9	•	,
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.4		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA)
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)		_	• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	0.5	•	,
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	17.3		1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	11.6		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	96.8		4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-1.6		
Mean years of schooling	12.2		1	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0		١
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.8	•	
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	46.9	•	→	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	9.9	•	,
, ,	519.0	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)		Ĭ	
/ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	10.1	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%)	111		T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	26.8	•	
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)			•	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.8	_	
Resilient students (%)	40.4		• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	64.0	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	50.7		
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	6.7	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	7.0		
union, ages 15-49)				Fish caught by trawling (%)	45.1		
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	89.1		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	15.1	Ĭ	
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	71.4		↑		266		
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	17.0		\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.6	•	
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	36.7	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.8		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	98.0	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)		•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	7.3	-	1
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	98.5		→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7	•)
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources		•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	107.4	•)
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	10.8	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	69.0		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.5	•	
·	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.8	•	
			フ →	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	NA		
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)			→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	54.0	•	•
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)			→	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	
=	2./			Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.6	•	,
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	_			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%)			• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100)	0.08		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.6	•)
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	94.9	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.1	•)
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	66.7			public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	66.6		→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	1
	NA		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)							
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)			→	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	59.0	•	•

KUWAIT

Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

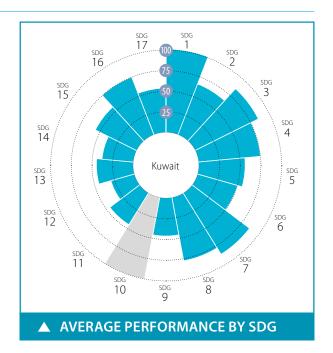
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

105 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















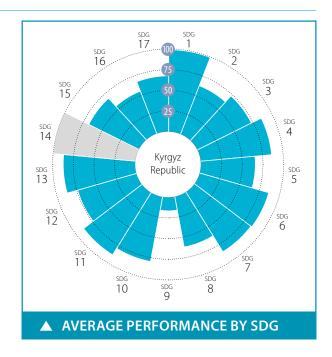
KUWAIT

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	ating	Trend		Value R	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)		•		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.9	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	26.1	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)		•		Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		•		Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% adult population)	37.9			SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	13.3		*	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index		•		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	4.0		→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	67.4	•	4
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.0 4.4		→ →	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA		• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		•	•	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	61.0	•	4
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	24.0		†	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	÷	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	5.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	18.0	•	↑	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	17.2		• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	75.0		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	44.8	•	• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	176.3		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	77.0			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	-11.1 95.1		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	17.7	•	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	569.2		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.7	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action	307.2		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	9.4	•	→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	25.2	•	7
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.7			Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-5.0		• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93.0			Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	73.4	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	50016.3	•	• •
	0.1		7	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	90.7		.l.	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	32.1	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	7.3		▼	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	89.0	•	+
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.3		• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	63.1		+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	24.3 NA		→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	21.7	•	1	Fish caught by trawling (%)	48.4		
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	107.2	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	56.4	•	4	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	59.0		→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	3.1	•	4	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA 0.9		T
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9		Ψ
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	100.0	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	30.8		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)				SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		_	
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	100.0			Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.8	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources		•		Prison population (per 100,000 population)	102.8		• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2603.5 42.6		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	86.0	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.6	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0		→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.4	•	1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	100.0		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	39.0	•	↑
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.1	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	79.8	•	+	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.1	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	6.0	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	78.4	•	↑	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	. NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	254.4		<u>.</u>	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
	4.1			Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		0.0

KYRGYZ REPUBLIC

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 70.3 69.5 **SDG Global rank**







51 (OF 156)





































9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

▼ SDG TRENDS



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4 QUALITY EDUCATION







15 LIFE ON LAND









17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS .

KYRGYZ REPUBLIC

SDG1 - End Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 - Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index SDG3 - Good Health and Well Roing Value Rating Trend Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) 34.3 SUSTAINABLE PROMOTION Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns 16.9 Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns 16.9) •	-	Frend
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 - Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index Infrastructure (1=low to 5=high) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) 34.3 SUSSIGNATION OF THE TIMES Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 0.10 0.11 Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) 0.12 Research and development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) 34.4 SUSSIGNATION OF THE TIMES HIGHER OF THE PROPRIES AND ASSIGNATION OF THE	_	•	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) 34.3 SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities) •		••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP) SDG10 - Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) 34.3 SUSSIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY O			• •
Prevalence of stunting (low neight-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index Assurance of Stunting (low neight-for-age) in Children under 5 years of age (%) 2.8 SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) 34.3 SUSTAINABLE NITROGEN Management Index	١		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) 34.5 SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	_		• •
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) 34.3 Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index O.7 SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		,	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index 0.7 • • • SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual man consentration of particulate matter of loss than 2.5 microses 1.60	2 _		
Appulation concentration of particulate matter of less than 25 micross 1/2	3 •	,	• •
Annual mean concentration of natriculate matter of less than 7.5 microns 163			
of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (ug/m ³)) -		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) 76.0	9		1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) 11.0 Satisfaction with public transport (%) 71.0)		7
mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)			
A4 :: 1C !: 1M : (1 / 1 / 2 / 2)	1		• •
The prevalence (per 1,000)			• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations 4.0 • ↑ E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	2		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) 5,0)		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution 166.5 • • • Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) 0.4	1		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) 19.0	5		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) 20.1 • Wet imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	4	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) 71.1 • SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19) 38.8 Finergy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	5		→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) 98.4 Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	5		• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) 96.0	1		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) 60.3 CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) 92.8	3		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) 5.6 SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) NA	4		
Net primary enrolment rate (%) 89.4 Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	A .	•	• •
Mean years of schooling 10.8 Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) N/	A .	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) 99.8 Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	A .	•	• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) NA	4	Þ	• •
union, ages 15-49)	4		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%) 101.9 SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 22.6			
remaie to male labour force participation rate (%) 53.0 Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to hindware it to hindware it. (%) 31.			7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) 19.2 • Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Red List Index of species survival (0-1)			7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation Applied change in forest area (%)			••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%) NA ••• Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population) 1.1	5		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) NA ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	-		
Homicides (per 100 000 population)	1 •		
Other countries: population using at least basic satilitation services (%) 90.0 Prison population (per 100 000 population)			••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources 44.0 Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita) 1.7 Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where 52.0			
they live (%)			
Access to electricity (IV) population			→
Access to clean finals 0 to changle on fax cooling (0/ nepulation)			7
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) O.8 Civil authority (%)	/		• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Corruption Perception Index (0-100) 29.0) (7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%) -3.2 Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 253.			•
Slavery score (0-100) 80.0 Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990			••
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or 39.9 **US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force) 7.3 • 7.3 • Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)) _		~
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public N/			• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) 34.5 7			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) 44.9	5		• •
)		• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 3.0 • ↑ Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst) 0.0 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			

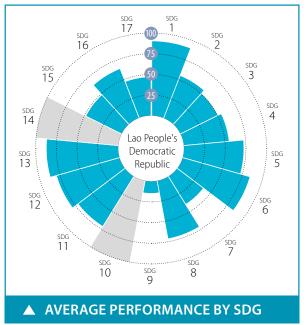
LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

East and South Asia

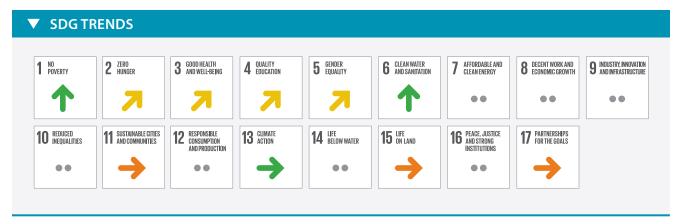
SDG Global rank

108 (OF 156)









LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating ¹	Trend		Value	Rating	J Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	13.7 0.5		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	1.8	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	17.1		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.4		↑	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	5.3		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.6		→	, , ,	1471		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	22.6		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	32.6	•	7
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	197.0	•	1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	72.9	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	28.7	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	66.0		1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	63.9	•	7		00.0		•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	175.0		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.7		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	25.8	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.2	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
	2100			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	210.0	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	15.0	•	7	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	5.8	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	65.7		^	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	63.3		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	40.1		••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	-
		_	•	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	76.0	•	T .	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	44.9		7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2.2	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.6	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	94.7	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		
Mean years of schooling	5.2		→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	72.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	23.2	•	↑	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	80.4	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	96.4	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	45.5	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	27.5	•	7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	19.9	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	\rightarrow
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	12.4	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	80.4	•	Λ.	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.7	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	72.6		1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.9	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1.4		•	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	120.6	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.3		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	69.0	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.9	•	
Access to electricity (% population)	78.1	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.9		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	4.6	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	74.8	•	
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	29.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	1.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	10.1	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	29.1		• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	0.7	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	5.2	•	_
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			0 0
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	21.9	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	36.6		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	12.9	•	→
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.8		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	٥.0	_					

267



▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

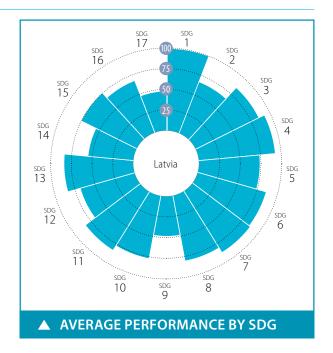
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

27 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





































LATVIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value R	ating Tre	end		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.7	• -	>	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.3	•	4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)		• •		7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			•
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	16.2	• 1		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	• •	•	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.5	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	• -	>	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.6		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	• -		Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.6		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		• 1		Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	3.6	•	→
Cereal yield (t/ha)		• +	•	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	1.3	•	Ų
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	• •	•	Gap in internet access by income (%)	NA		• •
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	27.0	•	0 0
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		•		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		• -		Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	35.9	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		• 1	N	Palma ratio	1.4	•	7
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		•	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	30.9	•	0 (
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes,		• 1		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	20.4	•	1
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	55.0	•	•	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	96.0		1
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	0.0	• 1		Satisfaction with public transport (%)	65.0 5.5		4
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	9.9 74.6			Rent overburden rate (%)	٥.٥		-
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		•		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	10-		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.1			E-waste generated (kg/capita)	10.7		•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93.0	• -	>	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	71.1		•
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	70.0	• 7	7	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	18.7		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.0	• 1		Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	37.0		
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		•		Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	60.7	•	
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	35.4			Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	0.9	•	
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	24.1	•	•	SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.5	•	-
Net primary enrolment rate (%)		• 1		Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.7	•	
Mean years of schooling		• 1		Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.1	•	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	99.8 33.4	• -		- 1 13 1 7	123.8		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• •		Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	NA		
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic				from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
status (%)	8.7	•		SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	. ,	• 1		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	95.2		1
Resilient students (%)	35.2	•	•	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	84.8 53.0	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	96.1	_	_
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	15.1	• -	>	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	54.5		
union, ages 15-49) Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	103.4			Fish caught by trawling (%)	61.2		7
Female to male filean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%) Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	82.1		_	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	16.0			Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.3	•	-
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)				Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.5	•	_
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	-
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	81.9		_	Annual change in forest area (%)	15.5	•	
Other countries: population using safety managed water services (%)		•		Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.1	•	
High-income countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		• 7		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		•		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.1	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources		• •		Prison population (per 100,000 population)	223.8	•	
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	6.9	•	•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	62.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.8	•	7
	100.0	• -	>	Property Rights (1-7) Right registrations with civil authority children under 5 years of ago (%)	4.0	•	1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	97.4	• -		Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	100.0 58.0	•	1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3	• 1		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	•
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	38.1	• =	>	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.0	•	
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%)	0.9	• •	•	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100)	00.0	• •		Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.2	•	-
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	93.2	• -	>	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	0.1	•	-
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	70.1	• -		finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	N.I.A.		
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)		• 1		Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA oo		•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	0.0 57.4		
				a secreey score (best o 100 Worst)	J7.T		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	79.8	• 1					

LEBANON

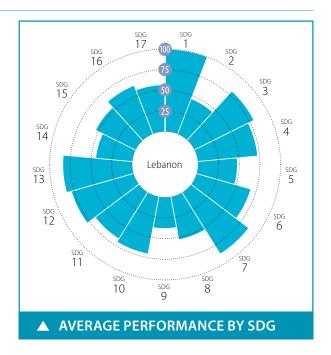
Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score

SDG Global rank

64.8

87 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD









62.1























6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION







▼ SDG TRENDS



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12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

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LEBANON

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.6	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	32.8	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	5.4	•	••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low neight-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	16.5 6.6	•	T →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	32.0	•	Ţ	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.0	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	38.3	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	15.0	•	_	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	32.6	•	+
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.7		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA		• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	8.1		→ →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	60.0	•	4
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	12.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	÷	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.2	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	18.4	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	9.4	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	31.0	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.4	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	19.3		4	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	21.4	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.9		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	97.1	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	12.2	•	,	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.3	•	4
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	79.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	74.7		1	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.2	•	7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.1	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	82.2	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	13.4		• •
Mean years of schooling	8.6	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	90.8	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.2	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	28.7	•	+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	62.5 NA		T
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	17.0	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	10.0	_	••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	95.4	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	32.6	•	4	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	13.1	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	3.1	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	21.1	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9 4.9	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	4.9		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		7.2		
$\label{thm:linear} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.0		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	108.0		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	33.3 17.3	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	52.0	•	+
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.7	•	1.
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.9		J.
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	99.5	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	28.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-6.5	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	1.9	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	44.8	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	6.3	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.2	•	T
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	76.1	•	^	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	••
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	56.8		A	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.9	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.3	•	1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.5						

LESOTHO Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

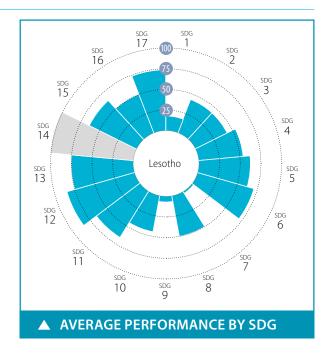
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

135 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD









































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .

















LESOTHO

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Ratin	g Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	53.1 47.2		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.0	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	14.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.8	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	16.6 0.5	•	T	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	62.9	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	_	••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
	INA			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	24.7	•	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	487.0		7	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)			Ť
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	38.5		~	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	88.8	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	93.5		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	47.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	724.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	8.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.6	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.3	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	3.3	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	128.2	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.1	•	• •
	26.1		_	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	20.6	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	53.7		7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	31.2	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	89.7		~	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	77.9		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.2	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90.0		1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	42.6		÷	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	3.8		Ţ	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	80.0	•	4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	6.1	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	86.6	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	21.8	•	1	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	132.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	79.7	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	15.3	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	22.9	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	1.2	_	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	71.6	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	4.4	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	43.8	•	7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	38.0	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	2.1	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	98.3	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.1	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	43.0	•	→
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Access to electricity (% population)	27.0		_	Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.7	•	1
Access to electricity (% population) Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	27.8 31.8		7	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6	•	7
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	43.3	•	• •
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1471			civil authority (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	42.0		J.
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.1		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	22.9		•
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0		• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	45.6	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	27.2	•	71	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	20.2	_	
	21.2	•		. 3	20.2	_	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	27.4		-	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	27.4	•	7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	34.2	•	->
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	35.9	•	↑	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.7		T		2.0		

LIBERIA

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

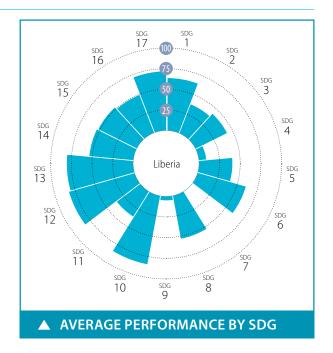
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

149 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















LIBERIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	34.3	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.0	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	10.7			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	42.8	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	5.6	•	↑	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	9.9		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	33.2	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
	INA			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	7.9	•	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	725.0	•	4	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)			Ť
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	22.8	•	4	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	7.4	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	67.4	•	.	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	26.0	•	7
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	308.0		i	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.6	•	7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	17.1	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.2	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	1250			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	135.8	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	35.1	•	T	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	1.0		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	61.4		^	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-53.3	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	128.8	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	61.1	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	79.0	•	4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	46.8	•	\rightarrow	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.4	•	4	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	37.7	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	90.9		• •
Mean years of schooling	4.4	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	80.4		7
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	49.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	51.8	•	7
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	25.3 17.6		7
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	59.7	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	6.1	•	••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	50.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	94.0	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	14.8	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	12.3	•	4	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	48.6	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9		→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.6	_	••
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	69.9	•	\rightarrow		0.0		
$\label{thm:ligh-income} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.2		0.0
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	16.9	•	\rightarrow	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	46.7		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.1 7.6	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	40.0		7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.4		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	9.1	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.7		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.0 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	24.6	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	31.0		ما
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-7.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	20.8		•
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	35.7	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.4	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.9		0.0
				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	7.3	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	5.2	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	20.3	•	→
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.6		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	

LIBYA Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

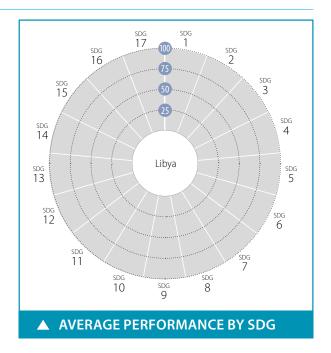
Regional average score

na



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















LIBYA

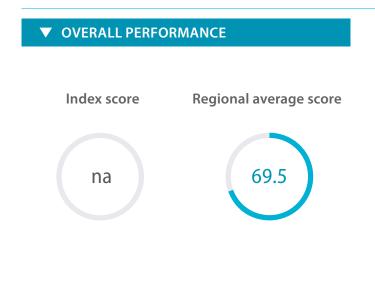
Performance by Indicator

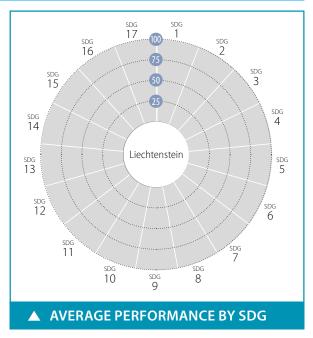
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Ratin	j Trei
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	12.5 9.4		•••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.0	•	• (
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	NIA			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.5		1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	32.5		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.7		\rightarrow	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	79.2		_
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	79.2		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	9.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA	•	
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.1		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	47.0	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	12.9	•	→				
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	40.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		0
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	8.3		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.3	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	9.6		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	8.5		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	59.6	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	20.0		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	25.3	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-92.8		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	72.7	•	→		72.0		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	5.7	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy related CO ₂ emissions per capita (#CO ₂ /capita)	0.2		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	9.2		
surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	-0.4 0.0		
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	64.8	•	→	- '	NA		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.6	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	IVA		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0		•
Mean years of schooling	7.3	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	90.1		-
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	54.7		-
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	46.5		
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	28.3	•	1	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	67.1 19.9		•
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	110.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	32.7		T	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	4.6	•	-
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	16.0		7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	-
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	3.8	•	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	96.8		→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.1	•	0
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		••	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.5	•	
	1072.0		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	98.9	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	9.7		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	50.0	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.4	•	,
Access to electricity (% population)	98.4	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	2.6	•	
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	NA		• •	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA		
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	1.3	•	7	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	17.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA		
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	65.7	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	17.7	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	20.3	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1471		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	35.4		••	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	1.9		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		•
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)		-	*				

277

LIECHTENSTEIN

Western Europe









SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



















1 NO POVERTY

















▼ SDG TRENDS



3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING













2 ZERO HUNGER

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION . .

13 CLIMATE ACTION

14 LIFE BELOW WATER .

15 LIFE ON LAND ... 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS ...

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS .

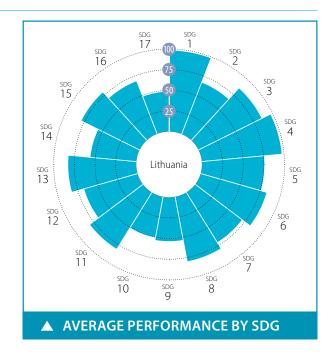
LIECHTENSTEIN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	NA	•	••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	INA			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	1.2	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.9		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	•	• •	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	•	• •		1471		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	NA		• •	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		• •		INA		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	NIA		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	NA		• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA		• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA	•	
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	NA		• •	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	NA		• •		147 (
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	NA		• •	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	NA		• •	- '	NA		••
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	NA		• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA		•••
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		••
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	NA	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		•••
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	1471			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	••
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	NA	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		••
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	NA	•	→	3 13 1 1	INA		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	NA	•	• •	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.2	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	92.1		4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	12.4		*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA	•	•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
·				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	NA	•		Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
union, ages 15-49)	INA			Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	80.8		_
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	12.0	•	4	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0		٠. ح
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8		••
$\label{thm:ligh-income} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (\%)}$	100.0	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	47.8	_	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		17.0		
$\label{thm:light} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	99.3	•	→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	2.7		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	2.7		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA		• •		140.9 NA		• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	INA		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	NA		• •	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	100.0	•	
${\rm CO_2}$ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA	•	• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile money service provides (%)	NA	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	NIA	-	
	1.41-4			Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	98.1	•	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.5	•	•
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	119.5	•		Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	0 0
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

LITHUANIA

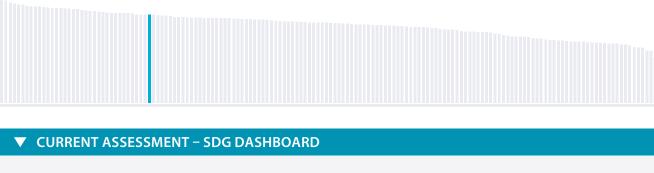
Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 72.9 69.5

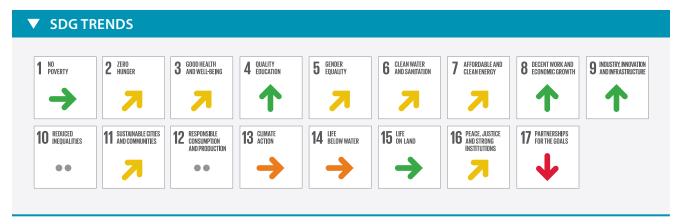


SDG Global rank

36 (OF 156)







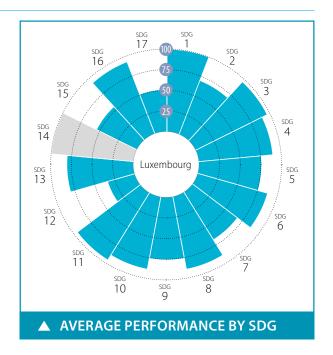
LITHUANIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	1.1 0.9		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.6	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.9			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	19.2	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.8	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	0.7 26.3	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.9		▼	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	45.4	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.6	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	19.1	•	7
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	10.0	•	→ →	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.6	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.5 5.3	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.0	•	7
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 1,000,000 population)	53.0		マ	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		T →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	20.5	_	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	11.4	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.5			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	54.9	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	12.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	35.4	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	10.6	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	12.0			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	44.4	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	13.0	•	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	32.9	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	73.6 11.4		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0		~	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.4	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	94.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.4	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	68.3		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.3	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	107.2	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.2		1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	70.7	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	12.7	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	79.7	•	+
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	44.5	•	+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	79.4		→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	17.2	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA 4.2		1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	100.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	84.5	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	91.6	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	21.3	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	95.2	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	91.7	•	1	Annual change in forest area (%)	11.0	_	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.4		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	61.2	•	\rightarrow	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.0		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	6.0 255.5		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	4.0 6.4	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	61.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.2		4
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.3		4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	100.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	59.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	1.4	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	82.9	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	7.1	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.2		1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	74.4	•	^	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	Ť
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	71.7		4	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	4.9	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •

LUXEMBOURG

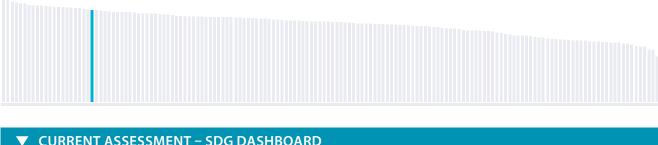
OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 76.9 76.1



SDG Global rank

22 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS











4 QUALITY EDUCATION



























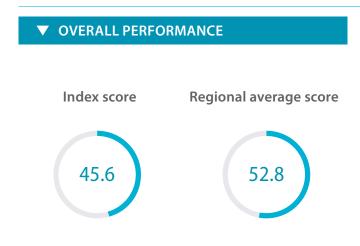


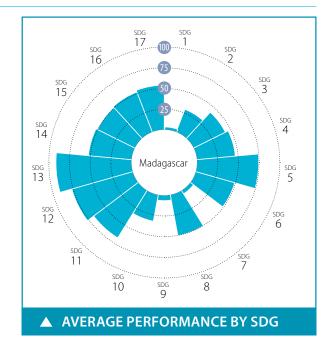
LUXEMBOURG

5DG1 – End Poverty	Value F	Rating [*]	Trend		Value	Ratin	ng Ti
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.1	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.6		
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1	_	• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	8.1	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.2	•	
5DG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	53.8	•	
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5 2.6		•• →	universities (0-100)			
revalence of stanting flow fleight-101-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		マ →	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.4	•	
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		_	Ţ	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.3	•	
ereal yield (t/ha)			÷	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	6.0	•	
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	•	• •	Triadic patent families filed (per million population) Gap in internet access by income (%)	34.3 18.5	•	
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	18.3	•	
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	10.0	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	10.5		
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.5	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	31.7		
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.4		→	Palma ratio	1.0		
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	5.8		→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	3.9	•	
IV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years	9.7	•	→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	16.6	•	
(per 100,000 population)				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)			
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	11.3	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	7.7	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	82.0 17.3		
ealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	82.0		→ →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	17.3		
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	5.4		÷	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	21.0		
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	•	• •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	21.0 97.8		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0	•	→	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	4.8		
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	02.5		→	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	60.9	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.1		→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	139.8	•	
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	NA 16.0		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	965.4	•	
ap in self-reported health by income (0-100) laily smokers (% population age 15+)	16.0 14.9		•• →	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.6	•	
DG4 – Quality Education	14.7			SDG13 – Climate Action			
	046		•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	17.4	•	
et primary enrolment rate (%) lean years of schooling		•	T	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-9.9	•	
teracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	
opulation age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	42.9		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0		
	483.3	•	• •	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions from biomass (€/tCO₂)	6.3	•	
'ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	20.8	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%)			T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		
tudents performing below level 2 in science (%) esilient students (%)	20.0		•	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	
DG5 – Gender Equality	20.7			Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		
1 /	N I A			Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	NA		• •	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	94.3	•	• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	82.3	•	→	SDG15 – Life on Land			
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	28.3	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	71.8	•	
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	3.4	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	37.1	•	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	98.2	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	6.0		
other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	61.1	•	
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	93.7	•	→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7		
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources		_	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	121.9 79.0	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	19.2	•	• •	Government Efficiency (1-7)	79.0 5.2	•	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Property Rights (1-7)	6.3	•	
	100.0		→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	
3, 3, 1, ,			→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	82.0		
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	11.6 9.0		<u>+</u>	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0		
	9.0		7	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.0	•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.1			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
djusted Growth (%)	0.1		• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
avery score (0-100) dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	100.0 98.8		•• →	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.0	•	
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	20.0		7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1.0		
mployment-to-Population ratio (%)	66.3	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	7.6	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	4.0	•	
				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	58.2	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure							

MADAGASCAR

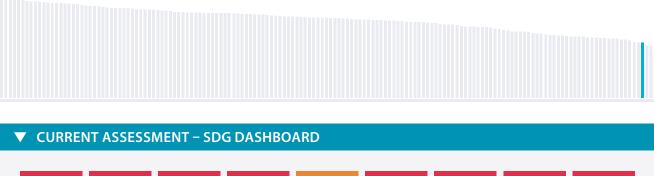
Sub-Saharan Africa



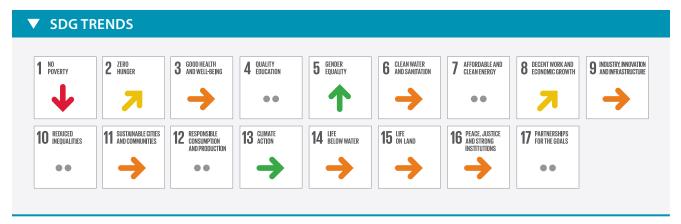


SDG Global rank

153 (OF 156)







MADAGASCAR

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating Tre	end		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	76.6 62.7	•		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	42.3	•	•	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	49.2 15.2	• =		Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	5.3	• -		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.9	• -		Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	51.8	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	2520			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas $(\mu g/m^3)$	19.7	•	\
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	353.0 18.6	• 1		Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	68.3	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	46.4			Satisfaction with public transport (%)	52.0	•	4
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	237.0			SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	• -		Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.7	• -		E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	183.7	•	•	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.2	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	31.4	• -		Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	65.5	• 1		Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	111.7	• -		SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	44.3	•	•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	58.0	• 1	 	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	39.3	• -	•	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.1	• 1	اما	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•	•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	21.7		••
Mean years of schooling	6.1	• -	•	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	85.8 60.3	•	7
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	76.8	• •	•	Ocean Health Index-Eisheries (0-100)	47.3		X
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	14.2		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	28.3	• 1		Fish caught by trawling (%)	13.6		4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	109.8	• •	•	SDG15 – Life on Land	40.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	93.5	• -	•	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	40.8 61.1	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	19.2	• 7	7	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	16.1		••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	• •	•	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.4		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	50.6		•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA			Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.6	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	9.7	• -		Prison population (per 100,000 population)	85.0		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.8 10.3	•		Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	42.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.6	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	16.8	• -	•	Property Rights (1-7)	3.2	•	7
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.0 NA	• -	•	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	83.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	24.0	•	+
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-6.4	• •	•	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	22.9	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	• •	•	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	17.9	• -		US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	1.8	• -	•	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	6.2	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	4.7	• -	•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	8.1	• 7		Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.7	• 1		Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)		•					

MALAWI Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

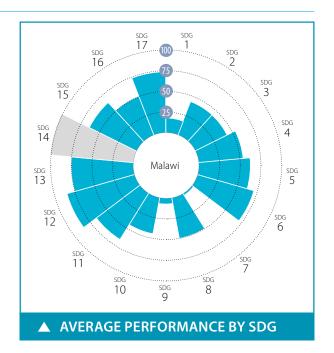
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

140 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD













































▼ SDG TRENDS











5 GENDER EQUALITY







7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY







1 NO POVERTY



2 ZERO HUNGER













MALAWI

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating 1	Trend		Value	Rating	j Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	66.6 47.9		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	25.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	25.9	_	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.8		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	5.0		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	47.5	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.3		Ψ	, , , , ,	17.13		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	25.7		.1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	23.7		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	634.0		Ψ .	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	80.6	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	23.1		↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	45.0	•	٦
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	55.1	•	↑				
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	159.0	•	↑	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	4.1	•	T	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.2		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.2		Ψ	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6	•	
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	153.1	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.3	•	
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	3.4	•	
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	34.2	•	Ψ.	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-81.1	•	
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	58.3	•	1		01.1	_	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	141.0	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1		_
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	89.8	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	81.0	•	Ψ.	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1		
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	49.6	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.8		
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	3.4	•	→	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.0		
DG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water	NIA		
let primary enrolment rate (%)	96.3	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	•
Mean years of schooling	4.4	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	•
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	72.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	22.9	•	↑	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	•	
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	76.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	88.4	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	81.6	•	7
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	16.7	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	35.9	•	=
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		=
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	8.8	•	•
other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	67.2	•	7	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.5		•
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	43.5	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.8	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	11.1	•		Prison population (per 100,000 population)	70.5	•	•
nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.3	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	44.0	•	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.2		J
ccess to electricity (% population)	11.9	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.7		7
access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	3.2	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	67.2		•
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)	07.2		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	31.0	•	4
djusted GDP Growth (%)	-6.6	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	39.3	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	•
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	33.7	•	→	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 Partnerships for the Goals			
Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	6.0	•	1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.2		
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	9.6	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1471		
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	18.2		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	15.5	•	7
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.5		Ĵ	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.5	•	•				

MALAYSIA

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

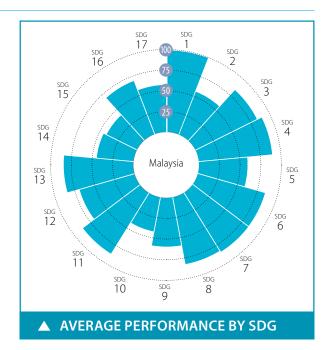
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

55 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





































MALAYSIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Rating	j Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	1.4 0.7		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.4	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	33.3	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.7	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			+	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.3	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	15.6		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	47.9	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.2		→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	17.12		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9		• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	15.6		.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	13.0		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	40.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	98.5	•	-
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.4		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	67.0	•	J
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	8.3		→				•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	92.0		+	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7.6		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	17.1	•	1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	19.6		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	9.1		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	33.4		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.2		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	26.7		0 (
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	22.3	•	\rightarrow	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	65.4		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	75.0	•	→		05.1		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	13.4	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0		1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.0	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.8		•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1		
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	65.0	•	7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	3678.8		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.3	•	1		3070.0		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water	25.4		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.9	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	25.1		• •
Mean years of schooling	10.1	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	84.4		7
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.4	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	54.5		→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	61.4 23.5		1
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	25.1	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	47.4		
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	92.6	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	65.7	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	39.3	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	10.4	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	76.6		7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7		4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	23.1	_	0 (
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	4.8		0 (
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.9	•	0 (
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	3.4	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	160.5		0 (
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	13.5	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	44.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.9		
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	5.3		T
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA		7
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.6	•	1	civil authority (%)	INA		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	47.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	0.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA		
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0 0
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	85.3	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	3.4	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.4		-
. ,				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	78.8	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	- INA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	91.5		T	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.8	•	-
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.3		→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		0.0
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	ر. ر						

MALDIVES

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

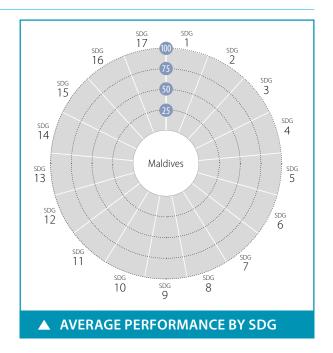
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



































MALDIVES

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	2.5	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.6	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	8.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	10.2	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.4		7	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA			SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	29.1	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	68.0	•	T	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	94.3	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.8	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	8.5	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	49.0 0.0		♥	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	2.5	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	12.4	•	→ →	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	6.1	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	12.4			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	36.2	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.5	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	18.5	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	3.3	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	108.3	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	78.5	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	6.5	•	→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.3	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	95.5		••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.6	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	99.0 73.0		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	73.0 NA		••	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
	INA			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	00.2			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	98.2 6.2		7 7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	91.4	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.3		•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	63.4	•	4
	77.5			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	49.0	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	35.0		•	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	12.5		• •
union, ages 15-49)			T	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	0.0	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	98.4		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0		4
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	52.2	•	+	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	5.9		Ψ	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	T
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	1.1	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)			• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	12.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	97.9		1	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA 95.9		••	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.9	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	15.7		1	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	416.1	•	
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	48.1	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0		1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	99.5 NA	•	1	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	92.5	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	33.0	•	• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.1	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.0	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	17.9	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	59.1		^	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	61.9		A	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	19.5	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		•••	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	1474	-					

MALI Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

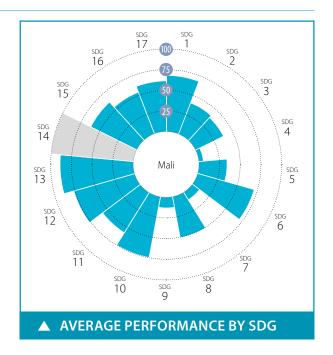
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

142 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS







































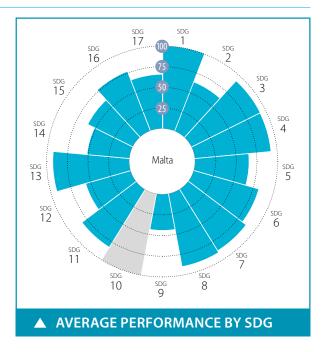
MALI

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	28.1 17.1	•	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.3	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	4.0	• ••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	38.5 15.3	• 7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.6	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	8.6	• →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.6	• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	36.7	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	• ••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	F07.0		Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	44.0	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	587.0 35.7	• 7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	79.1	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	110.6	• 7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	45.0	•	7
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 1,000 live births)	56.0	• →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.5	• 7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	24.4	• 1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.6	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	27.7		Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	227.7	• ••	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	25.3	• →	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	58.2	• 7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	171.1	• →	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	58.6 68.0	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	44.9		Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.7	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
	7.7		SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	56.9	a .l.	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	2.3	• 4	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	49.4		Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	64.4	• 7	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
union, ages 15-49)			Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	56.7	• ••	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.8	•	→
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	73.6	• T	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	43.7	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	8.8	• 4	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Annual change in forest area (%)	10.7	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	• ••	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.4	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	74.3	• T	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	• ••	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	10.8	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	31.3 5.8	• →	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	30.5	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	0.5	• ••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	58.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.4	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	27.3	• →	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6	•	Ť
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.0 NA	• ↓	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	87.2	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	31.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-5.3	• ••	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	55.8	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	• ••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	35.4	• 1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	7.9	• 1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.6		
			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		7
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	11.1	• →	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	23.2	• 7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	15.4		→
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.7			0.0		0.0

MALTA

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 69.5 74.2 **SDG Global rank**







30 (OF 156)







































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















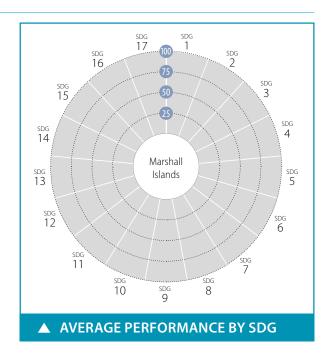
MALTA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.9	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.7	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	•	→ →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.8	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	0.7 28.9		T	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.7		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	15.7	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	9.0	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.6 6.8	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	13.0		→ →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2		→ →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.5	_	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	14.6	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	10.5			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	100.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	32.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	16.2		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	11.6	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	47.1	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	5.5	•	フ →	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	255.2	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	81.7 16.8		フ →	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	_	7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.5	•	7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93.0		1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.6	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	77.7		*	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.7	•	.	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.6	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	98.0		• •
Mean years of schooling	11.3		1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	92.3	_	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	46.2		+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	45.0		+
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	5.6	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	12.5 93.6		→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	94.0		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	63.5	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	90.4	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	11.9	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	99.9	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	10.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	15.5	•	
$\label{thm:ligh-income} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	93.0	•	→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	1.0		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)		•	••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	44.4		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	135.0 77.0		1
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	13.4		• •	they live (%)	,,,,		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.0	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0		→	Property Rights (1-7)	5.1	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	100.0	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	56.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	2.0	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	1.2	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	97.4	•	→	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.3	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	17.7	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	77.3	•	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.2	•	→
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	71.9		4	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.2		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			*				

MARSHALL ISLANDS

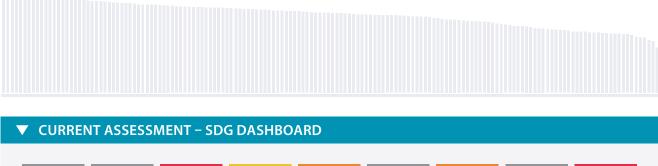
Oceania

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score na na



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)











5 GENDER EQUALITY















▼ SDG TRENDS 2 ZERO HUNGER 3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING 4 QUALITY EDUCATION 5 GENDER EQUALITY 6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION 7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH 9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE 1 NO POVERTY • • • • . . • • 12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS 10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES 13 CLIMATE ACTION 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS 14 LIFE BELOW WATER 15 LIFE ON LAND

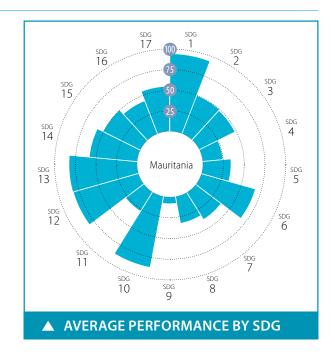
MARSHALL ISLANDS

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	NA NA		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	IVA			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA		7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		•••
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA		7	i i i i	INA		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	52.9	•	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		• •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	IVA		• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	44.0		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	11.9	•	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA		• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	15.1		-
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	16.4	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	35.4	•	7		INA		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	422.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	NIA	_	
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	NA		• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	5.5	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	NA	•	• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	INA			Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	NA	•	• •	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	NA	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	NA	•	• •	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	90.1	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.9		→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	71.0	•	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	44.5	•	-	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	••	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
	147 (SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	77.1			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	6.8	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	NA		••	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	89.9	•	1
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	69.1	•	7
,	20.5			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	74.9	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality	NIA			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	1.1	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	NA		••	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age $25 + (\%)$	96.4	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land Man area that is pretected in torrectrial cites important to biodiversity (%)	22.1		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	32.1	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	9.1	•	7		NA	•	T
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8 NA		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •				
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	78.2	•	1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	86.9	•	\rightarrow	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.7	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	66.2		0.0
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	90.0	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	41.3	•	\rightarrow	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	95.9	•	
${\rm CO_2}$ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA		• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA		• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	NA		• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%)				SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	20.0		7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Makila broadband subscriptions (por 100 inhabitants)	29.8		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	17.8	•	4
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	0.0		→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA						

MAURITANIA

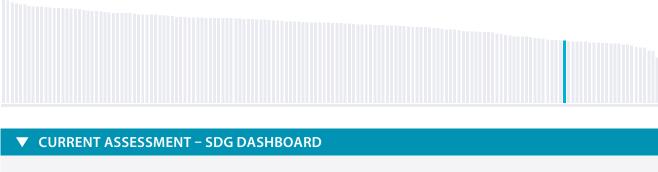
Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 51.6 52.8

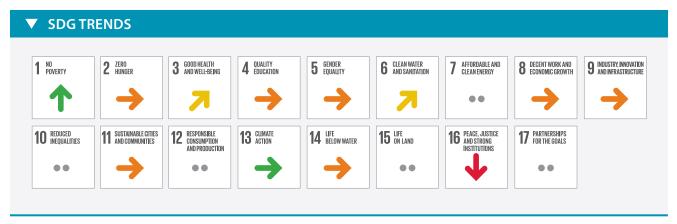


SDG Global rank

134 (OF 156)







MAURITANIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	6.2 1.4	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	1.5	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	5.3			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	5.3	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	0.0
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.6	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	12.7	•	+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	32.4		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.2	•	7	•	52.1		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	OF 1		.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	85.1	•	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	602.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	63.0	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	33.7		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	31.0		Ţ
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	81.4		7		51.0		•
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	102.0	•	7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	٥٢		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	18.5	•	4	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	123.9	•	• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	123.5			Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	24.2		→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	18.3	•	•
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	63.1		1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-322.6		•
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	80.5		<u> </u>	SDG13 – Climate Action			
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	65.1		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.7	•	7
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	70.0		7	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	51.1		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	•	•
	4.7		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	•
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4./	•	Ψ	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
5DG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	64.4	•	
let primary enrolment rate (%)	70.9		→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.8	•	-
Mean years of schooling	4.3	•	\rightarrow	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	62.1	•	j
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	56.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	17.1	•	j
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	15.7	•	
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	64.8	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	23.0		1
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	61.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	45.8	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	14.6	•	7
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	25.2	•	7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		۰
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	7
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	103.7	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	69.6	•	7	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.0	•	•
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	44.6		7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	10.2	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	15.9	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	44.5	•	•
nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.5	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	46.0	•	1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.5	•	
ccess to electricity (% population)	38.8	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	2.7	•	1
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	44.7 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	65.6	•	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	28.0	•	_
djusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.3	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	37.6	•	
lavery score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	20.9	•	7	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	10.2	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	66		
. ,	. 0.2				0.0		
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	100		-	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	18.0		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	29.3	•	T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	1.5	•	4	Tax Travell Score (DCSCO S WOISC)	0.0		

MAURITIUS

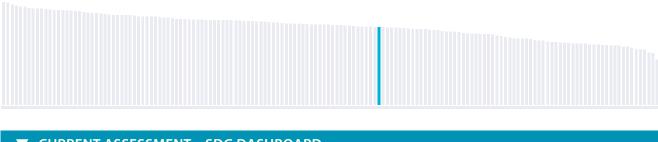
Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 64.5 52.8

SDG 17 SDG 16 75 SDG . 3 SDG 15 SDG SDG 14 4 Mauritius SDG 5 SDG 13 SDG 12 SDG 6 SDG 11 SDG 10 8 **▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG**

SDG Global rank

90 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD































6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION







▼ SDG TRENDS















17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



MAURITIUS

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	j Treno
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.2		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA		• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	5.2		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA 10.0		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	10.8		↓	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	49.1	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.5	•	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	1.2	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	15.0	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	53.0	•	→	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m ³)			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.4	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.9	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	13.7	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	71.0	•	T
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	22.0	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	2.3	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	22.5	•	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	9.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	8.4	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	28.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	19.6		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.1	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	37.5	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	12.9		Ψ.	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	226.0	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.6		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	26.9	•	1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.4	•	4
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.8		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.7	•	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	92.0		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA	•	
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	65.4		7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.2		7	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	7.1		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	94.9	•	4	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.3		→
Mean years of schooling	9.1		7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	63.6		Ţ
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	40.4		→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	28.9		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	13.9	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	6.5	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	92.6	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	62.1	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	25.7	•	\rightarrow
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	11.6	•	Ţ	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.4	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA			Annual change in forest area (%)	4.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.9	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	26.1	•	• •
High-income countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	_	••	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	93.1		7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.7	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	26.4		••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	176.0	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	42.4		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	66.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.1	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	99.2	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.7	•	4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	99.3		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA		
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	1.4		\rightarrow	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	50.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	0.3	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	100.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	89.8	•	→	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	7.2	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.7		_
				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		9.0
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	52.2		1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/4		3.3
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)			T	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	18.1	•	7
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	51.6		T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	4.5	•	T		2.0		

301

MEXICO OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

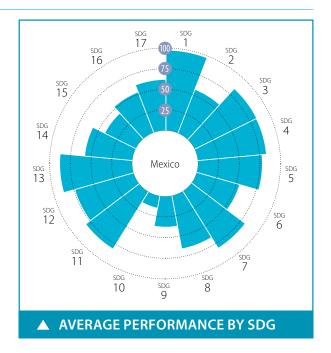
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

84 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





































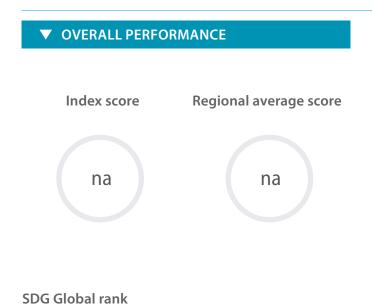


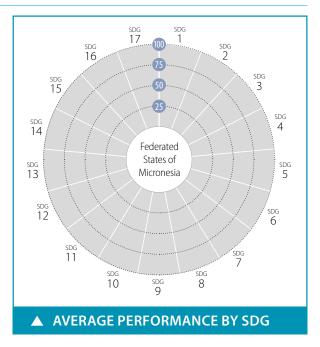
MEXICO

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	2.9	•	1	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.1		4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	1.2 16.7		↑	7= extensive and efficient by international standards) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.9	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	4.2	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	23.5	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	13.6	•	1	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.6	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.6	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	28.9		+	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	0.8	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	3.7 0.9	•	→	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	0.1	•	\rightarrow
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.5			Gap in internet access by income (%)	NA	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	38.0	•	→	Women in science and engineering (%)	29.2	•	• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.8	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	57.8		.1.
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	14.6		→	Palma ratio	2.5	•	▼
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	22.0		→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	25.6	•	• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000) Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes,	0.1 15.2	•	→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	202		
and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)		•	→
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	31.4	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%)	97.8 60.0	•	↑ →
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	11.8	•	1	Rent overburden rate (%)	7.7		••
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	76.7		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	61.4	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	8.2	•	
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	95.6		• •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	45.6	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	96.0 60.7	•	↓	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	16.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.4		→	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.3	•	• •
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	4.3	•	• •	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	27.8 34.4	•	• •
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	NA		• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.2		• •
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	7.6	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	95.5	•	_	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.9	•	7
Mean years of schooling	8.6		→ →	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.9	•	• •	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst) CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0 980.7	-	• •
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	16.8		7	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	0.3		• •
, ,	415.7	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	10.9	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	47.8		4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	77.6	•	• •
Resilient students (%)	12.8	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	92.0 63.6		→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	26.2		Ţ
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	12.6	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	34.4		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	95.3	•	• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	12.4	•	7
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	55.9	•	\rightarrow	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	42.6		↑	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	31.0	•	→
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	16.5	•	4	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	9.2	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	5.8	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	42.6	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA 45.2		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	16.4	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	24.1		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	174.3		• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	8.6	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	40.0		*
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7) Property Rights (1-7)	2.9 4.0	•	7
Access to electricity (% population)	99.2		→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	95.0	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	86.2 1.5		1	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	29.0	•	1
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	9.2		1	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	12.4	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	7.2		•	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Adjusted Growth (%)	-3.0	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.6	•	7
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	36.9	•	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		•	• •
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	61.1	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	12.0		
Employment-to-Population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	21.8		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	13.9	•	7
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	54.4	•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	59.5	•	1				
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	58.9		$\dot{\uparrow}$				

MICRONESIA, FEDERATED STATES OF

Oceania









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SDG TRENDS

















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















MICRONESIA, FEDERATED STATES OF Performance by Indicator

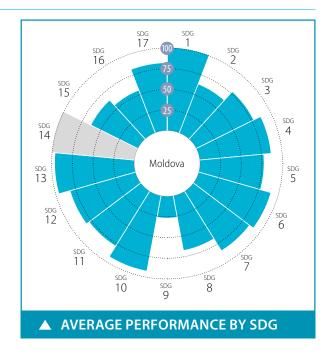
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Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) SDC4 - Quality Education	•	•	•		
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) NA SDG4 - Quality Education	•	•			
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) SDG14 – Life Below Water SDG14 – Life Below Water	•	•			
SDG/ - Quality Education					
Mean area mail's projected in manne sites important to biodiversity (%)	•	•	•		
Net primary enrolment rate (%) 84.0 Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100) 91.3		•	•	٠	4
Mean years of schooling NA •••	•	•	•		ŕ
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) NA Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100) 83.0	•	•	•		<u>.</u>
SDG5 – Gender Equality Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) 92.3	•	•	•		
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in NA ••• Fish caught by trawling (%) NA ••• In the caught by trawling (%)	•	•	•	1	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%) NA SDG15 – Life on Land					
Female to male labour force participation rate (%) NA Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 0.0	•	•	•	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		•	•		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation Red List Index of species survival (0-1) 0.7		•	•		Ψ
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%) NA •••	_		_		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) 88.4					• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) NA • SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) 68.4 • • • Homicides (per 100,000 population) 4.7	•	•	•	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources NA Prison population (per 100,000 population) 126.9		•	•	•	0
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita) NA Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where NA they live (%)		•	•	•	• •
	•	•			0 0
Access to electricity (% population) 71.7 • ↑ Property Rights (1-7)	•	•			0 0
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 24.8 Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a NA		•		(0 0
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) NA • • • civil authority (%)					
3Dd6 - Decent Work and Economic Growth	•	•		1	• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%) -6.4 • • Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) NA		•	•	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100) NA • Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 0.0 • USS million per 100,000 penulation)		•	•	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or NA • • US\$ million per 100,000 population)					
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
Unemployment rate (% total labour force) NA •• Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) NA •• Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	•		•	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public NA		•	•	•	•
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) NA finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	•	•	•		1
Troportion of the population using the internet (70)		•	•		0 0
Troportion of the population using the internet (70)					

MOLDOVA

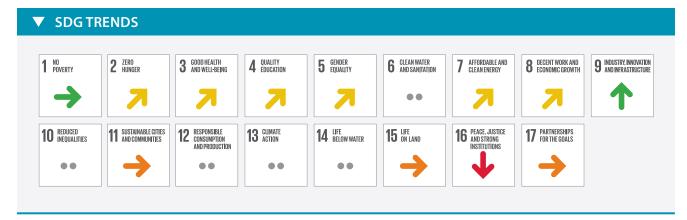
28 (OF 156)

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 74.5 69.5 **SDG Global rank**







MOLDOVA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value F	Rating T	rend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.4	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	8.5		••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.4 1.9	•	т →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.4	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	18.9		Ţ	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.2		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	30.1	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	22.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	20.6	•	→
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	23.0 11.9		マ イ	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	87.6	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.9		Τ' →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	61.0	•	→
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	101.0		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		^	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.1		^	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.8	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	23		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	21.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	93.3		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.5	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	10.7	•	•	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	1.6	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	72.1		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-150.4	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	22.7		了	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.7		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.4	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		•	T	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	64.5		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.3		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0		• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			i	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	86.9	•	T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	11.9	•	.	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	15.5	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	•	••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	101.7	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	86.1	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	23.6	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	22.8	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	10.8		→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	1.6	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.7	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	78.4	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.2		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	13.2	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	179.7 42.0		• • • ·
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.9	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	42.0		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.8	•	T
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.4	•	Ţ
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	93.5 1.3	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	99.6	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	31.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	16.3	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	43.8	•	+	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.5	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	17.8		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			••
	71.0	•	↑	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/1		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)					40.4		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	47.3	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	19.4		•

MONACO Western Europe

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

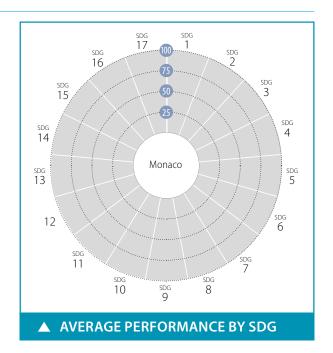
Index score Regional average score

na



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



MONACO

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	NA NA		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	1.2	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.0		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	• •	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	•	• •	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	NA	•	• •	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	NA		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being		_		of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	INA		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.8	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.4	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0 NA	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	NA	•	••	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	INA			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	100.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	8.6	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	NA		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	NA		• •	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	NA	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA	•	• •
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.5	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	NA	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	86.3	•	→
Mean years of schooling	NA NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	24.5	•	+
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	INA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	44.9	•	4
SDG5 – Gender Equality		_		Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	NA	•	• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	20.8	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	100.0	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	0.0		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	53.7	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)			→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.9	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	90.1	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	NA		• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		•••
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	\rightarrow	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	100.0		• •
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	NA	•	• •	civil authority (%)	100.0		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA		• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	5.4	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	0= 1			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	. NA	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	95.2	•	T	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		0.0
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	75.0		T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA NA		• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	NA		• •	and self-self-self-self-self-self-self-self-	14/7		

MONGOLIA

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

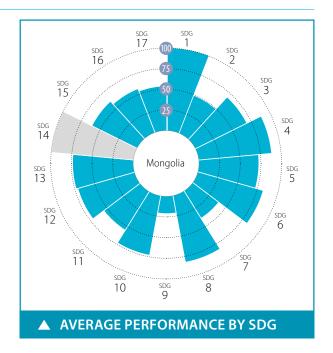
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

95 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















MONGOLIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Rating	Trend		Value F	Rating	j Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.2 • 0.0 •		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	10.6		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	19.6		Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	10.8		Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.0		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	20.6	•	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	37.1	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.3	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	37.11		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	22.6		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	23.6		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	44.0	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	34.8	•	T
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.7	↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.0		*
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	17.9	1		50.0		•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	183.0		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.7		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)		•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	29.9	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)		_	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)			• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	254.0		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	24.1		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	234.0		Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.9	_	0 0
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	20.8	4	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	40.5		0 0
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	68.8		Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-751.7	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.9		Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	7.1	•	1
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.0		Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	0 (
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	59.6		Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	0 (
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.3		CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	16845.2	•	0 (
	J.J •	1	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	07.0	•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.8	T	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	9.8	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.5	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		0 0
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	19.0 •	1	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	105.3	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	42.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	79.6	→	Mean area that is protected in ferestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	42.0 39.1		7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	17.1 •	1	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)		•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Annual change in forest area (%)			•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA •	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.2	_	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	83.2	1		2.2		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA •	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	59.2	\rightarrow	Homicides (per 100,000 population)		_	0 (
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	2.4	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	184.9		0 (
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.4 •	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	49.0	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.1	•	7
Access to electricity (% population)	85.6	↑	Property Rights (1-7)		•	7
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	31.9	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.3		•
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	3.3	4	civil authority (%)	,,,,		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	36.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	1.1	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	17.3		
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0		Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990		•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	93.0		US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	7.0	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.1		0 (
		•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	77.2 A	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	. INA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	22.3 • 80.3 •		Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	11.3	•	T
			Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)		•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	3.3	1.		0.0		

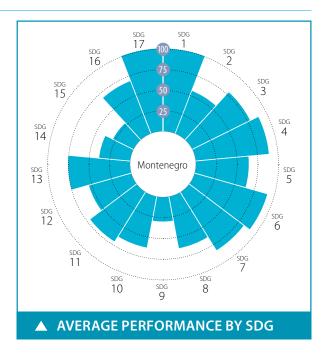
MONTENEGRO

SDG Global rank

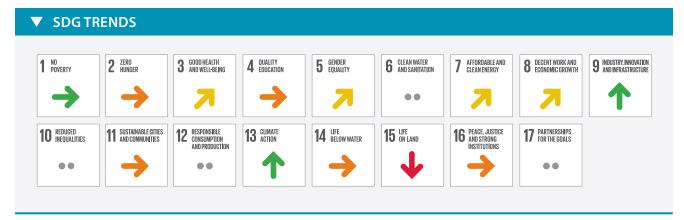
69 (OF 156)

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 67.6 69.5







MONTENEGRO

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)		•	••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.4	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	+	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.4	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	2.8	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.3		₩	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	40.7	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1	_	7	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	1.1			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	23.4	•	→
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	7.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	94.1		T
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.4	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	45.0		Ţ
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.8	•	→		TJ.0		•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	16.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	NIA	_	
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	22.0	•	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7.1	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	18.5	•	• •
	0E 7		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	85.7		•	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-10.9	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	10.3	•	4	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	76.1	•	÷	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	329.3	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	12.1	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.0	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.6	•	1
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	47.0	_	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)			7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.6		Ţ	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	71.2	•	• •
	5.0	•	•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	02.7			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	93.7	•	*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	92.9	•	→
Mean years of schooling	11.3	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	60.2	•	\rightarrow
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.2	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	45.0	•	4
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	34.6	•	Ψ	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	52.8	•	+
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	89.2	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	2.1		→
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	76.6	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0		→ →
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	23.5	•	1	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		Ţ
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	2.1		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	41.2		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		71.2		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	2.7		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	95.9	•	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.7	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	180.7	•	•••
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.3	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	71.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.7	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.9		Ţ
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	74.2	•	7	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.4		•
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.8	•	→	civil authority (%)	,,,,,		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	46.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.8	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	12.5	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	68.4	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	16.0	•	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
	. 0.0		•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	60.0		A	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Makila broadband subscriptions (por 100 inhabitants)	69.9		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	60.0		↑	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	3.6	•	-1		0.0		

MOROCCO

Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

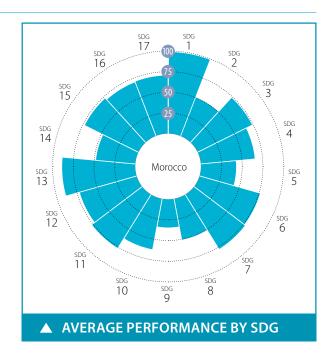
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

77 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





2 ZERO HUNGER













7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY





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5 GENDER EQUALITY







MOROCCO

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.4		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.5	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	16.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	3.5		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.7	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	2.3	•	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.9		Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	41.2	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9		•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
	0.5			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	23.0	•	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	121.0	•	•	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)			Ť
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	17.8	•	†	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	94.1	•	4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	27.1		†	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	54.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	103.0		-	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	16.7		1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	3.7	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	26.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	12.2	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	36.4	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	18.6		4	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.3		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	31.7		7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	73.6		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.7	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	59.0	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.3	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0		• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	94.5	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	44.2	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	5.0	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.6	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	91.2	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	53.4	•	+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	24.4		•••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	12.7	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	62.0	•	→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	59.4	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	33.7	•	4	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	43.5	•	1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	20.5	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	80.8	•	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	\rightarrow
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	4.9	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.7	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.1	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	49.0	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	221.1 74.0	•	^
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	3.0	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	74.0		1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.8	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	91.6	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	4.6	•	*
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	99.4	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	94.0	•	• •
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	2.0	•	7	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	40.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	8.3	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	28.6	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	9.3	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.9	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	58.3	•	↑	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
				0.1	22.2		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	44.8		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	23.3	_	• • •

315

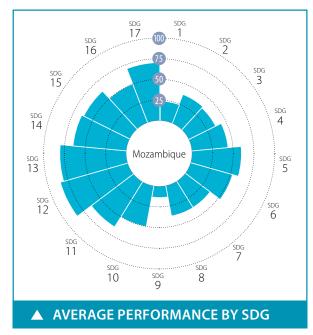
MOZAMBIQUE

Sub-Saharan Africa

SDG Global rank

138 (OF 156)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 50.7 52.8







MOZAMBIQUE Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value 1	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	66.5 39.9		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	25.5			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	26.6		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			↑	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.1		1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	7.2		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	45.5		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.8		1		75.5		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	10.5		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	19.5	•	W
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	489.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	71.7	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	27.1		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	44.0		7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	71.3		1		77.0		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	551.0	•	4	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.1		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	3.6		1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	22.9		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	108.7	•	• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	0 0
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	100.7			Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.3	•	0 0
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	33.1	•	4	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	5.2	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	57.6		†	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-40.7		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	138.9		7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	54.3		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	80.0		1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	46.5		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.3		Ţ	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	4095.1		• •
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7.5		•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	00.6		_	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	99.2	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	89.6	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	89.9	•	4
Mean years of Schooling	3.5	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	55.7	•	\rightarrow
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	67.1		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	45.9	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	20.0	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	56.8	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	14.1	•	1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	54.3		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	26 E		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	110.6	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.5 74.1		7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	39.6	•	1				→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.7 0.3	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	47.3	•	7		0.5		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	23.6	•	\rightarrow	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.4	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.9	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	57.1	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	9.7	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	51.0	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.8		T
Access to electricity (% population)	21.2	•	\rightarrow	Property Rights (1-7)	3.5		~
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	4.4	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	47.9		7
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.3	•	→	civil authority (%)	47.5		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	25.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.9		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	22.2	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0			Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	41.7	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	25.0	•	4	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.4		0.0
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			0.4
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	17.5	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	11//		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	32.8		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	20.1	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.5		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.5	_	•	· ·			

MYANMAR

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

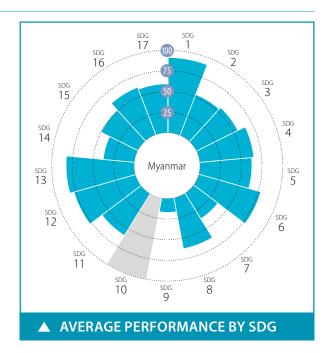
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

113 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD











































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















MYANMAR

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trei
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	10.0 2.7		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.3	•	• (
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	4.50			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• (
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	16.9		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.9	•	↑	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	5.8		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.6		→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	54.4		.1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu q/m^3$)	34.4		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	178.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	51.9	•	,
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	24.5		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	76.0	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	50.8	•	1				
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	361.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.4		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.4		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	24.5	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.4		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	209.9	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.4		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		-		Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		
Fraffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	19.5	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)		•	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	66.6	•	→		14/1		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	29.0	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action Formy related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ (capita)	0.4		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	60.2	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4		
surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90.0	•	4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	51.1	•	7	-	0.2		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.2	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	5903.0	•	
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	99.5	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	6.6		•
Mean years of schooling	4.7	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	85.8		-
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	84.8	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	51.2	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	39.1	•	-
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	22.8	•	1	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	19.7 46.9		-
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	100.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	64.2	•	T	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	22.6		-
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	10.2		7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	18.5	•	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	6.4	_	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	67.5		7	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.0	•	•
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		••	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	64.7		T	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.4	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	3.7		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	113.2	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.1		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	75.0	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.8	•	
Access to electricity (% population)	52.0	•	\rightarrow	Property Rights (1-7)	3.0	•	
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	9.1 1.6	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	81.3	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	30.0	•	;
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	1.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	9.3	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	26.0		••	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	0.8	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
. ,	5.0			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	25.1		7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	L INA		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	25.1 56.3		↑	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	6.4	•	-
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;			Т	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.4						

NAMIBIA

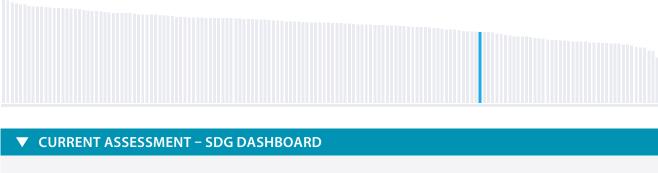
Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 58.9 52.8

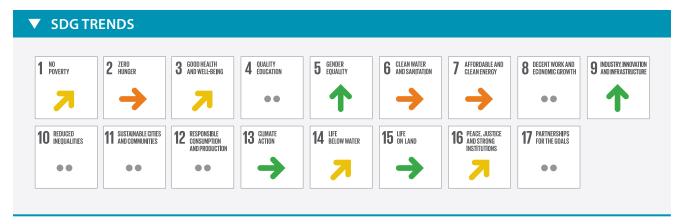
SDG 17 100 SDG 16 SDG SDG . 3 SDG 15 SDG SDG 14 4 Namibia sdg 5 SDG 13 SDG 12 SDG 11 SDG 10 8 **▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG**

SDG Global rank

114 (OF 156)







NAMIBIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value 1	Rating Tr	rend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	22.8 17.6		7	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.8	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	28.8	•	•	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	23.1 7.1		T 7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	17.2	•	Ĩ	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.5		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	66.4	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1			SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	265.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	21.4	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	265.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	97.1	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	17.8		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	54.0	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	45.2		1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	446.0		7 7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,			<u>^</u>	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	5.0	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	10.0		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	6.3	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	37.3	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	103.6	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-20.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	30.2	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	23.6		Ψ	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-183.7	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	65.8		1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	75.0		→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.6	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	88.2		A	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.7	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	85.0 56.0		1	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.4		•	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.1	•	• •
	4.4			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	00.7			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	91.4	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	89.7 6.7		_	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	98.1	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	94.4		•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	84.3	•	\rightarrow
,	77.7			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	34.2	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	21.6	•	•	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	12.3	•	• •
union, ages 15-49)				Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	88.1	•	→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	106.2	•		Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.4	•	4
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	89.7	• -	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.4		4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	41.3	• 1	T	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	31.5	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)		•	•	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	5.2	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	78.8	• -	→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)			•	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	16.9	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	33.8		→	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	144.8		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.9		•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	42.0	•	••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.2	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	49.6	• -	→	Property Rights (1-7)	5.0		→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	45.9 2.5	• -	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	87.1	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	51.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.6	•	•	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	••
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	• •	•	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	80.6	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	23.3	• ;	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.2		
	_5.5	- /		High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	31.0		7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	65.0	•	†	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	29.5		→
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;				Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		

NAURU Oceania

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

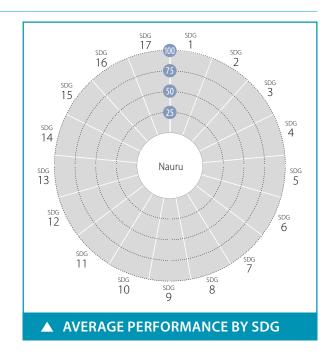
Index score Regional average score

na



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



NAURU

		D				D	
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value				Value		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	NA NA	•	••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	1.2	•	• •		0.1		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)) 24.0	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1 NA		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.0	•	• •		INA		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	61.0	•	4	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Cipi Coefficient editected for top income (1, 100)	NΙΛ		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		• •	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		_	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	NA		• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA		• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	68.4	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	22.2	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	34.6	•	↑	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	112.0	•	\	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	NA	•	• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	NA		• •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	NA	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	NA		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	NA		• •	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	NA	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.0	•	7
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	97.4	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91.0	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA NA	•	••	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
	INA		• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	042			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	84.2 NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	80.3	•	\rightarrow
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		•••	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	50.7	•	4
	14/1			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	93.5	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	NA	•		Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	18.3	•	• •
union, ages 15-49)	IVA		••	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	10.5	•	\rightarrow	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	T
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	NA	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)			• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA NA	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	137.6	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	NA		• •
, , ,	11/7			they live (%)			
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy Access to electricity (% population)	99.2	•	→	Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	99.2 NA		7	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	•	••	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	82.6	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA		
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	7.9		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or		•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%)				SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	54.0	•	• •	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	32.6	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	NA		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		- 0

NEPAL

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

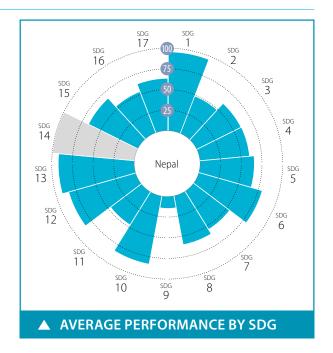
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

102 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS



2 ZERO HUNGER















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















NEPAL

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value 1	Rating Tr	end		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	5.6 0.5		1	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.3	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.5			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	8.1		•	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	11.3 4.1		7 →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.6		7 1	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	33.5	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8			SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	75.0	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	258.0	• 1	†	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)	60.0		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	21.1	• 1	†	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	60.0		*
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	34.5	• 1	†	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	63.0	•	T
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	154.0	• -	>	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	• -	>	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	21.8	• ;	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.5	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
	185.3			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.1	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	105.5			Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.5		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	17.3	• 2	7	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	6.5		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	69.2		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-46.0	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	62.1		7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	55.6		0	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	83.0	• 1	^	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	52.9	• ;	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.7	• 4	↑	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	94.7			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	4.1	• -	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	84.8	• •		Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	29.3	• 1	1	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	•	••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	64.0			SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	96.4		_	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	54.6	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	29.6		l.	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.5	•	→
•	29.0		•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	NIA			Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•		Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.4	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA NA	_		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	46.1		7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.3	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	5.9			Prison population (per 100,000 population)	54.3	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.4		•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	60.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.2	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	84.9	• 1	1	Property Rights (1-7)	4.0	•	7
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	26.1 1.6	• -	→ L	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	58.1	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			•	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	31.0	•	->
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.7	•		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	37.4	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	Ĭ	•	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	45.4		7	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.7	• -	>	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.8	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	•	• •
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19.7	• ;	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	12.7	•					
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	30.5	•	↑	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	18.7	•	1

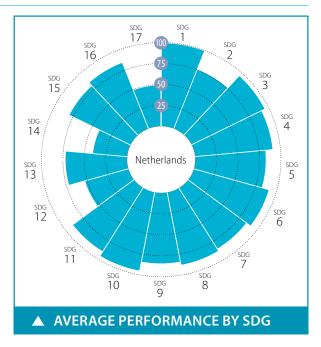
NETHERLANDS

OECD Countries

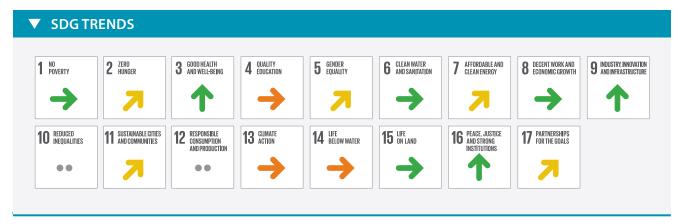
SDG Global rank

11 (OF 156)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 79.5 76.9







NETHERLANDS

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating 1	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.2	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	6.2	•	→
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	0.2 7.9		•• →	7= extensive and efficient by international standards) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.3	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	67.6	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5 2.6		•• →	universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.8		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.0	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	20.4 7.8		↓	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	9.2	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7		• •	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	68.5	•	→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Gap in internet access by income (%) Women in science and engineering (%)	14.5 26.1		••
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	7.0		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	20.1		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.5		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	29.4	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	3.8 5.9		→ →	Palma ratio	1.1	•	• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		غ	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	3.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	11.1	•	→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μq/m³)	14.6	•	→
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	12.2	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	→
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	3.6		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	68.0 9.3	•	1
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	81.9		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19) Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	4.1 NA		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	23.3	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	94.0	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	99.1 3.8		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	82.6		→	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	20.8	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	7.5 1.7	_	→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	47.7	•	• •
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	21.4		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	223.6 1.6	•	• •
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	19.0	•	1	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day) SDG13 – Climate Action	1.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	9.9	•	-
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.3		+	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-1.2	•	• •
Mean years of schooling Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	11.9 NA		↑	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.2	•	• •
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	36.0		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	5754.7 54.0	•	• •
PISA score (0-600)	508.0	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)	34.0		•••
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	12.5	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	18.5		4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	95.7	•	• •
Resilient students (%)	30.7	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	90.0 45.4		↑
SDG5 – Gender Equality	10.4			Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	31.3		→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	10.4		→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	48.4		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	95.1		• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	97.4	•	4
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	83.8		→	SDG15 – Life on Land Man area that is protected in torrection sites important to bindlines it (0/)	00.0		
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	36.0 14.1		+	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	90.8 90.4		→ →
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	100.0	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	3.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	13.6	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	97.5		→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.6	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA 21.1		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	64.1	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	10.1	_	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	83.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	5.2	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7) Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	6.2 100.0	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0		→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	82.0	•	→
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	1.5 5.9		л →	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	J.7			Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	3.3		• •
Adjusted Growth (%)	-1.2	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100)	100.0		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.4	•	1
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	99.6	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.6	•	¥
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	75.9		→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	7.8	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	4.0	•	0.0
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	90.4		→	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	66.0		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	88.4		†				

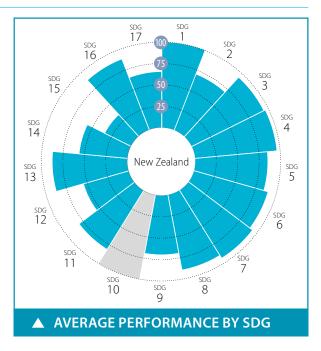
NEW ZEALAND

OECD Countries

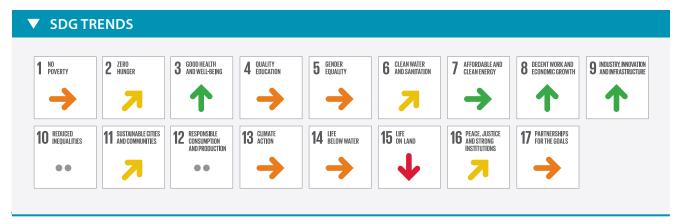
SDG Global rank

17 (OF 156)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 76.9







NEW ZEALAND

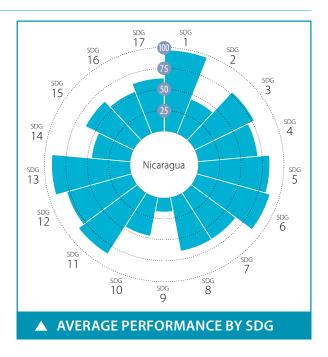
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Ratin	g Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.0	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.8	•	→
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	0.0 10.9	_	+	7= extensive and efficient by international standards) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	3.5	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				infrastructure (1=low to 5=high) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	47.9		• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5 2.6		··	universities (0-100)			
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.6 1.2	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	30.8		+	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	7.9		1
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	8.4 0.9	_	→	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	27.7	•	个
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.9			Gap in internet access by income (%)	19.0	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	11.0	•	→	Women in science and engineering (%) SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	26.7	•	• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3.0	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	5.4		→	Palma ratio	1.4	•	4
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	7.3 0.0		→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	10.6	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.4		→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	5.5	•	→
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	0.3	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	→
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	6.1	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	47.0 NA		•••
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	81.6		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	20.6		1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	19.0	•	
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.6 92.0		·· →	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	70.2	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	78.3		1	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	14.3	•	0 (
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.3		→	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	10.9 43.9		• •
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	3.9		• •		-1223.4	•	
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100) Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	3.7 14.2		• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	NA		0 (
SDG4 – Quality Education	14.2			SDG13 – Climate Action			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.5	•	T	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	7.7	•	7
Mean years of schooling	12.5		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	-2.0 0.1		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		•	
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%) PISA score (0-600)	36.3 505.7		• •	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	1.5	•	
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	13.6		• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂) SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%)			T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	71.8	•	• •
Students performing below level 2 in science (%) Resilient students (%)	17.4 30.4		••	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	92.7	•	7
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	79.2	•	7
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	11.8	•	→	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	33.7 38.3	•	4
union, ages 15-49)	4000			Fish stocks overexploited of collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	43.1		1
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%) Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	100.8 85.3		•• →	SDG15 – Life on Land	15.1		•
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	34.2		Į.	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	47.2	•	-
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	7.8	•	V	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	12.0	•	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.6 8.9	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	100.0		1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	10.2		•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	75.9 NA		→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.9	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	2.8		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	201.4	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	7.1	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7)	68.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Property Rights (1-7)	5.4 6.3	•	→ →
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0		→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	0.0
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0		→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	89.0	•	7
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	30.8		→	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	3.0		
Adjusted Growth (%)	-0.3		• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years 1) with an association at a heart or other financial institution	100.0		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	17.4	•	7
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	99.2		→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.2	•	1
Employment-to-Population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	76.9 11.3		→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA 0.0		• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	11.3			Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	56.2	•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	88.5	•	1	The secret secre	50.2	Ī	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	100.8		†				

NICARAGUA

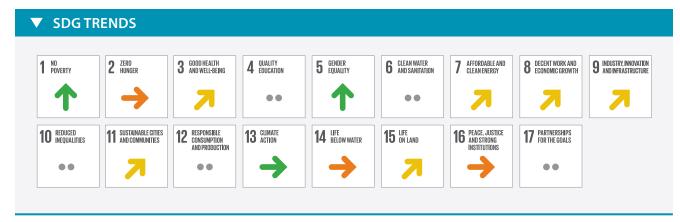
76 (OF 156)

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.4 66.0 **SDG Global rank**







NICARAGUA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	ating Trend		Value	Ratino	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	3.2	• 1	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)		•	• •
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.6	• ••	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	17.0	• ••		0.0		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	23.0	• 7	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0		••
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.5	• →	i i	0.1		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	23.7	• ↓	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.8	• ↓	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	46.5	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0	• ••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	150.0	• 7	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	27.4	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		• →	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	95.3	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		• →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	74.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		• →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)		• →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,		• 个	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.7	•	
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	10.5	• •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	5.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	101.0	• • •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	12.2		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	14.9	• 7		-139.0		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.8	• →		133.0	-	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	86.9	• 7	SDG13 – Climate Action	0.0		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	88.0	• ••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.8		7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.0	• →	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	65.4	• 7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.5	• 1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.0	• ••	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	52.9		• •
Mean years of schooling	6.5	• →	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	80.8		→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)			Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	64.9	•	1
, ,			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	26.2		1
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	7.2	• →	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	35.0 21.7		↑
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	106.3	• ••	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	59.9	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	73.7	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)		• 1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	65.8	•	→
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	43.7	• · ·	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	4
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	N.I.A		Annual change in forest area (%)	14.3	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)		• ••	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.8	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		• ••	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	11.5	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	76.3		Prison population (per 100,000 population)	175.7	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.4 4.4	• ••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	62.0	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.7	•	7
Access to electricity (% population)	81.9	• 7	Property Rights (1-7)	3.4	•	7
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	49.2 1.2	л •	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	84.7	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	26.0		al.
	1.1		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)			•
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)		• • •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	14.5		• •
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	80.0 30.9	• 7	US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	4.4		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.4	• T	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.1	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	24.6	• 7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	23.5	• →	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	16.2	•	7
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	3.5	• 1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •

NIGER

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

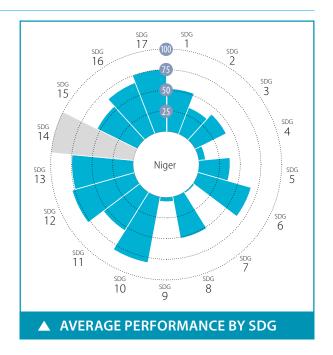
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

148 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

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▼ SDG TRENDS



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12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

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NIGER

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating T	[rend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	41.0	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)		•	• •
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 – Zero Hunger	28.4	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	11.3	•	• •	universities (0-100)	0.0		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	43.0	•	→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	18.7	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	5.5	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.5	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	34.0	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	FF2 0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	62.7	•	\
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	553.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	89.8	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	25.7		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	50.0	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	91.3		1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	93.0		T M	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2	_	*	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.2	_	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	17.8	•	T	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	_	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	191.7	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	34.8	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	28.4	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-31.1	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	61.8	•	1		31.1	_	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	194.0	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1		_
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	39.7	•	• •		0.1		7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	67.0	•	Ψ.	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1		•••
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	43.1	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.4		••
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.6	•	Ψ.		0.0		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water		_	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	63.8	•	7	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	1.7	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	23.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	53.9	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	•	••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	47.8	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	74.4	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	42.8	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	17.0	•	<u>.</u>	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	45.3	•	\rightarrow
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA			Annual change in forest area (%)	56.6	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	45.8	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.3	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	_		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.5	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	3.8		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	42.8	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	4.9	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	67.0	•	→
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	14.3	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	3.1 4.0	•	↑ →	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	63.9	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			•	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	33.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	30.5	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	15.5		→	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	0.3	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12 5		
	0.5			. 3.	12.5		T
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	4.2		_	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	4.3		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	18.3 NA		→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	IVM	•					

NIGERIA

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

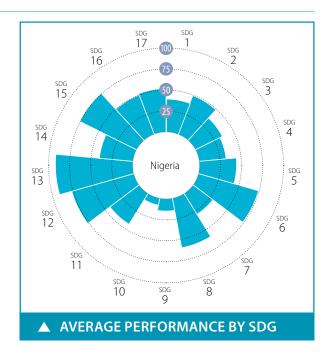
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

150 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS



NIGERIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	42.6 44.0		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.4	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)		•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.9		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	8.9 1.4		1	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	59.8	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	38.0	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	814.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	13.5		J.
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	34.1	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	59.0		T
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	104.3	•	7		33.0		•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	219.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.6		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	1.0		1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.6	_	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.8	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.2		••
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.2		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	150.0	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	20.6	•	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	54.5	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	109.3	•	→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	•	4
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	35.2	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2		•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	49.0		1	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	48.7		\rightarrow	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1011.4	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.3	•	→	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	64.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	70.9		1
Mean years of schooling	6.0	•	\rightarrow	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	36.3		j
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	66.4	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	45.3		÷
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	13.4	•	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	52.3	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	28.5	•	→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	69.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	70.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	84.3	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	79.6		→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	5.6	•	4	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	59.1 0.9		→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	5.6		7
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.3		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		0.5		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	9.8		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	32.6	•	1	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	31.9		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	5.8		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	59.0		1
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.6	•	• •	they live (%)			•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.8	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	57.7		7	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6	•	1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	2.3		+	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	29.8	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.2	•	1	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	27.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.2		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	24.7	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0		••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		• •
$\label{eq:Adults} Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or \\ with a mobile-money-service provider (%)$	39.7	•	1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	7.0	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	25.7	•	7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	c NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	23.7		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	1.5	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.3		4	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.5						



▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

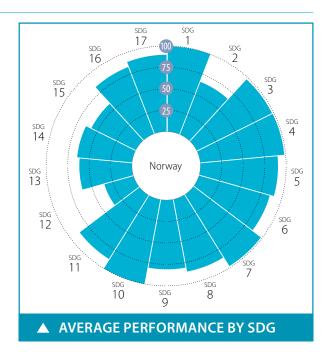
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

6 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



































NORWAY

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	ting Trend		Value	Ratin	ng Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.3	• →	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.2	•	→
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.3		7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			•
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	8.1	• →	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.0	•	•••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	••	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	51.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		• →	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.9	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	23.1 4.6	• ↓	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	11.1	•	→
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index		•••	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	17.1	•	4
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.5		Gap in internet access by income (%)	15.1	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5.0	• →	Women in science and engineering (%)	26.6	•	• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		• →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	267		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.6	• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) Palma ratio	26.7 1.0	•	7 →
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	0.1	• →	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	4.4	•	• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	• →	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	9.6	• →	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µa/m³)	9.1	•	→
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	6.3	• • •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	→
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Satisfaction with public transport (%)	62.0	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	3.3		Rent overburden rate (%)	10.6	•	0 0
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	81.8		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	28.3	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0	_	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	69.9	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	84.1		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	4.3 34.2		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.6	• •	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	56.4		••
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	1.5		Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	311.8	•	• •
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	17.4		Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	2.0	•	• •
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	12.0	• →	SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education	00.0	• →	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	9.3	•	7
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	99.8 12.7	• →	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-19.5	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)			Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	• •
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	43.0	• →	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	81827.5 51.0		• •
PISA score (0-600)	504.3	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)	51.0		
Variation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	8.2	••	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	18.7	•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	56.5	•	• •
Resilient students (%)	26.5	•	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.3	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	77.7	•	→
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	7.3	• →	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	58.3 12.8		+
union, ages 15-49)			Fish caught by trawling (%)	40.3		7
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	100.8		SDG15 – Life on Land	10.5		•
Female to male labour force participation rate (%) Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	90.0 39.6		Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	54.7	•	→
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	7.1	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	58.3	_	÷
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	95.0	• →	Annual change in forest area (%)	4.5	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA •		Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	21.0		• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	78.4		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA •	••	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.6		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1.2		Prison population (per 100,000 population)	79.7		
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	13.0	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7)	93.0 5.0	•	→ →
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Property Rights (1-7)	6.0	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	• →	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0	• → • →	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	85.0	•	\rightarrow
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	57.8		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0 3.5	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	ر.ر		
Adjusted Growth (%)	-3.7	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100)	100.0		Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.8	•	1
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial	99.7	••	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	1.0	•	÷
institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	740		public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Employment-to-Population ratio (%) Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	74.0 9.4	• → • →	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
	7.4	- 7	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst) Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	0.0 51.6		• •
SIJ(49 = Indictry Innovation and intractivity			r maneral secreey secre (best 0 100 WOIst)	0.10	_	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	97.3	• →				

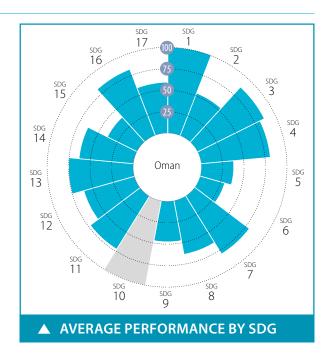
OMAN

Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 63.9 62.1

SDG Global rank

94 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS













5 GENDER EQUALITY











10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















OMAN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Rating	g Trend		Value Ra	ating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.4	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.1		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	6.2	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2		• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	14.1	1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2		••
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.5			0.2		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	27.0 • 5.7 •	•	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	1.0		Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	53.3	•	4
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	17.0	\rightarrow	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	02.1		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.2	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	92.1		1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	10.7 •	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	73.0		• •
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	9.0	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	17.8	↑	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	14.0	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	5.4		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	39.3		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	35.6	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.0	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	25.0		Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	29.2	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	25.0		Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	23.2	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	76.6		SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	7.9		Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	15.4	•	\rightarrow
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	,,,,	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-2.9	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0		Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	75.8	•	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	10232.6	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.9 •	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	15.1		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	95.0	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	92.9		
Mean years of schooling	8.1 •	\rightarrow	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	64.5		7
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.7 •	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	60.5		7
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)			• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	45.3 •	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)		•	
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	90.6	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	34.6	_	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	11.5	•	\rightarrow
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	1.2	•	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	88.5	A	Annual change in forest area (%)	50.0	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA •	•	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	6.0	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA •		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA •		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.1	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	33.3	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.4	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	→	Property Rights (1-7)	5.2		<u> </u>
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA	-	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.1	7	civil authority (%)	1471		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	44.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA •		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	73.6	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	16.0	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	77		
	10.0		• 5 .	7.7		→
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	600		High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional publi- finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	: NA		• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	69.9	↑	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	91.5	T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	4.9	→		0.0		

PAKISTAN

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

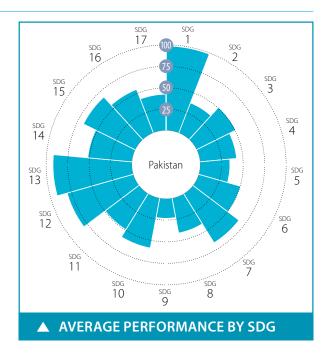
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

126 (OF 156)





▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





































PAKISTAN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating 1	[rend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	2.6 0.2		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.7	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	29.9	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	19.9		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	10.5 8.6		→ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.1		→ →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	42.4	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	65.0	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	178.0	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	55.4	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	45.6		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	61.0	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	78.8		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	268.0		→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.8		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.4		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	24.7		→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.1	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	5.0	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	153.9	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.4	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	13.1	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	14.3		7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-66.7	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	66.4		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	37.7		7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	52.1	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	61.0		*	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	43.8	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	5.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.8	•	+	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	75.3	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	77.8	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	78.0	•	1
Mean years of schooling	5.1	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	46.4	•	\rightarrow
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	72.8	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	73.2	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	39.3	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	33.7		T	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	23.9	•	4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	56.9	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	40.3		_
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	30.1	•	→	Mean area that is protected in rensatial sites important to biodiversity (%)	38.9		4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	20.6		Ψ.	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9		Ţ
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.1	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.8	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	58.3		7	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	42.4		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	102.5		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	59.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.5	•	T
Access to electricity (% population)	97.5	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6		Ţ
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	44.8 1.4		7 7	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	33.6	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	32.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	21.3		→	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.0	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	5.1		J.
			•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	15.5	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mabile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	19.9		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	9.2		• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;			7	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		

PALAU

Oceania

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

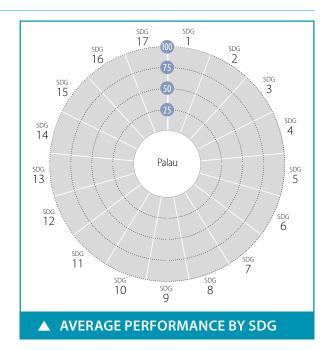
Regional average score

na



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



2 ZERO HUNGER

3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

4 QUALITY EDUCATION • •

5 GENDER EQUALITY

6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION . .

7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY

8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH • •

9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE • •

.

11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES .

12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION . .

13 CLIMATE ACTION . 14 LIFE BELOW WATER

15 LIFE ON LAND . 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS ...

17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS .

PALAU

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Rating	Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	NA NA		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	•	• •	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	NA 55.3	•	T	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		•	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	INA			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	NA	•	••
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA		• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.9		_
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.4	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		•
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.9	•	→		14/7		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	123.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NIA.		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	NA		• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	NA NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	NA		• •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.7		••
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	NA	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	NA		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	NA		• •	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	NA		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	12.3	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	•		Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0	•	1	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	45.9	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	99.1	•		Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	88.3		1
Mean years of schooling	12.3	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	74.8	•	÷
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.7		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	87.1	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	3.8	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	NA	•	••	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	F0.7		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	50.7		1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	12.5	•	\rightarrow	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	NA 0.8		T
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	1.6		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.6	•	1		14/1		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.1		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	3.1		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	NA		• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	NA		• •	they live (%)	1471		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	99.8	•	\rightarrow	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	58.3 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	NA	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA	•	• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.3		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%)				SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	NA	•	• •	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	0.0	•		Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	19.2	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		••	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

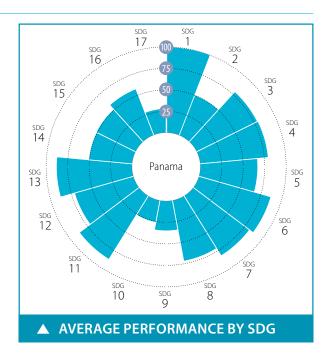
PANAMA

SDG Global rank

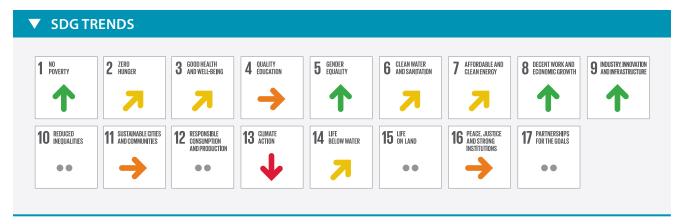
86 (OF 156)

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 64.9 66.0







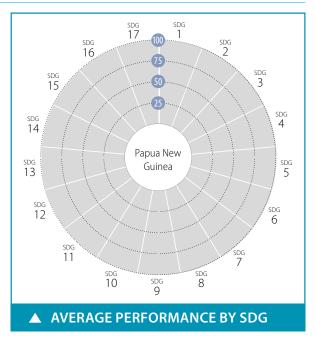
PANAMA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating [*]	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.6		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.3	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.2			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	9.3		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	1.2		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
			*	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	54.0	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.6		↑	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1	•	••	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	13.2		T
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.1.0			of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	13.2		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	94.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	97.7	•	个
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.6		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	64.0	•	· →
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	16.4		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	55.0		→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.2		• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.4		†	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	8.2		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	13.7		→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	13.3		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	8.5		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	28.9	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	4.9		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	23.5		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	10.7	•	1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)			• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	77.8	•	→		7.2		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	82.8	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action Formulated CO- emissions per capita (t/CO-/capita)	2.2		1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	93.9		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.3	•	•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	73.0	•	4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	63.2	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0		•
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.6	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	87.2	•	T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.9	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	9.9	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	83.3		→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	97.6	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	64.9		7
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	52.4		7
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	21.4	•	1	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	40.6 9.3		1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	108.4	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	65.0	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	38.8	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	18.3	•	.	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	5.6	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	95.0	•	1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	7.5	•	0 0
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	76.9		7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	11.4	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1.1		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	453.3	•	• •
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	8.7	_	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	52.0	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.3	•	7
Access to electricity (% population)	91.6	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	4.8	•	4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	85.6 1.1	•	↑	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	95.6	•	0 0
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	37.0	•	-
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	1.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	2.5	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0 0
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	46.5	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.6	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.7		0.5
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			0.4
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	54.0		4	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/4		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	59.2		T 个	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.7		A	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	4.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	т./		•				

PAPUA NEW GUINEA

Oceania

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score na na



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)























7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY









▼ SDG TRENDS



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3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING











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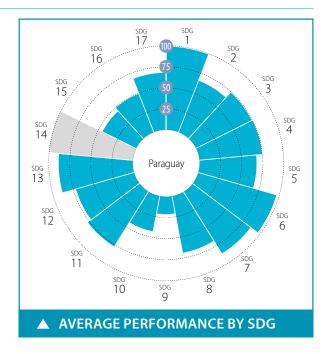
PAPUA NEW GUINEA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	30.2 23.7		7	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.3	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	14.3 21.3	•	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.7	•	₩	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	_	7	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	INA		••	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	13.9	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	215.0	•	7	, ,	70.9		_
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	23.5	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	70.9 NA		7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	54.3		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		••
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	432.0		\rightarrow	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.3	•	1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	36.1	•	\rightarrow	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.1		• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	75.0			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	75.6	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	16.9		.l.	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	2.2		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	62.9	•	↑	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-26.1	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	53.4	•	T →	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	53.0		••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.8	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	70.0		A	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	•	
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	39.4			Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
	39.4 NA		7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	3.6	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	84.3	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	86.3	•	→
Mean years of schooling	4.3	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	67.5	•	1
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	66.7	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	84.8	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	56.9	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	40.2	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	0.6	•	→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	69.8		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	7.2		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	97.4	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	7.3	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	0.0	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	•••
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	2.7	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	36.6	•	4	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.2	•	••
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	18.6	•	4	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	10.4	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.1	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	63.8	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	20.3		→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	31.3		\rightarrow	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA		• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	29.0	•	\rightarrow
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.3	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.7	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	9.6	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	8.9	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.3	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	. 47 (

PARAGUAY

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.0 67.2 **SDG Global rank**







72 (OF 156)



















1 NO POVERTY

















9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

▼ SDG TRENDS



2 ZERO HUNGER















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PARAGUAY

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating ¹	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.9		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.4	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	12.0		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10.9	•	Ţ	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	20.3		↓	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	47.9	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.4		•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.4	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	14.9		T
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	1220			of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	17.5		•
	132.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	94.9	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11.1		↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	49.0	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	19.9		→ →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	42.0		→ →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.2	•	
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.9	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	17.8	•		Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.7	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	84.0	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.6	•	
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	61.4	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	23.4	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-95.3	•	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.0		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)			7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)			• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		•	Ψ.	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	56.2		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.8	•	Ψ.	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	88.5		• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	
Mean years of schooling	8.1		7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA	•	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.3		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	8.8	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	98.8	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	22.2		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	67.4	•	↑	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	23.3		→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	13.8		→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	24.5		→ →
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	1.0		7
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	21.0		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.9	•	1		۷.۱		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.2		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	91.2	•	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	9.3		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.9	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	49.0		-
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.8	•	• •	they live (%)	77.0		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.9	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	99.0	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6	•	7
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	63.8	•	1	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	84.5	•	
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.1	•	→	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	29.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.8	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	27.6	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	48.6	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.8	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	15.3	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	51.3	•	↑	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
- - - -				0.1	126		7
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	49.4		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	12.6		

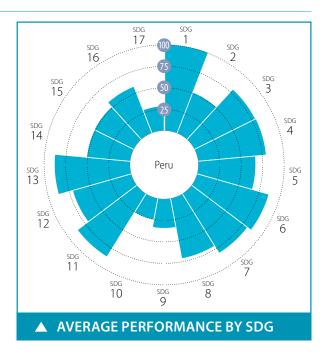
PERU

SDG Global rank

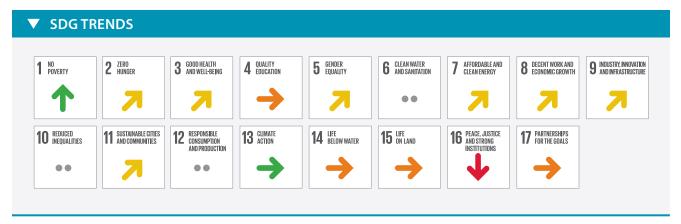
64 (OF 156)

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 68.4 66.0







PERU

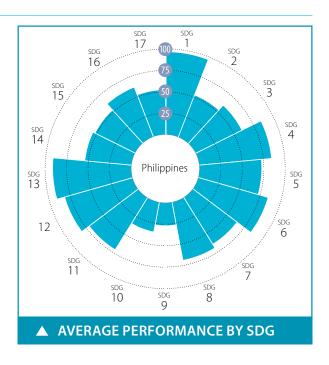
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	2.5 1.1		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.6	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	7.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	26.1	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	7.9		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.6		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	19.7		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	48.2	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.2		→	•	10.2		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	27.0		_
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			•	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	27.8		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	68.0		1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	89.1	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.5	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.0	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	15.3	•	→				
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	117.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.0		0.0
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.7		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	12.7		→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	34.6		0.4
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	40.1		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	42.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-33.3		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	19.0		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	13.3		7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-1.4		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	75.5	•	→		1.1		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	48.4	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.0		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	90.0	•	• •		2.0		→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	88.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	_	•
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	66.5		7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	403.4		•
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.7	•	\rightarrow	·	403.4	_	
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	95.2	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	60.0	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	9.0	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	81.2		+
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	59.7	•	+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	69.3	•	+
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	10.9	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	2.1	_	→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	88.4	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	81.7	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	30.7	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	27.7	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	63.4	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	3.0	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.3	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.2	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1.2		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	246.2	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	3.3	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	46.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.8	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	92.9	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6	•	J
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	67.6 1.1	•	↑ →	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	97.7	•	0 0
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	37.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.8	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	21.8	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	0 0
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	42.6	•	7	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	3.7	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.2		7
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			0.0
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	45.5	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1471		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	61.6		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.8	•	→
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.1		→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	0 0
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.1	-					

PHILIPPINES

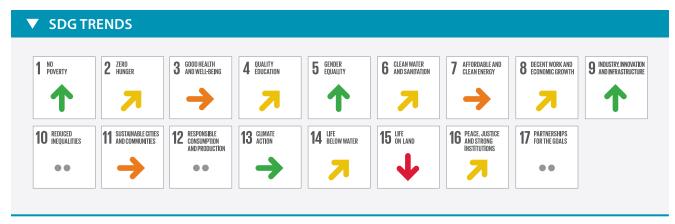
East and South Asia

85 (OF 156)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 65.0 64.1 **SDG Global rank**







PHILIPPINES

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	5.8 0.0	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.6	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	26.1	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	13.8		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.9	•	+	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	6.4		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	50.5		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.5		→		50.5		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	23.5	•	7
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	114.0		1	" 5 '	58.8		.1.
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	12.6	•	1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	70.0		.1.
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	27.1	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	70.0	_	W
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	554.0	•	4	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2	•	4	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	0 0
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	28.6	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.3	•	0 0
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	2.6	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.9	•	0 0
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	142.0		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.3	•	0 (
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	407			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	8.4	•	0 (
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	10.7		+	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	2.8	•	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	68.5		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	59.9		Ψ.	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.1	•	7
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	72.8		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	•	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	80.0		Ψ.	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	50.3		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	162.2	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.6	•	1	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	58.3		
let primary enrolment rate (%)	95.7	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	82.8		7
Mean years of schooling	9.3	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Blodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	57.2		4
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)			7
SDG5 – Gender Equality					43.4		
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	23.6	•	↑	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	23.4 4.5	•	1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	103.3			SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	66.0		A	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	41.7	•	7
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	29.5		*	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	48.1	•	-
,	27.5		•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	NIA			Annual change in forest area (%)	5.2	•	
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)			• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.8	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	90.5		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	9.8	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	75.0		→	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	134.8		
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	25.1 2.9		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	60.0	•	4
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				they live (%)	2.1		
ccess to electricity (% population)	89.1	•	1	Government Efficiency (1-7) Property Rights (1-7)	3.1	-	1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	44.8		<u>.</u>		4.2	•	1
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3		Ţ	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	90.2	•	
	1.5		•	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	34.0		٠
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.2			Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)			
djusted GDP Growth (%)	0.2		• •		0.0		
lavery score (0-100) dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	80.0 34.5		7	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	2.0			SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.8		→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	7.1	•	•
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure roportion of the population using the internet (%)	55.5	•	↑	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	•
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	46.4		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.7	•	-
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.0		4	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.0						

POLAND OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

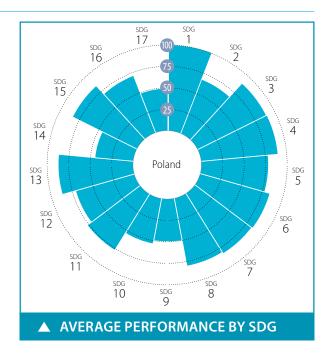
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

32 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



































POLAND

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.0	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.2	•	4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0	•	• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	11.1	•	4	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.2	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	28.3	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	••	universities (0-100)			
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6 0.7	•	↑	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.9	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	23.1		1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.0	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.0	•	→	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	5.2	•	1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	Triadic patent families filed (per million population) Gap in internet access by income (%)	2.6 56.3		→
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	41.0		• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	3.0	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	11.0		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.8	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	43.9	•	-
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.7	•	→	Palma ratio	1.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	18.0	•	7	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	8.5	•	0.0
HIV prevalence (per 1,000) Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.0	•	→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years	18.4	•	1	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	24.3	•	→
(per 100,000 population)				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)			
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	38.6	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	98.8	•	→
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	9.4	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	55.0 8.0		+
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	77.5	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.0	_	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	13.0	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	10.0	•	0 (
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.8	•	• •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	49.4		
surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0		→	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	32.1	•	
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	72.6		1	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0	•	
subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	6.2 3.2	•	↑	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	33.2	•	•
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	18.3		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	11.6	•	•
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	22.7		1	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	0.6	•	•
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG13 – Climate Action			
let primary enrolment rate (%)	95.0	•	7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	7.5	•	-
Mean years of schooling	11.9	•	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.3		
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	609.5		
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	28.7		1	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	11.9		
PISA score (0-600)	503.7	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
/ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	13.4	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Students performing below level 2 in science (%)	16.3	•	4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	86.6	•	
Resilient students (%)	34.6	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	77.8		1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	42.2 88.9		7
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	12.2	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	59.9	•	
union, ages 15-49)	99.2		• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	56.5	•	4
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%) Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	74.9		→	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	28.0		1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	88.1	•	-
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	11.1	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	91.8	•	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	7
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	93.9	•	1	Annual change in forest area (%)	7.7	•	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	3.3	•	0
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	77.1	•	7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources		•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population) Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	185.9 66.0		1
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.3	•	• •	Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.9	•	J
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Property Rights (1-7)	4.1	•	1
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) O2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)	100.0	•	→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	60.0	•	1
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	11.9		1	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			•	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.1		
Adjusted Growth (%)	-0.5	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
lavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.3		J
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	86.7	•	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.1	•	
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)				public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	66.1	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
/outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	15.1	•	\	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	0 (
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	72.2			Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	57.4		•
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	73.3		T				

PORTUGAL

OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

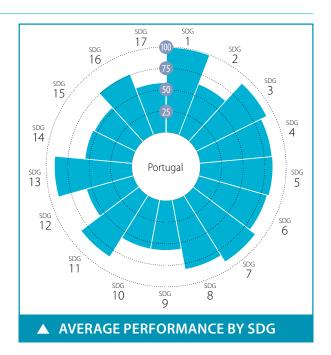
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

31 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS







































PORTUGAL

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating [*]	Trend		Value	Ratin	ıg Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.8	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.7	•	_
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.7		• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			7
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	12.6	•	4	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	32.8	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6	•	→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.3		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.3	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	20.8		+	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	8.8	•	-)
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.4		→	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	2.8	•	4
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1		• •	Gap in internet access by income (%)	63.0	•	0 (
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	100			Women in science and engineering (%)	38.1	•	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10.0		→ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.5		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	42.6	•	7
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	20.0		1	Palma ratio Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	1.3	•	•
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.6	•	4		10.0		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	11.3	•	→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	9.8	•	7
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	7.2	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	-
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Satisfaction with public transport (%)	55.0	•	4
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	7.7 81.1		1	Rent overburden rate (%)	11.8	•	•
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	9.9		→ →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.9		•	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	16.1	•	•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.0	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	56.6 11.4		•
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	77.4	•	1	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	8.5		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.7		7	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	42.8	•	
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	4.6		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	201.2	•	
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	22.0		• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.9	•	
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	16.8		• •	SDG13 – Climate Action			
SDG4 – Quality Education	06.3			Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.3	•	1
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	96.3 8.9	•	†	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	•	•
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.4		• •	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	•
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	23.8	_	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2.0	•	•
PISA score (0-600)	497.0		• •	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions from biomass (\notin /tCO ₂)	9.0		•
/ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	14.9	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%)			T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	62.5	•	
Students performing below level 2 in science (%) Resilient students (%)	17.4 38.1		••	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	97.6	•	_
SDG5 – Gender Equality	30.1			Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	54.9	•	-
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	9.3	•	~	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	40.9		-
union, ages 15-49)	7.5			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	70.5		۰
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	100.0		• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	11.3	•	4
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	83.6		→	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) Sender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	34.8 14.3		1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	73.8 64.0	•	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	14.3	•	Ψ	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)		•	
	05.1		•	Annual change in forest area (%)	31.2		
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	95.1	•	1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.9	•	0
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA 61.7		•• →	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.0	•	0
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	17.1		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	138.9	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	6.7	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	76.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.1	•	7
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7) Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	4.8		•
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	100.0	•	_
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.0		↑	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	3.4	•	•
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	27.2		→	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.5	•	•
5DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%)	-1.2		• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Slavery score (0-100)	100.0		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	14.6	•	-
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	92.3	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	0.2	•	•
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	67.8	•	→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	15.6		↓	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	54.7	•	•
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	70.4	•	↑				
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	62.5		†				

QATAR

Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

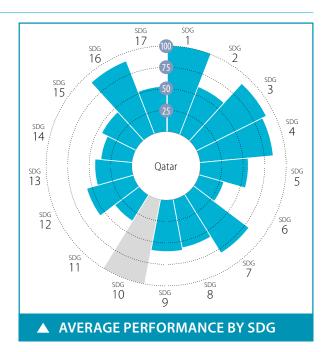
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

106 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















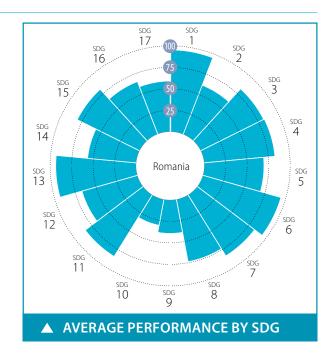


SDG1 – End Poverty		Rating			Value		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.6	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	1.2			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	37.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.2 2.6		••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.5	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.5	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	35.1	•	Ţ	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.7	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	107.3	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	13.0	•	→	2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m ³)	NA		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.1	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) Satisfaction with public transport (%)	65.0	•	••
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	8.5		→		05.0		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	23.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.3	•	• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0 14.2	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	16.3	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	14.2	•	T	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	70.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	31.7	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	23.8	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	12.0			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	42.9	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	12.8 78.2	•	T	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	137.4	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	10.2		→ →	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	45.4	•	\rightarrow
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-6.5	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	77.6	•	↑	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.4	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	150584.5	•	••
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	10.0	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	93.6	•	4	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	89.8		1
Mean years of schooling	9.8	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	63.0	•	Ť
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.7		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	45.5	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	27.4	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	114.7	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	12.4		_
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	61.4	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)			→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	0.0		→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	NA	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	7.0	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA oo e		•• →	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using salely managed sanitation services (%)	88.5 NA		••	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	8.1	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	472.5	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	54.7	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	148.2	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	92.0	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	5.3	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	5.6	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	100.0	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	63.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.8	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	65.9	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	0.2	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	5.8	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	94.3	•	T	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	139.9		T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.2	•	7	,	0.5		

ROMANIA

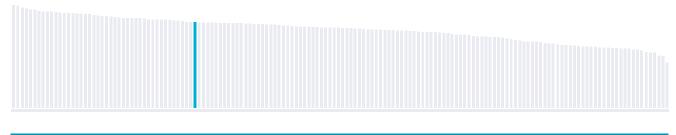
Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 69.5



SDG Global rank

44 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















ROMANIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	4.2	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)		•	• •
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	21.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.5		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	12.8		7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.5		••
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.5	•	→	i i	0.5		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	22.5		4	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	50.4		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.0	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	52.4		• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	31.0		→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	19.6	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.3	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	90.1	•	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	9.0	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	69.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	74.0	_	7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.0	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	21.3		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	9.2	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	21.5		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	22.8	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	30.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	79.8	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.2	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	39.5	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	8.9		1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	18.5	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	75.0		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	33.7	•	7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.5	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.5		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2		•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	86.0		Ψ.	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	66.7		7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	17.5	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.1		1	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	99.6		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	86.6	•	4	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	95.8		→
Mean years of schooling	10.8		7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	56.5		→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	50.5		Ţ
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)		•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	12.4	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	70.3		↑
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	93.6	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	77.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	69.9	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	77.8	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	20.7		→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	66.1	•	7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	7
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	3.8 2.1	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		۷.۱		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.5		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	5.1	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	145.2		• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.5	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	68.0	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.8	•	7
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.5		1.
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	81.9	•	1	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA		••
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.1	•	1	civil authority (%)	1471		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	48.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	0.5	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.9	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.5	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	57.8	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.2	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	8.7		de
			•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	59.5	•	4	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1474		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	80.2		4	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	16.8	•	→
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.3		4	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.5		•				

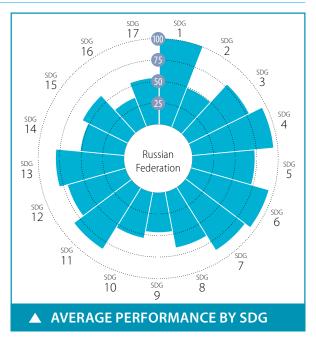
RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

SDG Global rank

63 (OF 156)









RUSSIAN FEDERATION

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.4	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	47.6	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.4		• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA		7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.1	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	23.1	•	+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	43.8	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.7	•	1	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	15.0		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	16.6		7
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	25.0			of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	10.0		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	25.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	96.3	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3.4	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	63.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	7.7	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	66.0	•	™	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	29.3	•	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	8.7	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	29.3			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	72.7	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	39.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	69.0	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-10.5	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	30.0	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	17.4		\rightarrow	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	70.5		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	22.5		1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	11.9	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.7		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.7	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97.0		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	63.1		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	9157.6	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.6	•	1	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	30.0	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.0	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.4	•	→
Mean years of schooling	12.0		1	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	91.6	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.7		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	57.6	•	Ţ
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	55.4	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	12.9	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	60.0	•	→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	99.2	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	27.2		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	78.9		→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	27.2 27.4		7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	15.8	•	4	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0		7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	6.5		••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)			• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	2. 1		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	11.3		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	88.8		7	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	468.3		
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	2.0		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	53.0		1
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	4.0		• •	they live (%)	33.0		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.5	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0		→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.6	•	1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	100.0	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.5		7	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	29.0	•	\rightarrow
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.7		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	4.6	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	75.8	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	E 2		•	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	40-		
. ,	5.2	•	T	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.7		• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	70.1			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Mabile broadband subscriptions (nor 100 inhabitants)	73.1	•	T	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	9 1		J.
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	73.7		T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	4.0	•	1	(5.0		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							

RWANDA Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

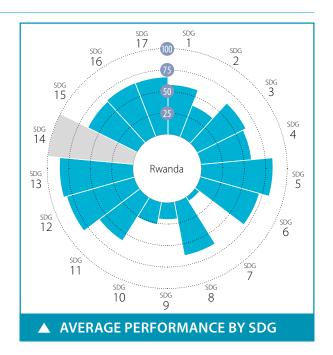
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

120 (OF 156)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS























10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















RWANDA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating T	rend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	45.5	•	7	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)		•	• •
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 – Zero Hunger	16.2		• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	41.1	•	• •	universities (0-100)	0.0		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	44.3	•	7	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.0	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	5.8	• •	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.5	•	Ψ.	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	53.3	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	200.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	49.7	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	290.0		T	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	72.6	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	16.5		↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	60.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	38.5		T	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	50.0		T	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	20.4		T →	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.6	_	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.4		7	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	142.1	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	9.5		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	32.9	•	Ψ	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	3.7		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	66.1	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	26.8	•	1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1		_
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	90.7	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1		
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95.0	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	52.4	• -	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	3.3	•	Ψ.	1 - 1	0.0		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water Manager and that is preferred in manager sites impost and to bind it prefer (0/)	NIA		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	95.9	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	3.8	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)			• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	82.3	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		•••
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA NA		••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	24.6	•	1	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	75.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	99.7	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	45.7	•	\rightarrow
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	61.3	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	47.8	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9		\rightarrow
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	5.0	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	56.7	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.2		• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	62.3	•	7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.5		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1.4	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	467.5	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.3	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	87.0	•	→
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	,			Government Efficiency (1-7)	5.4	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	19.8		7	Property Rights (1-7)	5.4	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.0 NA		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	56.0	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	55.0	•	7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	28.5	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	50.0	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	1.3	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.7		A
			-	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			0.0
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	20.0	•	~	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1474		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	28.9		A	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	14.9	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.7		4	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	т./		•				

SAMOA

Oceania

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

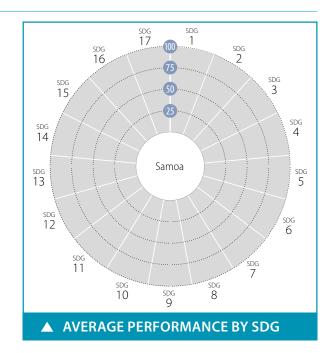
Regional average score

na



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



















8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















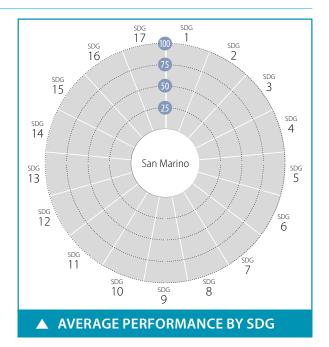
SAMOA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	j Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	3.2		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	47.3		1	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		• •	i i	1471		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	2.0		_
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μ g/m ³)	3.8		7
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	51.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	76.6	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.2	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	17.3	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	7.7	•	\psi	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.0		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	22.1		7	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.7		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	NA	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	15.5	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.0	•	→		INA		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	24.8	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action	1.0		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	82.5	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0		7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	62.0	•	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4		• •
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	48.3	•	\rightarrow	Climate Change Vulnerability Index CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA 24.0		•••
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	• •		24.9	•	••
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	94.9	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	10.3	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.2	•	→
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.2	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	88.7	•	→
DG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	64.8		1
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	60.7	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	33.7 NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	61.1	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	17.5	•	→
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	10.0	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	4
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	NA		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	95.5	•	1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	10.8		• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	96.6		→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.2	•	• •
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	259.3	•	• •
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	6.6		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	07.0			Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	97.9	•	T	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	27.5	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	58.6	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA		• •	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA	•	• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.8		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA		• •
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	NA NA	•	••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	0.7			SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	8.2	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.7	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	29.4	•	7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	22.5	•	<i>→</i>	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	24.2	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	1471	-					

SAN MARINO

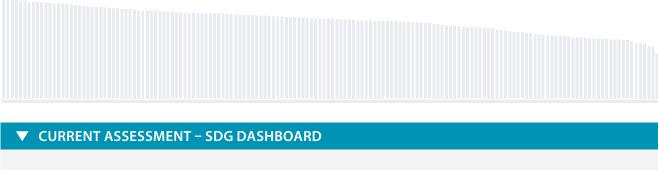
Western Europe





SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)









SAN MARINO

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Ratin	g Trend		Value	Rating	J Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	NA NA		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	INA			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	1.2	•	• •	universities (0-100)			
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2 NA	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	•	• •	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	NA		• •	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	147 (
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •		NIA		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	NA		• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	0.6	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA		• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.8	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		• •
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	0.0	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	NA		~	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	NA		• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	INA		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	NA	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	NA		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	NA		• •	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	NA		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		• •
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	NA		• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	48.5		
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	62.0	•	1	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	· ·	IVA		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	92.7	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	NA	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	NA		• •	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	• •
union, ages 15-49)	11/7			Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	26.7	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	\rightarrow
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	100.0	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	0.4	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		•	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	236.9		• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	77.9	•	→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	NA		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	6.3	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)			••
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→		NA		• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	•	• •	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	100.0		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA		• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.1	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	0 1		
	14/1			. 5	8.1		• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	40.0			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		3.5
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (por 100 inhabitants)	49.6		••	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	110.1		••	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	NA	•	• •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. 47 \		

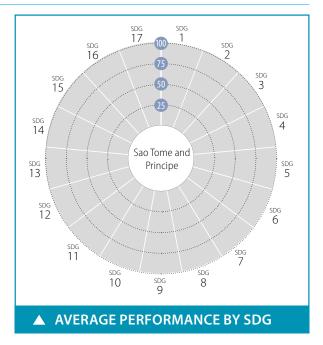
SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE

Sub-Saharan Africa

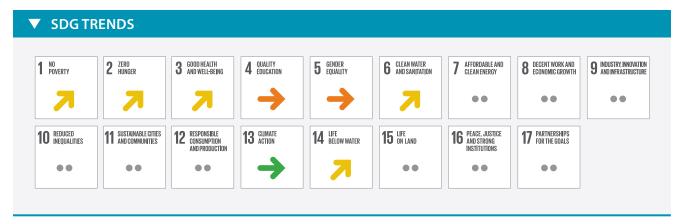
SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)









SAO TOME AND PRINCIPE

Performance by Indicator

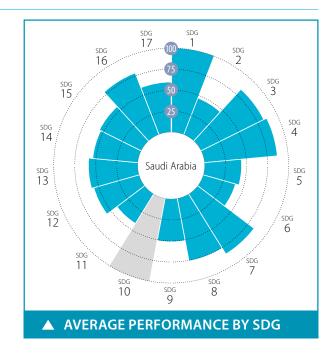
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	23.7 6.6		7	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	13.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	4.0 12.4	•	T	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.1		*	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	1471			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	13.9	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	156.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	95.9	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	15.0	•	↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	•
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	99.0	•	+	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.2		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	18.0	•	•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	134.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	11.8	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	33.1	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	4.4	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	67.5	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	96.3		→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	92.5	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93.0	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	55.5	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	0.5.4			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	63.6	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	96.1	•	*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	96.0	•	→
Mean years of schooling	5.3 96.7	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	65.0	•	1
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	90.7	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	28.0	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality	40.0		_	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	7.5	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	42.8	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	2.1	•	1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	78.3		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	54.4		_
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	54.8	•	→	Mean area that is protected in renestian sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		••
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	18.2	•	\rightarrow	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.5	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)			• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.2	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	79.7		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.4	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	40.1	•	→	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	93.5	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	0.5 NA	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	68.6	•	7	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	30.4 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	95.2	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	46.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.6	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	26.0	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	13.4	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.1		-
				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	•	7
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	28.0	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	87.7		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	14.6		• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA			iax naven score (dest u-s worst)	NA		

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SAUDI ARABIA

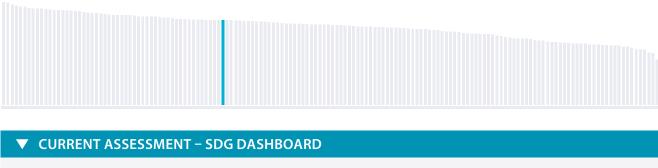
Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 62.9 62.1

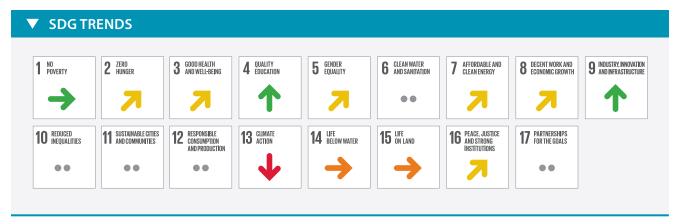


SDG Global rank

98 (OF 156)







SAUDI ARABIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value F	Rating	Trend		Value 1	Ratin	J Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	38.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	4.4		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.3	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			↑	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.8	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.8		1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	35.4		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	0 (
Cereal yield (t/ha)	5.2		→				
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	106.2		.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	100.2		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	12.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA	•	
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	6.9	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	71.0		-)
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	12.9		→				•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	10.0		1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.3		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	12.5		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	16.4	•	1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	32.5		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	57.9		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	69.0	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-10.1		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	39.5		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	27.5	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	130.0		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.5	•	→		150.0		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	8.3	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	19.5		J
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.0	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.9		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.0	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0		
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	72.9	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	34478.9		
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.3	•	→		34470.9		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water	20.0		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.4	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	20.9		•
Mean years of schooling	9.6	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	88.8		4
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.2	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	64.7		4
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	55.0		7
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	47.2	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	26.5 17.9		1
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	90.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	28.0	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	15.1	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	19.9	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	12.4		=
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9		-
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	0.0		•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	6.0	•	•
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	84.5		→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.5	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	1242.6	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	155.6		•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	27.1	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	77.0	•	•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.5	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	5.0	•	4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA		۰
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.7	•	7	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	49.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	0 (
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	•
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	71.7	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.7	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	8.0		
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA		
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	73.8	•	1	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	11//1		
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	74.0		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	•
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;			→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	4.7			,			

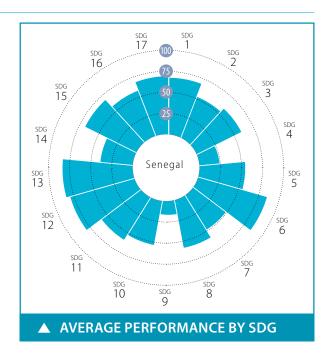
SENEGAL

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 57.2 52.8

SDG Global rank

118 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



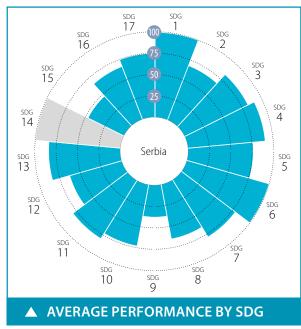
SENEGAL

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value 1	Rating T	rend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	30.9	•		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	17.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	11.3		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	19.4		T	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.5	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	5.7 8.8		↑ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.3		,	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	44.4	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	-	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	37.6	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	315.0	• ,	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	85.6	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	20.6		↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	42.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	47.1		⊥	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	140.0		♥	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	17.9		↑	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	17.5		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.5	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.2	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	88.4	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	10.8	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	28.0	• •	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-94.7	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	66.7		1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	74.9		7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	53.2		1.	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	93.0 45.3		*	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	43.3		7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	4.2	•	• •
	4.7		7	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	72.2			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	37.8	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	72.3 2.8		→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	76.7	•	4
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	55.9			Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	49.0	•	7
,	33.7			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	39.9	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality	E2 0		A	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	25.6		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	53.0		T	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	15.2	•	7
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	58.3	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	41.2		-
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	65.2	• '	T	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	41.8	•	Т	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	6.9	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.5	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	75.2		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA 7.2		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	58.8	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	7.2 5.6	_	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	46.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.9	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	61.0		7	Property Rights (1-7)	4.3	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	35.8 1.8		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	68.3	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	45.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	23.0	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	42.3	•	7	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.8	•	1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.1	•	1
				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		_	_	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	25.7	•	7				
·	25.7 26.0	•	个	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	20.5	•	7

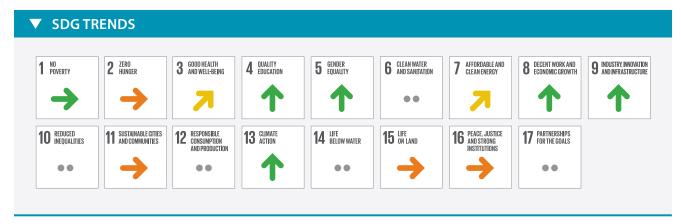
SERBIA

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score SDG 14 SDG 13 69.5 72.1 SDG 12 **SDG Global rank** 40 (OF 156)







SERBIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.2	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.5	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	0.1			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	4.3	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	5.6	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.6	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.0	•	*	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.9	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	3.9 21.5	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	6.2		₩	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	37.3	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	21.4	•	→
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	17.0	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	97.1	•	+
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.7 5.8	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	59.0	•	+
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 1,000 nive births)	19.0	•	マ	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		T →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	20.4		^	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.7		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	2.6	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	83.2	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-10.9	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	7.4	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	75.6		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	19.3		→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.3	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.4 82.0		.l.	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	65.2			Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.1		^	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	8.8	•	• •
	5.1		•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	95.7		•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	10.8		A	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.7	•	•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
·	,,,,			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	17.2		_	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
union, ages 15-49)				Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	90.4	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	26.2	•	→
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	74.4	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	31.1	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	34.4	•	Т	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	1.5	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	26.4	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.1	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA 4.3		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	113.7	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	1.6	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	73.0	•	→
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.1	•	1
	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.4	•	-
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	71.2	•	⊼	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	99.4	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	41.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	9.5	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.2	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	71.4	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	14.1	•	1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	14.5		٦١.
			•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	67.1	•	↑	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
					107		0.0
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	72.8	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	19.7		

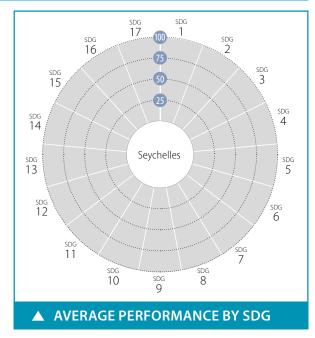
SEYCHELLES

Sub-Saharan Africa

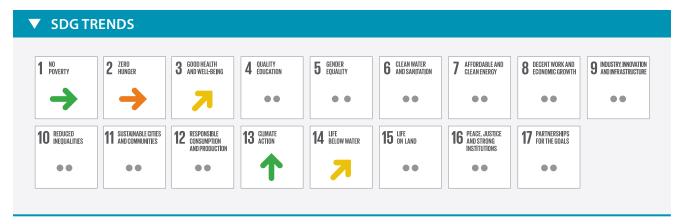
SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 52.8 na







SEYCHELLES

Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.9 0.7	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	NA	•	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)			0.0	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)			• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (% Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			+	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	4.3 14.0	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		•	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	INA		••	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	13.2	•	→
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA		• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.0	•	\rightarrow	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	14.3	•	→		INA		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	15.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	2.0		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	\rightarrow	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	3.0	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	21.7	•	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	10.9	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	20.6		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.1	•	• •
age-standardised death rate attributable to nousehold air poliution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	20.6	•	•	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	7.9	•	4	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	73.2	•	÷	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	57.8	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.0	_	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.4	•	1
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.7	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	59.7	•	-	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
	147 (SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	13.1	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	9.4		A	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.1	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.0		•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	74.9	•	→
	77.0			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	39.4	•	\rightarrow
SDG5 – Gender Equality	NIA			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	56.0	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	NA		••	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	21.9		→
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA		• •	Mean area that is protected in feel-esthal sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	21.2		4	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7		T
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.1	•	•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%) NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	40.3	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.2		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	766.7		
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	NA 63.7		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	NA	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.9		
Access to electricity (% population)	99.5	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)			• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	99.9	•	÷	. , , , , ,	4.1	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	•	• •	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	NA	•	
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	60.0		4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	0.5			Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	NA		••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	NA		••	US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	7.0		
	14/1			. 5.	7.0	_	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	56.5	•	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	. NA		• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	22.6		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.7	•		Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •

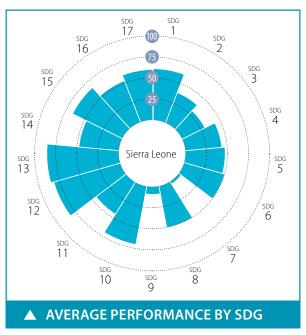
SIERRA LEONE

Sub-Saharan Africa

SDG Global rank

146 (OF 156)









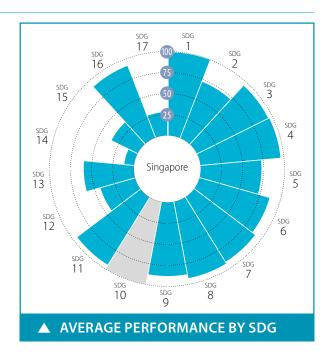
SIERRA LEONE

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating T	rend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	41.6 12.8		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	30.9	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	9.4		7		0.0		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	8.7		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	38.4	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.9	•	7		30.4	•	••
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	19.3	•	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	1360.0	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	43.4		4.
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	33.2		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	27.0		4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	113.5	•	1		27.0		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	304.0	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	٥٢		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.5	•	1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	30.3	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.4	•	••
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0		••
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	243.9	•	• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	273.9			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	0.7		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	28.5	•	Ψ.		12.3	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	50.1		7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-25.5	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	115.6		7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	59.7		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	83.0		T	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	44.6		· •	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.1		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.3			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	57.6	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	3.3		<u> </u>	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	76.2	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	57.0		•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	45.6	•	4
·	37.0			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	52.8	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality	CO C		_	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	2.1	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	60.6	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	29.6	•	4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	61.9	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	80.3		_
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	97.3	•	→	Mean area that is protected in fershwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	72.5		
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	12.4	•	Ψ.	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	17.0		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.6		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	58.1	•	7		0.0		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.9		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	14.5	•	→	Prison population (per 100,000 population)			•••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.2	•	• •		54.1 54.0		-
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	17.5		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	34.0		
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.2		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	13.1	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.5		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	2.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	76.7		• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	•	• •	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	30.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-5.1	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	37.4	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution o with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	r 19.8	•	→	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	4.5	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.8		A
. ,			•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA		0.0
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	110		_	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	IVA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	11.8 20.4		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	8.6	•	→
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	20.4		•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.0						

SINGAPORE

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 64.1



SDG Global rank

43 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



2 ZERO HUNGER



















.

1 NO POVERTY





3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING











SINGAPORE

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating 1	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	1.0 0.9		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	76.7	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)			• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.4		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.2	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.6		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	6.1		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		• •				
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.2	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	18.7		.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	10./		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	10.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	-
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.1		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	85.0	•	-
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.8		→				
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	51.0		†	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.5		0.0
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	19.6		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	10.2	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	100.0		0.1
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	34.3		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	15.9	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.7		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		_		Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	95.2		•
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	3.7	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	748.2		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	83.1	•	→		7 10.2	_	
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	3.7	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	10.7		.1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.6	•	• •		10.3		•
surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index			
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	81.7	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.1 89.3		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.4	•	→	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	09.3		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water	2.2		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	99.9	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	3.3		• •
Mean years of schooling	11.6	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	80.4		→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	47.9	•	4
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	17.2		7
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	14.1	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA		•
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	91.7	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	78.8	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	21.1	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	23.0	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	100.0	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	7.4	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)			•	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	53.0	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)			→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.3	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	31.7		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	225.6	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	14.3	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	94.0	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	5.8	•	-
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	6.3		4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA	•	
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO $_2$ /TWh)	0.9	•	→	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	84.0	•	-
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	0.9	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	100.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.6	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	97.9	•	→	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.0	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	7.4	•	4
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	81.0	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	148.4		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	0 4
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	6.4	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	3.0	•	0 0
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

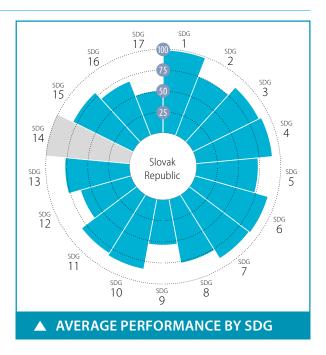
SLOVAK REPUBLIC

OECD Countries

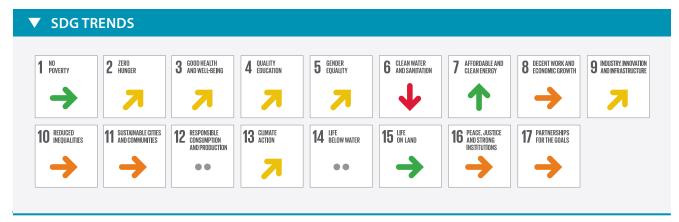
SDG Global rank

24 (OF 156)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 75.6 76.9







SLOVAK REPUBLIC

Prevalence of undernounshment (\$\text{Population}) in universities (\$Population	SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating Tr	rend		Value	Ratir	ng Tren
SOCI — Zero Hunger The Times siligar Education Processing Recognization of the process of part to part of the process of the process of transport (as the process of transport (as the process) of of transport (as the pr					7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	4.2	•	1
Freedersche of under Group in ment (%) population) Received of control gills wheeping ferrogal in children under 5 years of app (%) Received of sourcing flow height ferrogal in children under 5 years of app (%) Providence of sourcing flow height ferrogal in children under 5 years of app (%) Providence of sourcing flow height ferrogal in children under 5 years of app (%) Social years (white for sourcing flow height ferrogal in children under 5 years of app (%) Social years (white for sourcing flow height flow height flow the form of the flow height flow the flow flow flow height flow the flow flow flow flow flow flow flow flow	Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	8.4	• -	→		3.2	•	• •
heavelner of numbring flow height-basegils includen under Sysword raise (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) propulation (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalence of obserts, RML > 9 (% adult) prevalence (%) Prevalenc		3.1	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	21.0	•	• •
Presented or washing in Chronich under System 69 (et 9) Presenter and feek year seprenditure (% CDP) Present year (from 1) Present yea			• -	→	, ,	1.0	•	• •
Ease Jeed Only	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						•	• •
Justanable Nitogen Nanagement Index SDG3 — Good Health and Well- Being Vasternal in rorality rate (per 10000) leve births Vectoral mortality rate for the production of				*			•	7
SDG3 - Good Health and Well-Being Water and mortality rate (per 10,000 leve birth) Activated of tuberculosis (per 10,000 leve birth) Activated mortality rate (per 10,000 leve limits) Activated mortality rate (per 10,000 le							•	→
Advantage (per 10000) the births) Advantage (per 10000) population) Advantage (per 10000) population) Advantage (per 10000) population) Advantage (per 10000) population) Advantage (per 10000) population (per 10000) Advantage (per 10000) population (per 10000) population) Advantage (per 10000) population (per 100000) p	SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being						•	
secretate final prise (per 1,000 live births)	Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	6.0						
neidence of tuberculosis (per 10,000) oppulation) 176						33.4	•	1
## Dispersioner (per 1,000) ## Spess and chronic respiratory disease in population age 90–70 years diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in population age 90–70 years (per 10,0000 population) ## Spess and chronic respiratory disease in population age 90–70 years diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in population age 90–70 years figer 1,000 population (per 10,0000 population) ## Spess and chronic respiratory disease in population and ## spess and chronic respiratory disease in population and ## spess and provide death rate attributable to household air pollution and ## spess and provide death rate attributable to household air pollution and ## spess and provide death rate attributable to household air pollution and ## spess and provide death rate attributable to household air pollution and ## spess and provide death rate attributable to household air pollution and ## spess and provide death rate attributable to household air pollution and ## spess and provide death rate attributable to household air pollution and ## spess and provide death rate attributable to household air pollution and ## spess and provide death rate attributable to household air pollution and ## spess and provide death rate attributable to household air pollution and ## spess and provide and							•	7
Annual mean concentration of particulate mater of less than 2.5 micross (per 10000) population (per 10000) oppolation (per 100000) oppolation (per 10000) oppolation (per 100000) oppolation (per 10000) oppolation (per 10000) oppolation (per 100000)						3.4	•	•
Anthropogenic transport (%) ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) ambient air pollution (per 10,000 popu	diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years	17.6	•	↑	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	20.5	•	1
Part overburden rate (%) S2		41.3	•	• •	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	97.2	•	4
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) 39.6 working attended by Studie health personnel (%) 39.6 horbitals attended by Studie health personnel (%) 39.6 horbitals attended by Studies health personnel (%) 39.6 horbitals attended by Studies at the Studies of Studies and Studies at the Studies of Studies and St	raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)				Rent overburden rate (%)			1
inths attended by skilled health personnel (%) university affairs that where devel 2 Mich Developmended vaccines (%) physical Health Coverage Tracer Index (%)-100/ apin in Expectancy at birth among regions (years) apin infle expectancy at birth among regions (years) 117.7 *** *** *** *** *** *** *					SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) 95.0							•	•
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder sorte, 0-10) also in life expectancy at birth among regions (years) aspin life expectancy at birth among regions (years) and a proper of the expectancy at birth among regions (years) and a proper of the expectancy at birth among regions (years) and a proper of the expectancy at birth among regions (years) and a proper of the expectancy at birth among regions (years) and a proper of the expectancy at birth among regions (years) and a proper of the expectancy at the expectancy (years) and a proper of the expectancy at the expectan			• -	→			•	•
sap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years) alap in self-reported health by income (0-100) 17.7 22.9 30.64 — Quality Education teap riyears of schooling teap ryears that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) NA Ocean Health index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) NA Possiblent students (%) NA Ocean Health index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) NA Possiblent students (%) NA Ocean Health index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) NA Possiblent students (%) NA Ocean Health index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) NA Possiblent students (%) NA Ocean Health index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) NA Possiblent students (%) NA Ocean Health index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) NA Possible caught in the xide of schooling population age 25 + (%) NA Ocean Health index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100) NA Possible caught in the xide of schooling population value age in the xide of sc							•	
apin self-reported health by income (0-100) ality smokers (% population age 15+) DGA — Quality Education tet primary enrolment rate (%) tean years of schooling teary rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) NA □ 12.2 Tean years of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) NA □ 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) NA □ 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) NA □ 16-35 xcore (%-00) ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%) uudents performing below level 2 in science (%) 30.7 Macality Education 16.0 SDG1 — Life Below Water SDG14 — Life Below Water NA Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (%) NA Ocean Health Ind						40.2	•	•
SDG3 - Quality Education let primary enrolment rate (%) let			_				•	•
Energy-related CO2 emissions per capita (tCO2/capita) 12.2	Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	22.9	• •	V		1.2	•	•
Imported CO2 emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO2/capital)	DG4 – Quality Education					5.7	•	7
ilteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) topolation age 25-64 with tertiary education (%) 15/4 score (0-600) 15/5 score (0-600) 15/6 score							•	•
copulation age 25-64 with tertiary education (%) 15A score (0-600) 15B science explained by students' socio-e-conomic status (%) 15B score (0-600) 15B science (%) 17A value of performing below level 2 in science (%) 17B score (%) 17B scor	· · ·			•			•	0
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status (%) itudents performing below level 2 in science (%) itudents performing below level 2		463.0	• •	• •		10.1		•
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Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100) NA punion, ages 15-49) India to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%) India to male labour force participation rate (%) India to male many ears of schooling, population age 25 + (%) India to male labour force participation rate (%) India to male labour force participation rate (%) India to make a many that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) India to precise survival (0-1) India to precise a survival (0-1) India to pre		17.5	• •	• •			•	•
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### SDGR - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions SDGR - Affordable and Clean Energy SDGR - Affordable and Clean Energy Street (%) Single Foundable (%) Street (%)				*		5.5	•	0
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mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita) 5.6 ••• Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7) Property Rights (1-7) Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Conduction Specific (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) Adjusted Growth (%) Subject of Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Subject of Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) NA								•
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Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO3 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO3 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO3 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO3 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO3 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO4 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO5 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO5 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO5 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO6 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO7 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO7 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) CO7 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) To 7 entire gratauous with culturity (Co7 entire funded Seas of a ge (%) CO7 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh) Tansfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 12.3 High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) NA	3,	100.0	• -	→			•	4
Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 13.4 Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 13.4 Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 13.4 Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 13.4 Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 13.4 Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 13.4 Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 14.5 Constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 12.3 Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Imployment-to-Population ratio (%) Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 10.1 Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 10.1 Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) 10.1 Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) 12.3 High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) NA	Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	• -	→			•	4
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth Adjusted Growth (%) Adjusted Gr						0.0	•	•
Adjusted Growth (%) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Solution (1-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Employment-to-Population ratio (%) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) NA		13.4	•	r		0.1	•	•
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Imployment-to-Population ratio (%) 80.0 84.2 • • • • Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) NA		-0.6	• •					
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Imployment-to-Population ratio (%) 84.2 High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) NA						123	•	7
mployment-to-Population ratio (%) 66.2 Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) NA	dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution		• ,	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional			1
		66.2		1		N.1.4		
iak Havell Score (Dest 0'S Wolst)								•
5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst) 54.9	· ·						•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) 80.5 • ↑		80.5	•	↑				

SLOVENIA OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

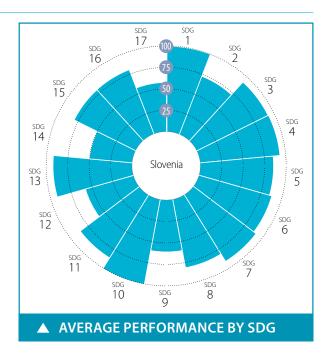
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

8 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS

























8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES















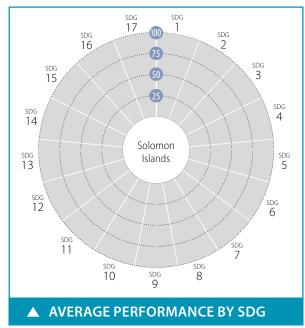
SLOVENIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)		•		Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.6	•	→
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	0.2 9.2		•• →	7= extensive and efficient by international standards) Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	26.1	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5 2.6	•	•• →	universities (0-100) Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.6	•	••
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.2	_	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	20.2		+	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	8.4	•	1
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	6.5 0.8		→	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	4.9	•	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.0			Gap in internet access by income (%)	60.4		• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	9.0	•	→	Women in science and engineering (%)	31.1	•	• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.3		÷	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	27.5		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.3		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) Palma ratio	27.5	•	7
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	6.5		→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	13.5	•	
HIV prevalence (per 1,000) Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes,	0.0		→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	13.2	•	→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	20.3	•	4
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	20.4	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.3	•	→
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Fraffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	6.5	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	67.0 5.9	•	1
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	80.8		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	5.5		
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	4.3	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	15.0	•	0 (
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.8	•	••	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	34.7	•	0 (
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	92.0 80.5		→	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	8.1	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.2		1	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	17.4	•	•
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.2		• •	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	34.7 125.0		
Sap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	20.8	•	• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	0.7	•	
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	18.9		• •	SDG13 – Climate Action			
DG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	6.2	•	1
let primary enrolment rate (%) Nean years of schooling	97.8 12.1	•	T	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-1.4	•	
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		1	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	
Opulation age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	30.7		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	450.5 23.3		•
	509.3	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)	23.3		
'ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic status (%)	13.5	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
itudents performing below level 2 in science (%)	15.0	•	T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	99.9	•	0 (
esilient students (%)	34.6	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	95.4		7
DG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	28.4		4
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	10.0	•	→	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	75.3 NA		
union, ages 15-49)	97.5	•	• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	89.7		
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%) emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	85.0		→	SDG15 – Life on Land			
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)		•	†	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.6	•	7
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	5.0	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	93.1	•	4
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	7
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	98.0	•	↑	Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.2	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	1 1.0		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	75.7	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.2	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA 6.1	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	67.7	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	9.1	-	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	88.0	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.0	•	¥
3,	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7) Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	4.5	•	1
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	98.2	•	→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	100.0	•	7
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.9	•	↑	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	•
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	20.9	•	1	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.0	•	0 (
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	1 7			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Adjusted Growth (%) Glavery score (0-100)	-1.2 80.0	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	140	_	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	97.5	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	14.8		1
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)				finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.2		4
mployment-to-Population ratio (%)			→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	•
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	11.6	•	4	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
5DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	75.5		A	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	41.8		9 (
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	75.5		1				

SOLOMON ISLANDS

Oceania

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score na na



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)





































▼ SDG TRENDS





















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















SOLOMON ISLANDS

Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) 17.2 • •• info		Value 1		
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) 17.2 • • • inf		value	Rating	Trend
	gistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related nfrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	••
3DG2 - Zero Hunger	e Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 niversities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	mber of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low neight-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) 32.8	search and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) 4.3	OG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Trevalence of obesity, bivil 2 30 (70 addit population)	ni Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
cerear yield ((rila)	OG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
A	nual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	6.6		_
of	f diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	0.0	•	7
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	proved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	72.6	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	tisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	OG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
	unicipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	4.3		
The prevalence (per 1,000)	vaste generated (kg/capita)	1.6		
rige standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, carreer,	thropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
20 70 (100 000) 111)	oduction-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.7	•	• •
	t imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100 000 penulation)	active nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Tueffe - de-the nete (new 100,000 - neudation)	t imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at hirth (years) 69.2	OG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent tertility rate (hirths per 1 ()()() women ages 15-19) 4/8	ergy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4	•	4
Rirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	ported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) 99.0 T	mate Change Vulnerability Index	NA	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) 40.5	emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.3	_	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) NA • • •		0.5		
SDG4 - Quality Education	OG14 – Life Below Water ean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	8.6		
Not primary oprologopt rato (06)	ean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	84.7		_
Mean years of schooling	ean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	77.5		^
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds both sexes (%)	ean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	89.5		4
CDCE Condensionality	h Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	28.7		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	h caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	••
remale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	OG15 – Life on Land	0.5		
remale to male labour force participation rate (%)	ean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	9.5	•	→
Seats neid by women in national parliaments (%)	ean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG6 - Cloan Water and Sanitation	d List Index of species survival (0-1) nual change in forest area (%)	0.8 4.5		+
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%) NA • • •	ported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA	_	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) 64.0 • 4		INA		
FIGURE COUNTRIES, DODUIATION USING SAIETA MAI INGREDI SELVICES (70)	DG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions micides (per 100,000 population)	2.0		
Other countries: population using at least pasic sanitation services (%) 31.3 • 7	son population (per 100,000 population)	3.8		••
Freshwater withdrawai as % total renewable water resources 0.0 ••	pulation who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	46.4 NA		••
Imported droundwater depletion (m2/year/capita)	hey live (%)	14/1		
CDC7 Affected to an electronic formation	vernment Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
	operty Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) 8.9 Chil	ildren under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	88.0	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh) NA • • • civ	ivil authority (%)			
	rruption Perception Index (0-100)	39.0	•	• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%) -5.2 • • • Chil	ildren 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	47.8	•	• •
	nsfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Addits (15 years 1) With an account at a bank of other infancial institution of	IS\$ million per 100,000 population)			
	OG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
	vernment Health and Education spending (% GDP)	17.5	•	• •
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	gh-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public nance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Troportion of the population using the internet (70)	her countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	27.2		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 initiabitants)	Reference (% GDF)	NA		• •

SOMALIA Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

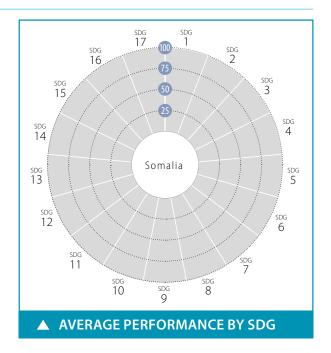
Regional average score

na



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















SOMALIA

SDC1 End Powerty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
SDG1 – End Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	52.6	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)		•	• •
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 – Zero Hunger	50.3	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA	•	• •	universities (0-100)			
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	25.3	•	→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	15.0	•	4	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	8.3	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.5	•	4	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	722.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	19.8	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	732.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	62.0	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	38.8		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	62.0	•	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	132.5 270.0		7 →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.3		7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	20.2		1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.2		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	140.3	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	37.0	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	26.9	•	\rightarrow	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-88.2	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	55.0	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	102.2	•	7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	9.4	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	42.0		4	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	27.2	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.7	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	79.8		→
Mean years of schooling	2.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	61.5		7
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	44.8	•	7
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	25.4	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	50.3	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	10.4	•	→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	25.1	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0		7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	24.4	•	7	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.0		7
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	3.7		••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.1		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	40.0	•	→		0.1		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	5.6		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	NA		
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	30.3	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	85.0		••
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	32.4	•	• •	they live (%)	05.0	Ĭ	
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	19.1	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	9.1	•	\rightarrow	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	3.0	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	•	• •	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	9.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	49.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	38.7	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	6.0	•	1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
	5.0		•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA	_	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	1.9	•	-	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1474		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	2.0	•	-	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

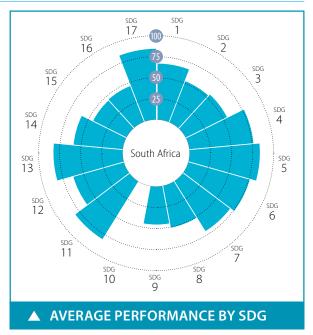
SOUTH AFRICA

Sub-Saharan Africa

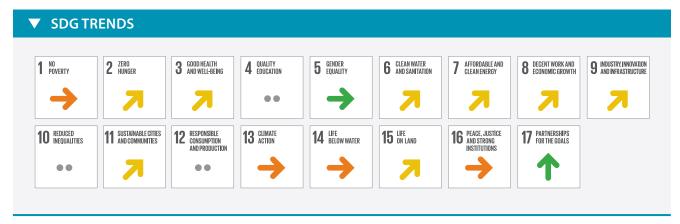
SDG Global rank

107 (OF 156)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 52.8 60.8







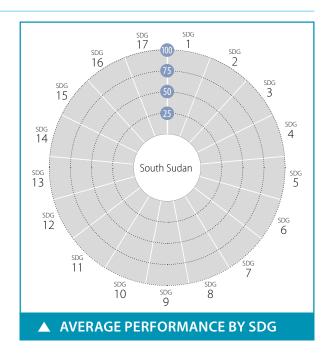
SOUTH AFRICA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	24.6 22.2		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.8	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	47.4	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	4.6	_	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	23.9	•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.7	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.7	•	↑	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	28.3	•	†	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	67.1	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.8		→		07.1		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	29.6		.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	29.0		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	138.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	98.6	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	12.4		↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	67.0	•	4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	43.3		1				•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	781.0		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	2.0		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	4.4		1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	6.6		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	26.5		\rightarrow	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	32.5		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	57.2		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	67.2	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-22.2		• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	25.1		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	21.3	•	7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)			• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	62.9	•	1		20.5		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	44.4	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	94.3	•	• •		9.0		7
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	66.0	•	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	-0.1 0.1		
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	53.6	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	3404.7		•
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.5	•	7	· · ·	3404.7		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water	60.0		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	80.0	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	62.9	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	10.3	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	90.6	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	56.4		T
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	66.9	•	•
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	14.6	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	33.8 26.6		→
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	97.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	77.2	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	54.5	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	42.0	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	39.9	•	1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	19.8	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	84.7	•	7	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.9	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	73.1		7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	34.3	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	42.9		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	286.6	•	0.0
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	3.3	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	31.0	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.6	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	86.0		7	Property Rights (1-7)	4.6	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	81.8 1.9	•	↑	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	85.0	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	43.0	•	-
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.4	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.2	•	0 0
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	69.2	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	27.7	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	14.8		1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	54.0	•	^	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1471		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	56.3	•	+	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	27.1	•	-
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.1		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	0 0
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	17.1		•				

SOUTH SUDAN

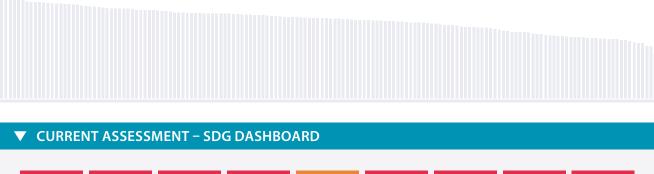
Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 52.8 na



SDG Global rank

Na (**of** 156)







SOUTH SUDAN

SDG1 – End Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (% population)	85.0 95.5	•	1	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	Value		•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%	95.5			infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%			• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
	NA		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0		
		•	1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	22.7	•	7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA 1 E	•	• •	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	47.4	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.5 NA		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	1471			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	32.4	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	789.0	•	\rightarrow	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	12.1	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	37.9	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	18.0	•	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	90.7	•	7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	146.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	• •
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	1.1	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.3			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	149.1	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	29.3	•	Ψ.	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	57.3	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	65.2		1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	19.4 20.0		7	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	35.7		$\stackrel{\sim}{\sim}$	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	2.8		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
SDG4 – Quality Education	2.0			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	32.1			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	4.8	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	36.7	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA	•	• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	82.4	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	•	••
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	75.5	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	95.8	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.6	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	28.5	•	7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	58.8	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%) NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	1.0	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	50.4	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.1		
$\label{prop:linear} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\% \mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc model} managed}} \mbox$) NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	127		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	10.4	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	13.7 52.7		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.3 NA	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	42.0	•	••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				they live (%)			
Access to electricity (% population)	4.5	•	→	Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	3.1	•	→	Property Rights (1-7) Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	NA 35.4		• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	•	• •	civil authority (%)	33.4		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	12.0	•	• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA		• •
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	0.0 8.6	•	••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		3.8
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	11.5	•	+	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	4.5		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	NA	•	• •	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	1.1	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	NA		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		• •

SPAIN OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

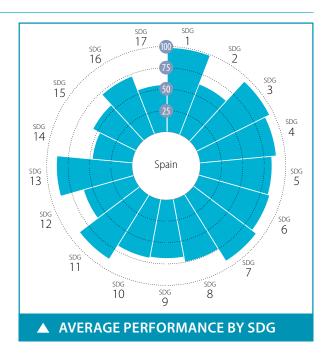
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

25 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD









































▼ SDG TRENDS







































SPAIN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	ting Trend		Value F	Rating Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.9	• →	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.5	• 4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.9	_	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)		
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	15.3	• ↓	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.7	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	25	• • •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	54.4	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5	• ·· • •	universities (0-100)		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		• →	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.1	• • •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		• 🗼	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.2	• 4
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.4	• →	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed) Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	6.6 4.9	• 1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	• • •	Gap in internet access by income (%)	54.7	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			Women in science and engineering (%)	27.1	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	5.0	• →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	38.4	• 1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		• →	Palma ratio	1.4	• 1
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	10.0	• ↑	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	5.9	•
HIV prevalence (per 1,000) Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.1	• →	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70	10.0	• →	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	9.7	• -
years (per 100,000 population)			2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	6.7	• • •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.9	• -
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Satisfaction with public transport (%)	05.0	• 1
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	5.0	• →	Rent overburden rate (%)	17.4	•
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		• →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		• ••	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	17.7	•
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		• →	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	97.4	•
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	82.9		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	25.1	•
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.2	• →	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	8.7 47.4	
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	5.1	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)		•
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)		• • •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)		•
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	23.0	• 1	SDG13 – Climate Action		_
SDG4 – Quality Education			Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.0	• 1
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.5	• →	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	
Mean years of schooling	2.0	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.1	•
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	,,,,	• • •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	217.0	•
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)		• →	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	12.5	• •
PISA score (0-600) Pariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic			from biomass (€/tCO ₂)		
status (%)	13.4	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water		
students performing below level 2 in science (%)	18.3	• 💠	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.3	• •
Resilient students (%)	39.2	• • •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	81.0	
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	50.1	• -
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	14.7	• →	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100) Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	39.3 35.3	
union, ages 15-49)	0.5.0	_	Fish caught by trawling (%)	33.6	
Female to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)		• • •	SDG15 – Life on Land	33.0	
emale to male labour force participation rate (%) leats held by women in national parliaments (%)	81.8 39.1	100	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	61.0	• -
Geats field by worder in hational parliaments (%) Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	11.5	•	Mean area that is protected in terestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	44.1	• -
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	11.5		Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	
	00.2		Annual change in forest area (%)	8.5	• •
digh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)		• →	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.8	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA (SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	97.5 NA		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	49.7		Prison population (per 100,000 population)	133.6	•
mported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	82.0	• 1
DDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.4	•
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	• →	Property Rights (1-7)	4.6	•
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	1	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		• 🛧	Corruption Perception Index (0-100) Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	57.0 0.0	•
Share of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	16.3	1	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	1.7	
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)		
Adjusted Growth (%)	-1.1	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		
Slavery score (0-100)		• • •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.3	• -
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial		• →	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.2	
institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)			public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	61.1	• 🖖	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	• •
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	21.7	• ↓	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	• •
enco i i a la l			Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	47.7	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	80.6	• ↑	Tilidificial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 Worst)	77.7	

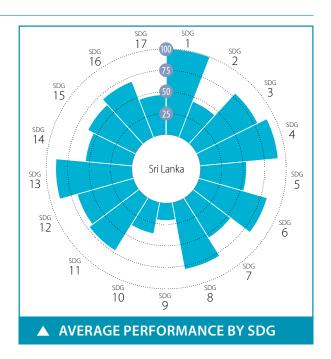
SRI LANKA

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 64.6 64.1

SDG Global rank

89 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS



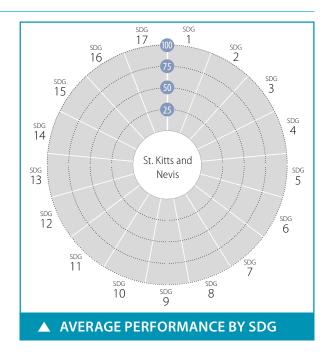
SRI LANKA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value F	Rating Tr	end		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.4	• 1	1	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	18.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	22.1 14.7	-	7	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	21.4	- "	^ →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	5.2	• -	•	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.9	• -	>	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	50.1	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0	• •	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	30.0	• -	_	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	27.9	•	→
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.3		,	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	75.4	•	+
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	9.4	• -	•	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	63.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	65.0	• -		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	• -	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	5.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	17.7	• -	>	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.2	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	1220			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	133.8	•	•	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	17.2	• 2	7	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	3.9	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.9		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-17.8	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	14.8	• -		SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.6			Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0	• -	>	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	69.3	• ;	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.3	• 1	↑	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0		• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.9	• 1	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	37.9	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	10.9	• ;	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	92.7	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.2	• •	•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	58.3 46.4		7 →
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	18.2		••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	9.3	• -	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	35.8		\
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	90.4	• •	•	SDG15 – Life on Land			•
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	47.3	• -	>	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	49.9	•	T
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	5.8	• -	>	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	79.9	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.6 3.6	•	•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	• •	•		1.1		•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	92.3	• 1	†	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.1		
$\label{thm:ligh-income} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA	• •	•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.9		0.0
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	94.2	• 1	1	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	92.0		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	34.1 11.6	Ĭ	•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	62.0		\
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.2	•	.1 .
Access to electricity (% population)	92.2	• 1	↑	Property Rights (1-7)	4.2		.
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	19.3 1.5	•	Į.	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	97.2		••
- · · · - · ·	1.3	•	•	civil authority (%)	20.0		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.5			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	38.0	•	•
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	0.5		•	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0		• •
Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	80.0 73.6		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0		
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)				SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	F .		
. ,	4.1	• -		Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	5.4	•	→
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	32.1	• 1	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
rioportion of the population using the internet (%)					10 4	-	
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	19.2	• ;	7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP) Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	•

ST. KITTS AND NEVIS

Latin America and the Caribbean









SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)





































▼ SDG TRENDS



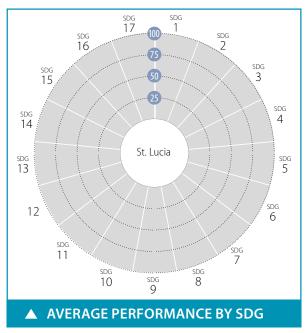
ST. KITTS AND NEVIS

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend	Î	Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	NA		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	IVA			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	1.2	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.4		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	• •	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7	•	T	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) Cereal yield (t/ha)	22.9 NA		•	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μα/m³)	NA	•	• •
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA		
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.9	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	9.3	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	NA		7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	5.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	NA	•	••	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	10.1	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	14/1			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	NA		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	NA	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	NA		• •	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	NA		••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.3	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	100.0 97.0	•	_	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	97.0 NA		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
	1471			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	19.5	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	8.4	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.7	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		••	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	57.6	•	+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	22.3	•	4
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	NA	•	• •	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	29.2	•	\rightarrow
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	13.3	•	7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•		Annual change in forest area (%)	2.2		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	33.6	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	51.3	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	607.7	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	NA	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA		• •
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.2	•		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.6	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	76.8	•	1	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	. NA	•	••
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	78.7	•	4	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA	•	•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

ST. LUCIA

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.0 na







SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



































▼ SDG TRENDS



ST. LUCIA

Performance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	27.9 22.3		+	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	17.0		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5	•	ブ	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 3 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	19.7		T	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		••	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	48.0	•		Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	14.0	•	+
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	9.2	_	フ →	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.7	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	13.3	-	→ →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	• •
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	1.9		,	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		÷	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	4.4	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	19.7	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	9.9	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	22.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	18.8	•	T	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	75.2		▼	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	41.3		7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.7		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.3	•	\rightarrow
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	59.6	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	4.2	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	21.1	•	••
Mean years of schooling	9.3	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	86.2		+
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	56.9 33.8	•	T
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		•
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	21.1	•	↑	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	_	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	101.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	80.5	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	46.1	•	\rightarrow
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	16.7	•	7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	••
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9 1.6		•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA	_	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.2	•	1		14/1		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	21.6		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	90.9	•	1	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	345.2		
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	14.3	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	98.2	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	99.9 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	92.0	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	55.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	3.9	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	21.0	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	11.6	•	1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	46.7	•	7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	••
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	38.7		^	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	20.4	•	1
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		••	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	14/1						

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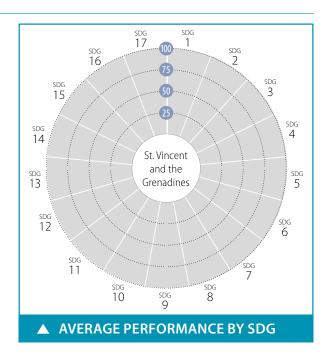
ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

Latin America and the Caribbean

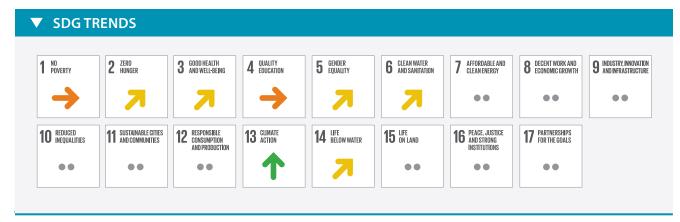
SDG Global rank

Na (**of** 156)









ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)			→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	6.0	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	NA	•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	NA 23.7	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	24.7		▼	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	•	••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	14.3	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	45.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	NA		• •
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10.3	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	6.3 0.2	•	1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	24.4	•	Ţ	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	24.4		•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA		• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	26.9	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	14.7	•	Ψ.	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	73.2	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	50.1		7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.9	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.0	•	••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	98.0 55.1		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.1	•	• •
	INA			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	02.0			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	26.3	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	93.9		*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.0	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA			Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	65.5	•	1
,	1471			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	35.3	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	15.7	•	_	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
union, ages 15-49)				Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	80.2	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	42.7	•	→
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	73.0	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	13.0	•	•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.0	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	95.1		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%) Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA oz a	•	••	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	25.6	•	
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	87.2 11.2		1	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	376.7	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	NA	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			•	Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	99.0	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	58.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.4	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	NA	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	18.3	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.8		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	55.6	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	, , , ,		
1 toportion of the population using the internet (70)				Other sountries Tourseum (0/ CDD)	23.8		.1.
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	49.3		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	23.0		•

SUDAN Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

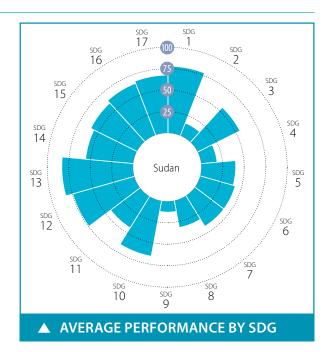
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

143 (OF 156)





▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS



SUDAN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value 1	Rating Tren	I	Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	17.8 13.6	• ↓	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	13.0		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	25.6	• ••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		• 7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	16.3 NA	• 7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.7	• ••	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	39.7	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	50.0	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	311.0	• 7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	67.1	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	29.4	• →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	33.0	•	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	65.1	• 7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	82.0 0.1	• 7 • →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	25.7	• →	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.2	_	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	23.7		Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	115.8	• ••	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.6	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	24.6	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	64.1	• ↑	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	67.2	• 1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	77.7	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	86.0 47.8	• 4	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	47.0	• J.	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	168.4	•	• •
	7.1	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	FF /	•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	87.5	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	55.4 3.5	• ••	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	84.1	•	4
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	65.8	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	53.5	•	1
	05.0		Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	39.1	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	64.1	• -	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	39.2		• •
union, ages 15-49)			Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	2.0	•	1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	73.2	• ••	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	25.0	•	7
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	33.8	• →	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0	•	4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	30.5	<u>•</u> Т	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Annual change in forest area (%)	1.2	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)		• ••	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.0	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	58.9	• 7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA 246	• • •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.5	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	34.6 93.7	• →	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	49.6	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.7	• ••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	71.0	•	+
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	• •
Access to electricity (% population)	44.9	• →	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	22.8 1.2	→↑	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	67.3	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	16.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.5		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	24.9	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0	• ••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	15.3	• 7	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	12.8	• +	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.3	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	28.0	• 7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	28.0 25.8	• 7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	25.8 NA	T	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	INM		,			

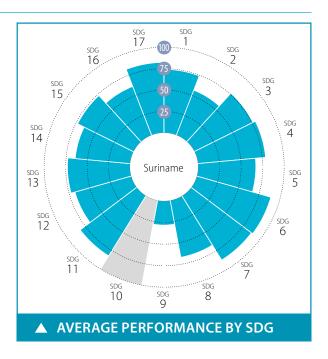
SURINAME

SDG Global rank

67 (OF 156)

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 68.0 66.0







SURINAME

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating T	[rend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	20.3 16.9		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	10.9			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	7.9		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.8		T	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	5.0 26.4		T →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.4	-	Ψ →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9		•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	18.5	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	155.0	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	77.4	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10.6		↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	73.0	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	20.0		→ ↑	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	26.0		T T	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.4	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	20.9		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	8.5	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.9			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	27.7	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-3.0	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	23.8	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	18.7	•	T	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-44.2	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	71.6		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	46.7		→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	3.6	•	\rightarrow
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	90.0			Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.8	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	91.0 56.4		~	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.3	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.3		••	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
	0.5			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	02.2			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	74.2	•	• •
Net primary enrolment rate (%) Mean years of schooling	93.3		*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	96.5	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	97.7			Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	77.8	•	1
	21.1			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	27.1	•	→
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	26.2	•	A	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	29.9		• •
union, ages 15-49)			•	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	22.5	•	1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	96.5	_	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	51.2		4
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	64.0	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	49.4		4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	25.5	•	T	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)			• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	9.1	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	94.7		1	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	10.7	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%) Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	79.2		+	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	185.8	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	1.0 5.0	_	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	60.0	•	• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.0	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.1	•	1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	90.8	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	98.9	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	41.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	4.1	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	8.1	•	+	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	45.4	•	7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	47.3		<u>^</u>	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	19.5	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.0		••	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	т.О	_					

SWEDEN OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

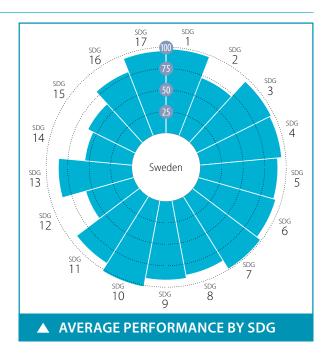
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

1 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS











4 QUALITY EDUCATION















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .











6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION





8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

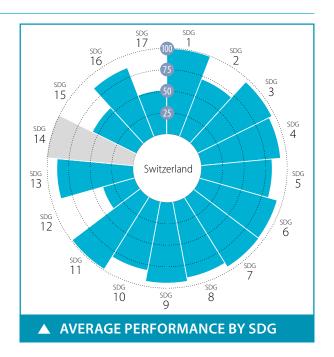
SWEDEN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value I	Rating [*]	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.4	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.6	•	4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)		_	• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	9.2	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.3	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	66.3	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.0	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.7		→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	3.3	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)			Ť	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	14.4	•	-
Cereal yield (t/ha) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	5.4 0.6		→	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	66.4	•	7
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.0			Gap in internet access by income (%)	23.1	•	0 0
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	4.0	•	→	Women in science and engineering (%)	30.0	•	•
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.6		→ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	2.9		غ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	27.5	•	7
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	8.2	•	→	Palma ratio Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	1.0 11.4		•
IV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	11.4		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	9.1	•	→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	6.2	•	7
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	0.2	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	-
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	2.9	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	64.0 9.1	•	1
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	82.4		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	5.3		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	22.2	•	•
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%) urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	NA 97.0		•• →	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	87.0	•	•
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	83.3		→ →	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	3.7	•	•
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)			غ	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	19.0	•	•
Sap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	1.9	•	• •	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	41.6 169.3	•	•
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	21.1	•	• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.1		
Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	11.2	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action	1.1		
DG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.5		2
let primary enrolment rate (%)	99.4	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0		
Mean years of schooling	12.3		1	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	7.3	•	0
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%) PISA score (0-600)	41.1 495.7		→	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	43.8	•	•
/ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic				from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
status (%)	12.2		• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
tudents performing below level 2 in science (%)	21.6		4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	57.6 92.8	•	•
lesilient students (%)	24.7	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	63.6		1
DG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	91.1		_
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	12.2	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	45.8	•	
union, ages 15-49) Temale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	101.6	•	• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	79.3	•	-
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	90.2		→	SDG15 – Life on Land			
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	43.6	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	58.3	•	-
Gender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	13.4	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	61.9	•	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	-
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	98.0	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	12.7 10.8		•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	10.0		
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	92.3		→	_	1.7		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	1.2 56.7	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2.9 8.0	-	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	75.0	•	
	0.0	_	3.0	Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.8	•	-
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100.0			Property Rights (1-7)	5.9	•	-
ccess to electricity (% population) ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0 100.0		→ →	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	۰
Co2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO2/TWh)	0.2		フ →	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	84.0	•	-
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	53.2		÷	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.0 3.4		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)	5.7		
djusted Growth (%)	-0.9	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
lavery score (0-100)	100.0		• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	19.6	•	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	99.7	•	→	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	1.0	•	
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	7			public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)			→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	•
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	8.2	•	→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	00 7			Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	45.5		۰
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	89.7		→				

SWITZERLAND

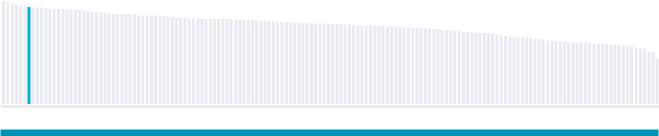
OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 80.1 76.9



SDG Global rank

7 (OF 156)









































▼ SDG TRENDS



SWITZERLAND

Performance by Indicator

DG1 – End Poverty	Value R	ating Trend		Value 1	Ratin	ıg Tre
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.0	• →	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	6.6		-
ojected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0	• • •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			
overty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	9.9	• →	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.2	•	•
DG2 – Zero Hunger			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	74.6		
evalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	• ••	universities (0-100)	74.0		
evalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		• →	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.5	•	
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		• →	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	3.0	•	•
evalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		• 🕂	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	8.8	•	1
ereal yield (t/ha) ıstainable Nitrogen Management Index		• →	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	142.4	•	-
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.7		Gap in internet access by income (%)	47.2	•	•
	ГО	• ->	Women in science and engineering (%)	21.6	•	•
aternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		• → • →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	34.6	•	•
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		• →	Palma ratio	1.1	•	•
V prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	• →	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	19.4		•
ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	8.7	• →	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	12.9	•	
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	8.3	• ••	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	-
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) affic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	36	• →	Satisfaction with public transport (%) Rent overburden rate (%)	84.0 6.3		•
ealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	3.6 83.4			0.5		
dolescent fertility rate (birth years)		• →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	26.2		
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		•	E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogonic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	26.3 97.0	•	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	94.0	• →	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	97.0	•	
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	86.2		Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	34.4	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)		• →	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	58.4	•	
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	1.5	• ••	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	432.4	•	
ap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	21.1		Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.8	•	
aily smokers (% population age 15+)	20.4	• • •	SDG13 – Climate Action			
DG4 – Quality Education			Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.3	•	
et primary enrolment rate (%)		• ↓	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9		
ean years of schooling teracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)		• •	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	
opulation age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)		• →	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2.1	•	
SA score (0-600)		•	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions from biomass (€/tCO₂)	28.6	•	
ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	15.6	• ••	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%)				NIA		
udents performing below level 2 in science (%)	. 0.5	• +	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA NA	•	
esilient students (%)	29.1	• • •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA	•	
DG5 – Gender Equality			Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	NA	•	
nmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	9.3	• →	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		
union, ages 15-49) emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	98.5	• ••	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	84.8	• →	SDG15 – Life on Land			
rats held by women in national parliaments (%)	32.5		Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	35.2	•	
ender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	16.9		Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	59.9		
OG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	
gh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	95.5	• 1	Annual change in forest area (%)	1.8	•	
her countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	26.1	•	
yh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	99.0		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
her countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		• ••	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7	•	
eshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	7.4	• ••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	78.3		
ported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	8.4	• • •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	85.0		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7) Property Rights (1-7)	5.5 6.6	•	
cess to electricity (% population)	100.0	• →	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0		
cess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	• →	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	85.0	•	
2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.6	1	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	
are of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	25.3	• →	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	3.4	•	
OG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
justed Growth (%)	-0.2	• • •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
every score (0-100)		• • •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	16.8	•	
lults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	98.4	• ••	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.5	•	
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	70.0		public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
nployment-to-Population ratio (%) outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	, ,	• → • ↓	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
. ,	0./	•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	3.0 76.5		
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	89.1		Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	/0.5		
oportion of the population using the internet (%)						

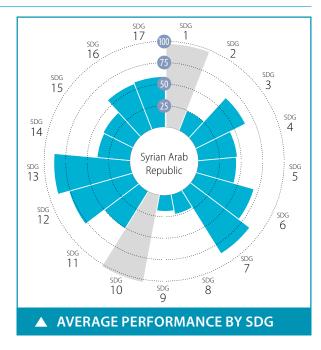
SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC

Middle East and North Africa

SDG Global rank

124 (OF 156)









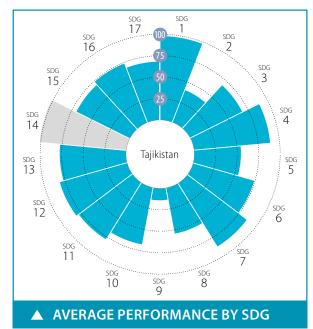
SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC

P - End Poverty y headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) yed poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) P - Zero Hunger yence of undernourishment (% population) yence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) yence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) yence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) yield (t/ha)	NA NA NA 27.5 11.5 27.8 1.6 0.9	•	g Trend	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	Value 1.2 0.0	•	Trend
ed poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) 2. — Zero Hunger ence of undernourishment (% population) nce of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) ence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) ence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	NA NA 27.5 11.5 27.8 1.6	•	••	infrastructure (1=low to 5=high) The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3			• •
P. – Zero Hunger ence of undernourishment (% population) ence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) ence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) ence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	NA 27.5 11.5 27.8 1.6	•	7		0.0	•	
nce of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) ence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) ence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% adult population)	27.5 11.5 27.8 1.6	•	7	differential (o 100)			• •
ence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) ence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% adult population)	11.5 27.8 1.6	•		Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0		
ence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	27.8 1.6	•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		• •
	1.6			SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	14/1		
yield (t/ha)			+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		• •
1.1. 1.1.	0.9		1		14/7		
nable Nitrogen Management Index		•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	41.0		
B – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	41.6	•	•
nal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	68.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	90.2	•	1
tal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.9	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	15.0	•	j
ity rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	17.5	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			•
nce of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	21.0		↑	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.4		
evalence (per 1,000)	2.0	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	NA		• •
andardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, etes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	23.9	•	Ψ	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	48.0		• •
0–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
andardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	61.2	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.4	•	• •
mbient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	9.5	•	• •
deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	19.7	•	\rightarrow	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
y Life Expectancy at birth (years)	64.5	•	\rightarrow	SDG13 – Climate Action			
cent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	39.5		7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.6	•	1
attended by skilled health personnel (%)	96.2	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.5	•	•
ng infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	42.0	•	Ψ.	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
sal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	67.8	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
tive Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	3.5	•	4	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
I – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	0.0		
mary enrolment rate (%)	63.2	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	90.6		-
/ears of schooling	5.1	•	4	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	39.5	•	7
y rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	92.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	56.2	•	T
5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	• •
demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in n, ages 15-49)	20.1	•	↑	Fish caught by trawling (%)	22.0	•	↑
to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	82.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	1.1		
e to male labour force participation rate (%)	16.9	•	4	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	1.1 4.3		7
neld by women in national parliaments (%)	13.2	•	\rightarrow	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0		7
5 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	15.5		••
ncome countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.7	•	• •
countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	96.7	•	7		0.7		
come countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.2		
countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	92.9		\rightarrow	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	60.0		••
rater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	109.4	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	32.0		1
ed groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	8.1	•	• •	they live (%)	32.0		•
' – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.0	•	• •
to electricity (% population)	95.8	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	4.3	•	• •
to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	96.0	•	• •
nissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.6	•	1	civil authority (%)			
B – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	14.0	•	1
ed GDP Growth (%)	NA		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	4.0	•	• •
score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0		• •
(15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	23.3	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
a mobile-money-service provider (%)	153			SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
•	15.2	•	7	· -		•	• •
	21.0		_		NA		• •
		•		- '	NΙΔ		
		•	•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; ktensive and efficient by international standards)	4.1	•	••		0.0		
Doloyment rate (% total labour force)	31.9 12.8	•	→ ,,	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	0 1

TAJIKISTAN

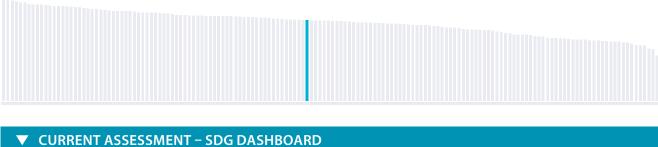
Eastern Europe and Central Asia



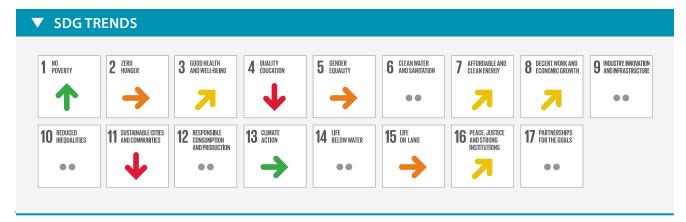


SDG Global rank

73 (OF 156)







TAJIKISTAN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating [†]	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	2.8 0.8		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	20.4			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	30.1	_	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	9.9		+				
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)			4	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	38.9		0.1
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.3		→	, , , , ,	30.9		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	50.0	•	4
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	32.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	89.5	•	.1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	19.9		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	82.0		7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	43.1		1		02.0		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	85.0		1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.0		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.9	•	•
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	25.8	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.8	•	•
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	2.3	•	۰
	2040		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.9	•	•
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	204.8		••	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-3.1	•	•
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	17.6	•	→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	3.5	•	•
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	69.7		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-98.8	•	•
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	36.9		7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)			••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6	•	-
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0	_	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	•
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	56.5	_	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)			^	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA	•	•
	5.0	_	·I·	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
5DG4 – Quality Education	07.7			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	
let primary enrolment rate (%)	97.7	•	*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	
Mean years of schooling	10.4		→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.8	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA	•	
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	37.2		→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	•
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	85.7		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	21.0		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	62.0	•	4	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	21.0	•	
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	19.0	•	→		34.6	•	
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0		-
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	0.6		
other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.4		
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	95.5	•	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.4	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	71.4	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	122.9	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.3	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	88.0	•	•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	4.3	•	,
access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.4		1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	71.7	•	7	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	88.4		1
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.3	•	→	civil authority (%)	00.4		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	21.0	•	,
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-1.5		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	10.0		
lavery score (0-100)	50.0	Ī	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	47.0		7	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	10.3	•	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.4		
. ,	. 5.5	_		. 3.	10.4		
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	20.5		_	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		•
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	20.5		→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	18.3	_	••	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	4.2	•	1	Tak the vertibe of the best of by thouse	0.0		

TANZANIA

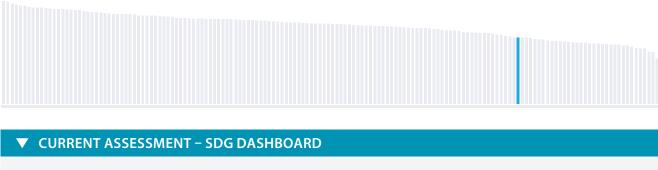
Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 55.1 52.8

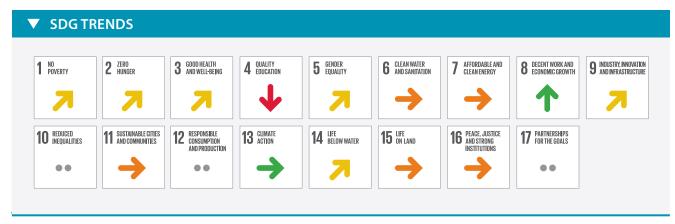
SDG 17 SDG 16 sdg 3 SDG 15 SDG SDG 14 Tanzania SDG 13 SDG 5 SDG 12 SDG 6 SDG 11 SDG 10 SDG 8 **▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG**

SDG Global rank

123 (OF 156)







TANZANIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value F	Rating Tre	end		Value	Ratin	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	37.7 14.8	• 7		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.8	•	۰
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	2.5	•	۰
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	32.3	•	•	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		• 7		Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.5	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		• 1	•	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	0	• -	•	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	41.6		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.5	• 1			71.0		
sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9	•	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	22.2		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	23.3	•	4
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	398.0	• 1		Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	58.9		4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	21.7	• 7	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.0		
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	56.7	• 1			50.0		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	287.0	• 1		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	0.2		
IIV prevalence (per 1,000)	1.6	• 1		Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.3	•	•
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	17.9	• 1	b	E-waste generated (kg/capita) Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.5	•	
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				. 3	1.4	•	•
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	94.1	•		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.5		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	<i>у</i> т. 1				0.4		
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	33.4	• 4	b	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		•
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	61.8	• 1		Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		•
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		• -	.	SDG13 – Climate Action			
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	63.7	•	•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	•
rviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		• -	>	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	•
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	49.1	• -	>	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	-
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)		• 7	•	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	1.3	•	•
				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
DG4 – Quality Education et primary enrolment rate (%)	79.0	a .1	1.	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	43.7	•	
lean years of schooling	5.8		_	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	80.9	•	-
teracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	85.8			Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	54.6	•	•
	03.0			Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	66.7	•	•
DG5 – Gender Equality	240			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	16.4	•	
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	34.8	• 1	r	Fish caught by trawling (%)	2.8	•	•
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	87.1	•	•	SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	F2.6		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	90.9	• -	>	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	53.6 35.4	•	
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	36.4	• 7	7	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7		•
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	7.6		1
igh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	•	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.2		
ther countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	50.1	• -	>		0.2		
igh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	23.5	• -	>	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	7.0	•	1
eshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	7.5	• •	•	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	64.3	•	-
nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.7	• •	•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	65.0	•	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.8		
ccess to electricity (% population)	15.5	• -	>	Property Rights (1-7)	4.0		
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	2.0	• -	>	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	26.4		
O_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.9	• 1	L	civil authority (%)	20.4		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		·		Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	36.0	•	
djusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.7	• •		Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	28.8	•	
avery score (0-100)	50.0	•		Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	46.8	• 1	•	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
nemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.2	• -	_	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	0.1		
	۷.۷	- 7		. 5.	9.1		•
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	13.0			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		•
roportion of the population using the internet (%)	13.0	• -	7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	11.9		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	8.9	• →	*	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	3.6	• 7	7	TON THE VEHI DEGIC (DEST O D VYOIST)	0.0		

THAILAND

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

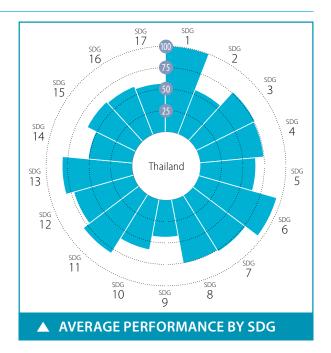
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

59 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS



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12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

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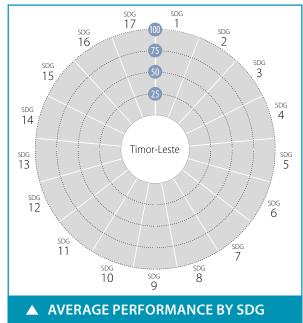
THAILAND

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating T	rend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.1	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	28.3	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	9.5		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	16.3 6.7		ך א	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.6	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in Critical under 3 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	10.0		Ψ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.0		,	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	42.1	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	20.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	26.4	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	20.0 7.3		マ →	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	83.9	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	12.2		→ →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	70.0	•	→
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	172.0		→ →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.3		1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	16.2		.	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	6.4	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	12.1	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	8.4	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	58.8	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.6	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	31.7	•	→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	31.4	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.9	-	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-30.3	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	51.8		Ţ	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.6		••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.6	•	4
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.5	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	68.7	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.9	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	36.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water	NIA		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	89.6	•	Ψ.	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		••
Mean years of schooling	7.9	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	86.0 54.3		7
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Clean Waters (0 100)	61.3		^
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	55.6		•••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	6.8	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	17.7		4
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	93.9	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	71 7		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	78.3	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	71.7 43.6	•	7
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	4.8	•	Ψ.	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		1
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	8.0		••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)		•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.2		1	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.5	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	95.0	•	T	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	472.2		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	17.5 2.9	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	66.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.7	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.9	•	7
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	75.9 1.5	•	↑ 7	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	99.5	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	37.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.4	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	8.3	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	81.6	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	1.1	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	8.1	•	→
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	47.5	•	^	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	92.9	•	^	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	15.7	•	→
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	4.1	•	Ţ	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)							

TIMOR-LESTE

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 64.1 na



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



































SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

▼ SDG TRENDS





2 ZERO HUNGER

















.















TIMOR-LESTE

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating T	rend		Value	Ratino	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	17.9	•	↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)		•	••
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	26.9	•	• •		0.0		
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	50.2	•	7	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0 NA		• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.0	• ,	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	INA		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	3.8	• •	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.5	• •	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	32.2	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	215.0	•	•	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	18.9	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	213.0		T	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	66.0	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	49.7	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA	•	• •
			T	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	498.0		7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000) Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	20.7		T 个	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	4.1	•	
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	20.7			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.3	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.4	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	149.4	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.4	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	17.6	•	Ψ	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	68.3	• •	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	45.6	•	1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4		4
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	29.3	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	78.0	•	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1		• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	46.4	• •	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	• •		14/1		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	21.2		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	80.2	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	21.3 NA		••
Mean years of schooling	4.4	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Blodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		••
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	79.5	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	9.2		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	45.4	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	67.9	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	47.6	• -	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	38.7	•	\rightarrow
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	32.3	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	3.1	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	70.2		7	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)			• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	44.0	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	NA		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	14.3		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	49.0	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.2	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.0	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	45.4		7	Property Rights (1-7)	2.7	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	3.6 NA		••	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	55.2	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	38.0	•	T
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.4	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	4.2	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	3.4	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.3		
	5. 1	-		High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	9.3 NA		7
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	25.2		7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	IVA		3 3
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	25.2 60.8		A	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.9	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.9		A	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	۷.۶		•				

TOGO

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

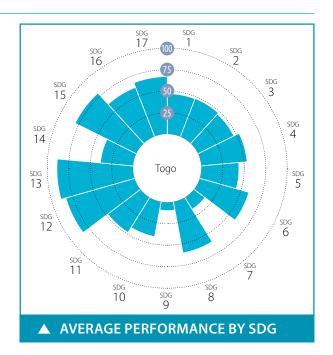
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

132 (OF 156)





▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD









































9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE

▼ SDG TRENDS









4 QUALITY EDUCATION















1 NO POVERTY















TOGO

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating T	rend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	44.1 28.7		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	11.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)			T	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.3	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	6.7 8.4		↑ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.1		Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	49.0	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	260.0			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	32.7	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	368.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	48.1	•	+
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	26.0 75.7		ק ק	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	38.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	46.0		<u>^</u>	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.9		T	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	22.4		▼	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	22.1			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	165.0	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.7	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	21.0			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	8.1	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	31.9 59.9		7	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-76.9	•	• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	89.6		T	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	44.6		••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	87.0		^	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	45.8		<u>.</u>	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2		• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.4		^	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education		_	•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	84.6		^	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	4.7	• .	.	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	88.1	•	1
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	84.3	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	28.2	•	+
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	34.1		+
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	60.1	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA 15.4		+
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	50.8	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	95.6	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.0	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	17.6	•	7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	6.6	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	62.8	•	7	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.7		
$\label{thm:linear} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.1		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	13.9	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population) Prison population (per 100,000 population)	9.1		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.8 3.9		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	53.0	•	7
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		• •
Access to electricity (% population)	45.7	•	7	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	6.3 23.7	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	78.1	•	••
7 1 1 2 7	23.1		•	civil authority (%) Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	32.0		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	17		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	27.9		7
Adjusted GDP Growth (%) Slavery score (0-100)	-4.7 50.0	Ĭ	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0		• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	45.3		7	US\$ million per 100,000 population)	0.0	_	
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	1.8	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.1	•	7
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		_	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	11.3		→	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI) Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)			•
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	15.0		→	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	21.9		7
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	NA		• •	ומא דומיכון שכטוב (שכטניטיש ישטואני)	0.0		

TONGA Oceania

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

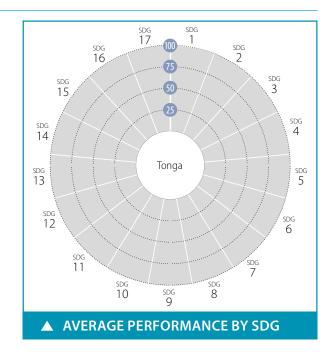
Index score Regional average score

na



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS



































TONGA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.3		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.1	•	↑	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	5.2	•	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	48.2		1	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		• •		14/1		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	4.0		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	4.0	•	7
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	124.0	•	\rightarrow	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	86.2		4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	6.8	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		•
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	16.4	•	→		INA		
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	8.6	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	2.7		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	3.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	24.1	•	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	5.4	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	•	• •
	NIA		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	NA			Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	6.0	•	→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	73.5		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	15.1	•	→ →	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	95.5		••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.1	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	78.0		4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	54.0		▼	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	••	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	
	IVA		••	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	6.8	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	88.2	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	92.5	•	→
Mean years of schooling	11.1	•	T	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	71.2	•	1
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	99.4	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	33.7	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	42.0	•	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	44.7	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	99.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	44.2		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	60.9	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	11.3	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	3.8	•	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	• •
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	NA	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.9	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	93.5	•	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.0		0 0
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA	•		Prison population (per 100,000 population)	166.7		0 0
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		• •
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		
Access to electricity (% population)	95.3	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	63.5 NA	•	7	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	93.4	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA		
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.0		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	NA		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
With a mobile-money-service provider (%) Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	1.2	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA	•	0 0
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	40.0	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	56.0	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)		_					

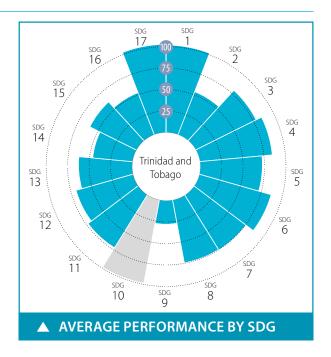
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Latin America and the Caribbean

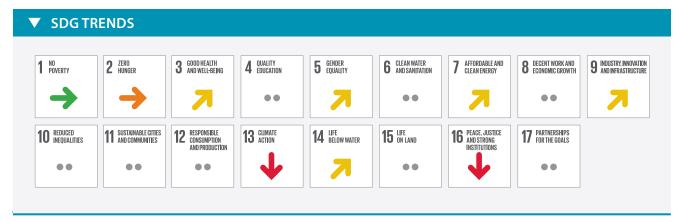
SDG Global rank

70 (OF 156)









TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related	2.3		
	_		infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.5	•	• •
			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
4.8	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	•	• •
5.3 5.2	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	• •
18.6		7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
1.5	•	Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
1.3	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
				14.2	•	+
	_	→	1 3 1	NA		
		•	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.0	•	+
	_		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
				1.6	•	• •
	_	•	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	9.0	•	• •
25.0			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	6.8	•	• •
			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
25.1	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7	•	• •
			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	15.5	•	• •
	_	T	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-9.3	•	• •
	_		SDG13 – Climate Action			
		•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	34.2	•	1
		1.	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-7.0	•	• •
			Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
			CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	18595.7	•	• •
0.2			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
05.2			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	4.8	•	• •
		_	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.7	•	→
		•	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	62.6	•	1
			· · · ·			4
26.0	•	↑				T
			J , J	25.0		•
		• •		40.7		_
	•	4			_	••
31.0	•	7		0.8	•	→
			Annual change in forest area (%)	5.0	•	• •
		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	7.0	•	• •
				30.9	•	
			Prison population (per 100,000 population)	547.5	•	• •
11.1	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	52.0	•	••
				3.2	•	1
100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.1	•	Ţ
100.0	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	96.6	•	• •
				41.0	•	→
-2.5	•	• •		0.7	•	
80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
80.8	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
4.8	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional			• •
73.3	•	1	public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
46.7	•	1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
4.3	•	+	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
	1.3 63.0 12.6 18.5 18.0 0.2 25.6 25.1 13.5 71.2 31.0 100.0 86.0 58.9 6.2 95.2 10.9 NA 26.0 98.2 69.2 31.0 NA NA NA NA NA 12.3 11.1 100.0 100.0 2.4 -2.5 80.0 80.8 4.8	1.3 • 63.0 • 12.6 • 18.5 • 18.0 • 0.2 • 25.6 • 25.1 • 13.5 • 71.2 • 31.0 • 100.0 • 86.0 • 58.9 • 6.2 • 95.2 • 10.9 • NA • 26.0 • 98.2 • 69.2 • 31.0 • 100.0 • 11.1 • 100.0 • 100.0 • 2.4 • 11.1 • 100.0 • 100.0 • 2.4 • 12.5 • 80.0 • 80.8 • 4.8 • 73.3 • 46.7 • 12.5 • 80.0 • 80.8 • 13.3 • 14.7 • 100.0 • 10	1.3 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) 12.6	SDG11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns 14.2 of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) 126 Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) NA 5atisfaction with public transport (%) 56.0 SDG12 - Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (µg/day/capita) 1.6 E-waste generated (¼g/capita) 9.0 Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) 6.8 Production-based SO ₂ emissions (¾g/capita) 9.1 NA Net imported SO ₂ emissions (¾g/capita) 9.1 NA Net imported SO ₂ emissions (¾g/capita) 9.3 SDG13 - Climate Action 10 Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) 9.3 SDG13 - Climate Action 10 Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) 7.0 (CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (¼g/capita) 18595.7 SDG14 - Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) 18595.7 SDG14 - Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) 18595.7 SDG15 - Life on Land Mean area that is protected in ferestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 18595.7 SDG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions 123 NA Mean area that is protected in ferestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 18595.7 SDG16 - Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions 19795. NA Mean area that is protected in ferestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 18795. NA Mean area that is protected in ferestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 18795. NA Mean area that is protected in ferestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 18795. NA Mean area that is protected in ferestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 18795. NA Mean area that is protected in ferestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 18795. NA Mean area that is protected in ferestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 18795. NA Mean area that is protected in ferestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 1	SDG11 - Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) 1.26 Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) NA 9.25 18.0 Satisfaction with public transport (%) 5.60 SDG12 - Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita) 1.6 E-waste generated (kg/capita) 9.0 Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) 6.8 Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) -0.7 Reactive hitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) 1.5 Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) -0.7 Reactive hitrogen production footprint (kg/capita) 1.5 SDG13 - Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) 3.4 SDG13 - Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) 3.4 Imported CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) 3.4 Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) 3.4 SDG14 - Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) 4.8 Coean Health Index-Risheriss (0-100) 3.7 Coean Health Index-Risheriss (0-100) 3.7 Real Life Below Water (New and area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) 4.8 SDG15 - Life on Land Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) 4.8 Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%) 5.0 Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population) 7.0 Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) 5.0 Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population) 7.0 Property Rights (1-7) 3.2 Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%) 5.0 Corruption Perception Index (0-100) 5.0 Children 5-14 years old involved in child labour (%) 7.0 Tansfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990 5.0 SDG17 - Partnerships for the Goals 5.0 Corruption population (PCD DAC c

TUNISIA

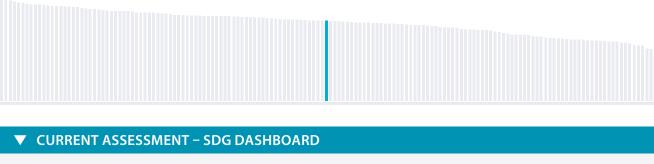
Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.2 62.1

SDG 17 SDG 16 SDG 3 SDG 15 SDG SDG 14 Tunisia SDG 13 SDG 5 SDG 12 SDG 6 SDG 11 SDG 10 **▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG**

SDG Global rank

78 (OF 156)







TUNISIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	J Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.6 0.1		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.4	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	5.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	12.4	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	5.0		••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.5	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	T	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.6	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	2.8		→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.5		Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	41.3	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	1.0	•	••	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m ³)	44.8	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	62.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	96.2		•
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.1	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	44.0		7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	13.6	•	→		44.0		•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	38.0	•	4	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.8	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	16.8	•	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	5.0	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	33.6	•	• •
	45.5			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	17.2	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	45.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-6.7	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	23.0		_	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	12.9	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	75.3		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-25.6		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	7.6		→ →	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	73.6		••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.6	•	1
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0		→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	66.5	_	7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.1		<i>^</i>	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	451.3	•	• •
	4.1		7	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	00.5			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	46.3	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.6	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.0	•	→
Mean years of schooling	/.1	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	50.8	•	7
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	96.2		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	35.5	•	\rightarrow
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	5.8	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	12.5	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	28.1	•	+
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	85.9	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	40.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	34.4	•	4	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	40.9		1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	31.3	•	7		43.4	•	↑ →
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	1.0 7.6		7
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •				•••
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.6		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.1	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	94.0	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	227.2	•	•••
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	7.0	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	63.0	•	T
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	00.7			Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.4	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	99.8	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.3	•	4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.2	•	• •
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.4	•	T	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	42.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-2.6	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	2.1	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	36.9	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	15.2	•	↑	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.4	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public		•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	49.6	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)			
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	62.7		1	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	21.1	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.7		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	3.7		*				

TURKEY OECD Countries

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

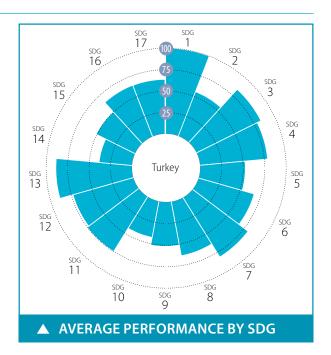
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

79 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































▼ SDG TRENDS





















1 NO POVERTY



2 ZERO HUNGER













TURKEY

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value F	Rating T	Trend		Value 1	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.0	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.0	•	4
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)			• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			•
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	17.2	•	7	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	3.5	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger		_		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	40.8	•	
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population) Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.5		^	universities (0-100)			
Prevalence of statisting (low neight-iot-age) in children under 3 years of age (%)			→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.4	•	0 0
Prevalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% adult population)			Ţ	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.0	•	• •
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.1		÷	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	3.6		7
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8	•	• •	Triadic patent families filed (per million population) Gap in internet access by income (%)	0.6 NA		•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	30.7	•	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	16.0	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	6.5		→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	48.4	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)			→	Palma ratio	1.9	•	4
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	18.0 0.0		↑ →	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	17.0	•	0
HIV prevalence (per 1,000) Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,			个	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	10.0		Т	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas $(\mu g/m^3)$	36.4	•	1
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	57.9	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	98.6	•	7
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	6.0		.1.	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	57.0	•	1
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population) ealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	8.8 75.8		→	Rent overburden rate (%)	NA		•
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)			→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)			••	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	6.5	•	•
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.0	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	48.8 22.4		
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	67.6		7	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	3.1		
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)			→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	25.2	•	
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)			• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	35.2	•	•
Gap in self-reported health by income (0-100) Daily smokers (% population age 15+)	14.4 27.3		T	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.6	•	•
5DG4 – Quality Education	27.5		•	SDG13 – Climate Action			
let primary enrolment rate (%)	94.9		T	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.5	•	4
Mean years of schooling			7	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.7	•	•
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)			• •	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0		•
Population age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	19.4	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	2.8 8.1	_	•
PISA score (0-600)	424.3	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)	0.1		
'ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	9.0	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%) tudents performing below level 2 in science (%)	44.5	•	T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	4.6	•	
Resilient students (%)			• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	93.4	•	-
DG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	50.4	•	-
Inmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	7.8	•	→	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	50.6		•
union, ages 15-49)				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	79.7 33.8		•
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	79.5	_	• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	33.0		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	45.0		7	SDG15 – Life on Land	2.2		
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%) Sender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	14.6 6.9		7	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	2.3 4.1		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	0.9			Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9		
	NIA			Annual change in forest area (%)	3.9	•	
digh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.5	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA 44.3		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)			• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.3	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	27.5		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	225.3		•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)			• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	58.0		1
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.4	•	1
access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7) Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	4.1 98.8	•	1
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	NA	•	• •	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	98.8 40.0	_	
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)			↑	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	5.9		•
hare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	13.4	•	Ψ.	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	0.3	•	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
djusted Growth (%)			• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
lavery score (0-100)			• •	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.2		0
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	68.6	•	Ψ	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA		•
Employment-to-Population ratio (%)	51.6	•	7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	18.3		_
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	28.2		A	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	•
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	68.0	•	0

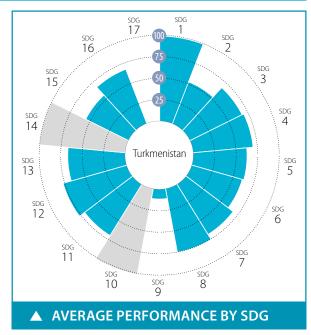
TURKMENISTAN

SDG Global rank

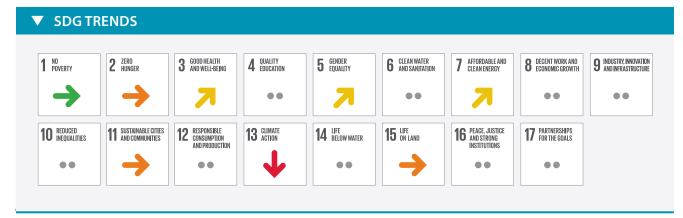
110 (OF 156)

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 59.5 69.5







TURKMENISTAN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tr
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.3	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	5.5	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	↑	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	7.2	•	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	18.6		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	0
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.1	•	\	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	31.3		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	31.3	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	42.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	78.7	•	
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	22.3	•	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	58.0	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	51.0		1				
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		•	7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.0		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	3.9		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	34.5	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	9.8		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.9		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	112.0	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-3.1		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	24.1		
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	17.4	•	7		-208.2		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	66.3	•	→	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	200.2		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	24.8	•	4	SDG13 – Climate Action Formulated Co. emissions per capita (tCO) (capita)	12.5		
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.5	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	12.5	•	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	98.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.2 0.0	•	
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	56.3	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index			
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.2	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		
Mean years of schooling	9.9	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA	•	
Jumet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	20.8	•	↑	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	•	
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	68.2		T	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	14.6	•	
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)			*	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	13.1	•	
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	25.0		•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA			Annual change in forest area (%)	4.6	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	4.0	•	
High-income countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)			• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	96.6		-	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.2	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	162.8		•	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	583.4	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	6.8	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	78.0	•	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	100.0		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.6	•	
CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	3.3		7	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	19.0	•	
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	3.3	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.3	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	40.6	•	••	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	3.4	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	5.0	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	100		-	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	
roportion of the population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	18.0		7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
	13.6		7	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped; 7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	NA				. 47 (,	

TUVALU

Oceania

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

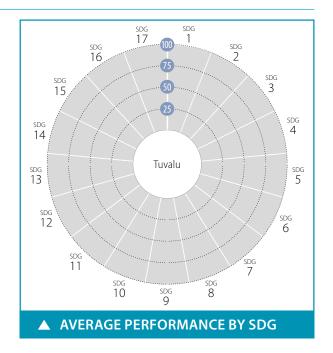
Regional average score

na



SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





















1 NO POVERTY



















▼ SDG TRENDS



















2 ZERO HUNGER













TUVALU

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	g Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	NA NA		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	• •	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	3.3	•	• •	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	51.6		4	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	NA		• •				
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	NIA		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu q/m^3$)	NA		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	NA		• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.6	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		•	↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	25.3	•	1				
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	207.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	NA		• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.7		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	NA		• •	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.7		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	NA	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	NA		• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	NA	•	• •		14/1		
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	NA		• •	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy related CO ₂ emissions per capita (#CO ₂ /capita)	1.0		_
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	93.1	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	94.0	•	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	NA		
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	NA		• •	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA NA		
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA	•	• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	IVA		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
let primary enrolment rate (%)	87.7	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•
Mean years of schooling	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	92.0	•	
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	71.4	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	85.9	•	
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	NA	•	••	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	4.0 NA	•	•
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	NA	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	6.7	•	7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	1
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	NA		•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.3	•	→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	NA		
ligh-income countries: population using a reast basic armining water services (%)	NA		••	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	20.3	•	•
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	NA		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	111.2	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA	•	•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA	•	
ccess to electricity (% population)	98.5	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	29.7 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	49.9	•	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	NA	•	
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.6	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA		
lavery score (0-100)	NA		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	•
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	NA	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
. ,				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure roportion of the population using the internet (%)	46.0	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/7		
Nobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	0.0			Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		••	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	14/4		-	,			

UGANDA Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

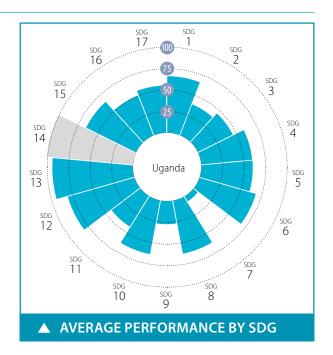
Regional average score

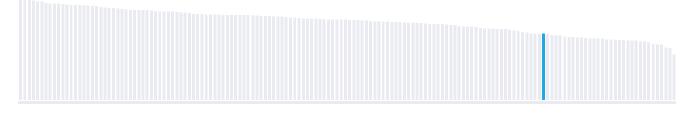




SDG Global rank

125 (OF 156)





▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES .















UGANDA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	32.0 13.2		7	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.7	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	13.2			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	37.5	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	39.0	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.5	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	4.8 5.3	•	↑ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.9		7	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	41.0	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.9		••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.5			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	60.3	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	343.0	•	7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	56.0	•	T
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	21.4		7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	43.0	•	7
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	53.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	201.0	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.3		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	2.2	•	T →	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.9		• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	21.6	•	7	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.4	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.4	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	152.1	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.2	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	12.5	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	27.3	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	62.3	•	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	110.5		7	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	→
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	57.4		••	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	78.0	•	T	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	44.3	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.0	•	→	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	00.0			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	90.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	• •
Mean years of schooling	5.7 83.7	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	83./		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality	45.4		_	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	45.4	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	NA	•	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	66.2	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	73.7		_
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	88.9	•	→	Mean area that is protected in renestinal sites important to biodiversity (%)	63.0		4
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	34.3	•	7	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	Ţ
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	7.4	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.4	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA	•	• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	11.8	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	19.2	•	→	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	112.0		• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.3 2.4	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	59.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.5	•	T
Access to electricity (% population)	20.4	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.8		1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.0 NA	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	29.9	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	26.0	•	1
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-5.6	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	16.3	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	59.2	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.1	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.4	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	21.0		_	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	NA	•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	21.9		→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	13.5	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	33.7		₹	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.5		T	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5.5		

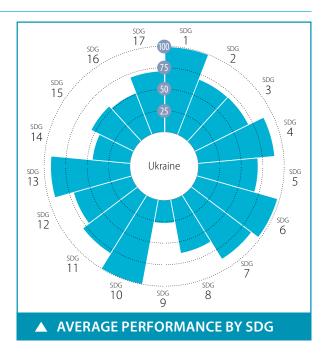
UKRAINE

SDG Global rank

39 (OF 156)

Eastern Europe and Central Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 72.3 69.5







UKRAINE

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.5	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	14.4	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	_	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.6	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.3	•	↑	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	24.1		Ψ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	27.8	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.7		7	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.6	•	••	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	18.9		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	240			of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	10.7		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	24.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	83.5	•	,
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.4		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	64.0	•	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	9.1		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)			7	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA	•	
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.4	•	+	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	5.7	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	28.9	•	7	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	14.1	•	
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	31.7	•	
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	76.5	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-10.2	•	
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	23.3	•	
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	9.7	•	1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-6.1	•	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	71.3	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	24.7	•	1	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.0	•	
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	•	• •	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.3		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	19.0		Ψ	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	62.9		→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	313.0	•	
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.3	•	4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5.5.0		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	46.8		
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	92.4	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	91.8		
Mean years of schooling	11.3	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	59.6		
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	100.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	53.5		
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	30.1		
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	12.8	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	90.0		
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	100.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	22.2		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	74.5	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	23.3	•	•
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	12.3	•	→	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	16.9	•	•
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	•
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%) Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	7.2 1.7		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA	•	• •		1./		
-ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	95.9	•	→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.4	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	13.9	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	325.7	•	
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.9	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	54.0	•	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.0		
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	3.3		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	97.5	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.8		
${\rm CO_2}$ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2	•	1	civil authority (%)	,,,,		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	30.0	•	
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-5.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	2.4	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	1.6	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	62.9	•	↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	9.5	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	13.0	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	52.5		1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/1		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	23.0	•	<u> </u>	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	19.6	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.6		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.5		•				

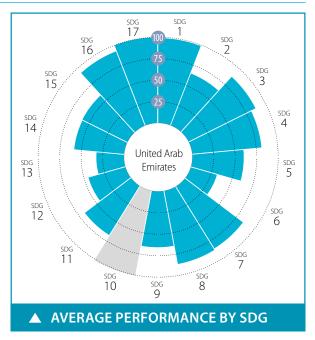
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

Middle East and North Africa

SDG Global rank

60 (OF 156)







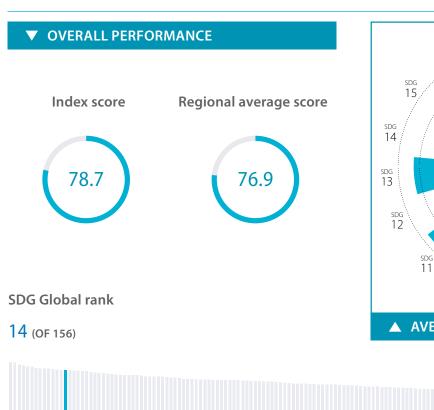


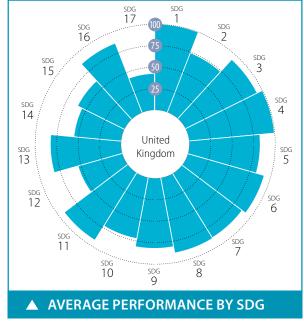
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	iting Trend		Value	Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0	• →	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.1	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	34.2	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)		• • •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.9	•	• •
Prevalence of washing in clinicien under 3 years of age (70) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		• 1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	21.5	• →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index		• ••	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	6.0	• →	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	64.3	•	+
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.0	• →	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	80.4	•	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		• →	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	78.0	•	→
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		• →	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)		• →	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.7	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	17.4	• 1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	17.2	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations			Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	75.0	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	20.0		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	13.9	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	28.2	• • •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	58.4	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	9.8	• 1	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	65.2	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)		• →	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		, ,	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		• ••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	23.3	•	4
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		• →	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.1	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	66.1	• →	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.0	• →	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	42827.8	•	• •
SDG4 – Quality Education			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	94.6	• 1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	20.0		• •
Mean years of schooling	9.5	• →	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	90.5	•	→
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	95.0	• ••	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	69.8 56.4		7
SDG5 – Gender Equality			Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	29.4		• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	26.7	• ↑	Fish caught by trawling (%)	5.6		1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	121.8	• • •	SDG15 – Life on Land	20.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	44.5	• 🔱	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	29.9	•	T
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	22.5	• →	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	•	••
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.9		•
$\label{thm:ligh-income} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (\%)}$	NA	• ••	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	15.1		••
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%) $$	NA	• ••		15.1		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	93.4	• →	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA	• ••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	108.1		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	2346.5	• • •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	90.0	•	••
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Government Efficiency (1-7)	5.6	•	→
Access to electricity (% population)	100.0	• →	Property Rights (1-7)	5.9	•	-
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO_2 emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	100.0	• → • ↑	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	100.0	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	71.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	1.7	• ••	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	• ••	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.3	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	88.2	• ↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	1.7	• →	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	90.6	• 4	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	1.3		1
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	164.9	• 4	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	6.2	-	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	J.Z					

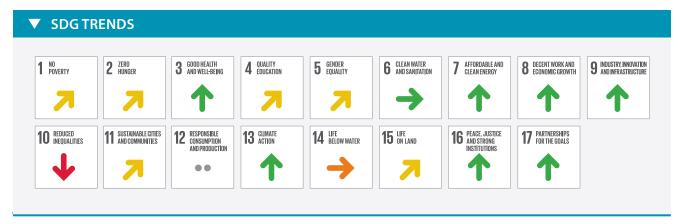
UNITED KINGDOM

OECD Countries









UNITED KINGDOM

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value I	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	ng T
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.1	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.0	•	
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.1	_	• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)			
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	10.9	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.2	•	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3	92.2	•	
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5		• •	universities (0-100)			
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.6 0.7		→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.5	•	
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)			1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	1.7	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)			→	Research and development researchers (per 1,000 employed)	9.2		
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.5	•	• •	Triadic patent families filed (per million population) Gap in internet access by income (%)	27.4 34.0		
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Women in science and engineering (%)	35.3		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	9.0	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities	33.3		
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	2.6	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	37.7	•	
fortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	4.3	•	→	Palma ratio	1.5	•	
acidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	9.9	•	↑	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	13.8	•	
IIV prevalence (per 1,000) ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.1		→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, caricer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	11.0	•	→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	12.4	•	
ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	12.5	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Satisfaction with public transport (%)	71.0	•	
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	2.9		→	Rent overburden rate (%)	12.2	•	
ealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	81.2 13.5		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19) rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	13.5 NA		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	23.5	•	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	92.0		1	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		•	
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)		•	†	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	9.7	•	
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.1	•	→	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	20.2 50.9		
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	3.0	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	30.9 NA		
ap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	22.1		• •	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.3	•	
aily smokers (% population age 15+)	16.1		→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
DG4 – Quality Education				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	6.5	•	
et primary enrolment rate (%)	99.9	•	↑	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0	•	
lean years of schooling			→	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	
teracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) opulation age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	NA 46.0		·· →	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2170.6		
ISA score (0-600)	499.7		• •	Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	14.6	•	
'ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic		_	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)			
status (%)				SDG14 – Life Below Water	76.5		
tudents performing below level 2 in science (%)		•	4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	76.5 93.3		
esilient students (%)	35.4	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	93.3 64.2		
DG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	41.1	•	
nmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	6.6		→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	20.5	•	
union, ages 15-49)	09.5		• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	71.2	•	
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%) emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	98.5 83.4	-	→	SDG15 – Life on Land			
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	32.0		1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	80.2	•	
ender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	16.8		7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	81.6	•	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	
igh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	95.7	•	→	Annual change in forest area (%)	10.3		
ther countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	12.8	•	
igh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	97.6		→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.9		
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	9.7	_	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	NA		
mported groundwater depletion (m ³ /year/capita)	9.4	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%) Government Efficiency (1-7)	80.0 4.9	•	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Property Rights (1-7)	6.3	•	
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0		→	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)			→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	82.0		
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2		1	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0		
nare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	8.7		7	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	2.0	•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.3			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
djusted Growth (%)			• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
avery score (0-100) dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	100.0 96.4		•• →	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	14.8	•	
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	20.4			High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.7	•	
mployment-to-Population ratio (%)	74.1	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	13.2	•	1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	5.0	•	
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	42.4	•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	94.8	•	→				

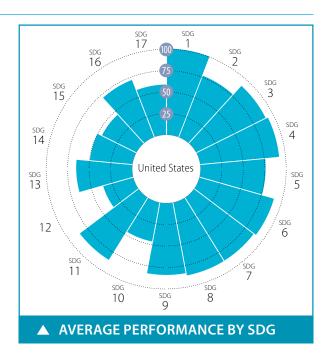
UNITED STATES

OECD Countries

SDG Global rank

35 (OF 156)

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 73.0 76.9







UNITED STATES

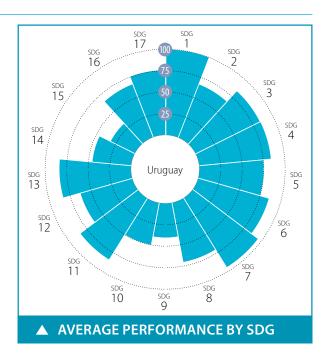
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	ıg Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	0.5	•	→	Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	5.9	•	_
Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.5		• •	7= extensive and efficient by international standards)		Ĭ	
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers, poverty line 50% (% population)	16.8	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	4.2	•	•
5DG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5	•	• •	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	92.8	•	•
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.1	•	→	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.3		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	0.5	•	→	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	2.8		
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	36.2		+	Research and development esperialitate (value)	9.1	•	-
Cereal yield (t/ha)	8.1 0.3	•	→	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	45.9	•	-
iustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.5		• •	Gap in internet access by income (%)	NA	•	•
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	14.0	•	→	Women in science and engineering (%)	28.6	•	0
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	3.7	•	→ ·	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	6.5	•	→	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) Palma ratio	46.1	•	•
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	3.1	•	→	Elderly Poverty Rate (%)	1.8 20.9		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1		→	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	20.5		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)	13.6	•	→	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	8.4	•	-
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	7.1	•	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.6	•	-
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Satisfaction with public transport (%)	60.0	•	-
raffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	10.8	•	7	Rent overburden rate (%)	15.8	•	0
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	79.3 20.6	•	→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	98.5	•	• •	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	22.1		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	92.0		→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	50.4	•	
niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	72.6	•	4	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	34.9 15.4		
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	7.0	•	→	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	56.4	•	
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	6.3	•	• •	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	
ap in self-reported health by income (0-100)	22.3 11.4		·· →	Non-Recycled Municipal Solid Waste (MSW in kg/person/day)	1.7	•	
aily smokers (% population age 15+)	11.4		7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
DG4 – Quality Education et primary enrolment rate (%)	92.9	•	T	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	16.5	•	
Mean years of schooling	13.2		*	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.8	•	
iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA	•	• •	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.0	•	
opulation age 25-64 with tertiary education (%)	45.7	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Effective Carbon Rate from all non-road energy, excluding emissions	710.6 0.8		
ISA score (0-600)	487.7	•	• •	from biomass (€/tCO ₂)	0.0		
'ariation in science performance explained by students' socio-economic	11.4	•	• •	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
status (%) tudents performing below level 2 in science (%)	20.3	•	T	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	38.3	•	
esilient students (%)			• •	Ocean Health Index Goal-Biodiversity (0-100)	84.0	•	•
DG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal-Clean Waters (0-100)	74.7	•	•
nmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	8.7	•	→	Ocean Health Index Goal-Fisheries (0-100)	54.7	•	
union, ages 15-49)			•	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	30.1		
emale to male mean years of schooling, population age 25 + (%)	100.0		• •	Fish caught by trawling (%) SDG15 – Life on Land	44.4		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%) eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	81.6		→		21.7		
eats neid by women in national parliaments (%) ender wage gap (total, % male median wage)	19.4 18.1		→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	31.3 29.4		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	10.1			Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		
	00.0		→	Annual change in forest area (%)	12.1		
igh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%) ther countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	99.0 NA		→	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	7.0	•	
igh-income countries: population using at least basic unliking water services (%)	89.5		7	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
ther countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.9	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	22.6		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	675.6		
nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	5.5	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in city or area where they live (%)	72.0		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7) Property Rights (1-7)	5.4 5.8	•	
ccess to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	\rightarrow	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	100.0	•	
ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)			→	Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	75.0	•	
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.2		7	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	0.0	•	
nare of renewable energy in total final energy consumption (%)	8.7		7	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports)	3.0	•	
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	0.0			(constant 1990 US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
djusted Growth (%) avery score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	22.5		
dults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution	93.1	_	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	22.5 0.2		
or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	,,,,,			public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	0.2		
mployment-to-Population ratio (%)	70.1	•	→	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET) (%)	14.1	•	7	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	2.0	•	
DG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				Financial Secrecy Score (best 0-100 worst)	59.8	•	
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	76.2		1				

URUGUAY

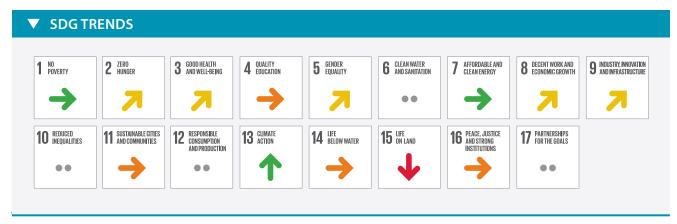
49 (OF 156)

Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 66.0 70.4 **SDG Global rank**







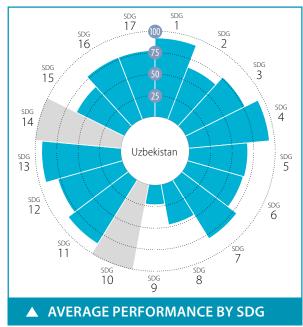
URUGUAY

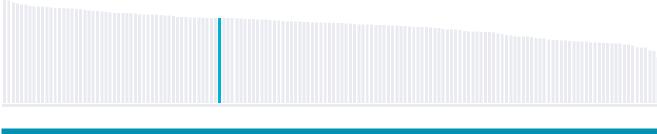
SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	y Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.0		→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.8	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	15.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	2.5		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	Ţ	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.1	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	27.9	_	Ψ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	45.2	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.9	•	•	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.5	•	• •	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	11.5	•	7
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	15.0	•	→	of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	99.9	•	→
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	9.2	•	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	58.0	•	4
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	29.0	•	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2	•	i	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.1	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	16.7	•	1	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	9.5	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	2.3	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.6	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	14.2		• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	2.8	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	17.4			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	89.2	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	17.4		*	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-223.6	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	77.0	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	55.4	•	→	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.0	•	1
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9 95.0	_	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.3	•	• •
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%) Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)			→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.1	•	• •
_	65.0 6.3		•	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	0.3		→	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education				Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	20.6	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	97.2	•	*	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	94.8	•	→
Mean years of schooling	8.6	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	58.9	•	1
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.9	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	41.2	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	37.5	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	8.6	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	46.8	•	7
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age $25 + (\%)$	106.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	20.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	75.4		→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	20.8		→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	20.2		→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8		→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	18.0		••
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	4.0		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •		7.0		
$\label{thm:ligh-income} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	63.6	•	\rightarrow	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	0.4		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	8.4	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	3.5	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	291.3 48.0		.1.
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	1.1	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	48.0		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.4	•	T
Access to electricity (% population)	99.7	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	4.8	•	4
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	99.2	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.8	•	•
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.5	•	→	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	70.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.7	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	7.9	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	80.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	63.9	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	8.1	•	4	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.9		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	66.4	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	. 17 (
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	101.9	•	4	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.6		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	5.0		•				

UZBEKISTAN

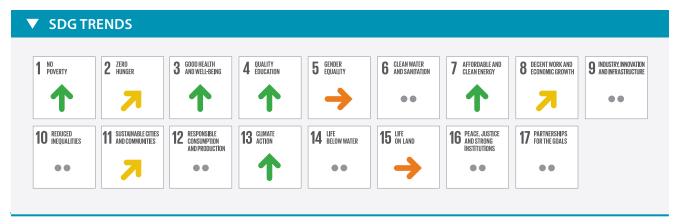
Eastern Europe and Central Asia











UZBEKISTAN

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	9.6 1.1		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.4	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	6.3		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.2	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.5	•	↑	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	16.6		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	4.6		→				
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	39.7		.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	39.7		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	36.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	100.0	•	-
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	13.8		↑	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	84.0	•	4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	24.1	•	1				
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	76.0		7	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0	•	→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.5		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	26.9	•	7	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.9		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	130.7	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-3.1		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	19.9		
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	10.2	•	1	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-21.4		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	69.4	•	→		21.1		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	16.7	•	→	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.4		A
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	100.0	•	• •		3.4 0.0		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99.0	•	→	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0		
Iniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	60.8		7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	6.4	•	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	IVA		
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water		_	
let primary enrolment rate (%)	96.2	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		•
Mean years of schooling	12.0	•	1	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA	•	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	100.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA	•	•
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		•
Jnmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	10.9	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA		
emale to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	95.9	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	69.1	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	16.2	•	7
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	16.0	•	į.	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	10.8	•	=
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			·	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	1.0	•	-
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	1.1	•	
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.7	•	•
ligh-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	100.0		→	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3.0	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	138.8		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	149.0	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.2	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	85.0	•	-
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		
access to electricity (% population)	100.0	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	90.3	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	99.9		
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.8	•	1	civil authority (%)	22.2		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	22.0	•	4
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	1.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.2	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	37.1	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	7.2	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	46.8	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/1		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	53.5		+	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	17.2	•	0 (
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		•	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	0 /
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	14/7						

VANUATU

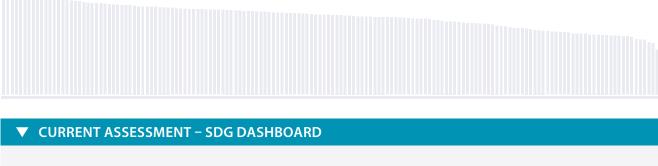
Oceania

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score na na

SDG 17 SDG 16 SDG 2 75 sdg 3 SDG 15 50 25 SDG SDG 14 Vanuatu SDG 5 SDG 13 SDG 12 SDG 6 SDG 11 SDG 10 **▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG**

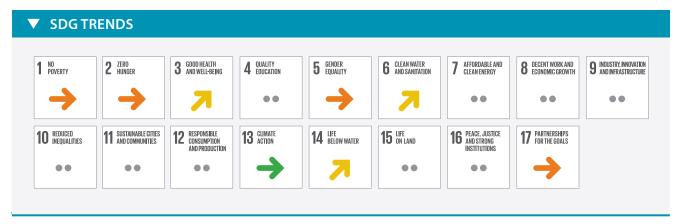
SDG Global rank

Na (of 156)









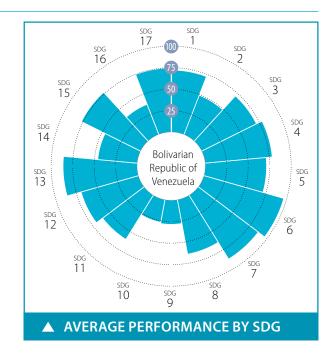
VANUATU

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	11.9 7.6	•	→	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	6.9	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA		
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.4	•	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	25.2	•	+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	37.3		
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.6	•	→		37.3		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	NA		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	0.5		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m³)	8.5	•	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	78.0	•	1	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	56.2		٦
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11.8	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	NA		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	27.6	•	7		INA		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	56.0		\rightarrow	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	2.2		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.1	•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	3.3	•	•
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	22.3		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	2.9	•	•
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	NA	•	۰
	95.1		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	6.7	•	
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	93.1	•		Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.0	•	
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	15.2	•	1	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	21.7	•	•
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	72.0	•	→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-52.0	•	•
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	42.5		7	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Sirths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	89.4		• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.6	•	٠
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	53.0		4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	-
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	39.0		→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	NA		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	NA		• •	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	•	-
	INA			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	05.0			Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	4.4	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	85.8	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	90.4	•	•
Mean years of schooling	6.8	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	68.6	•	•
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	52.3	•	-
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	37.1	•	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	33.6	•	7	Fish caught by trawling (%)	1.0	•	-
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	NA		• •	SDG15 – Life on Land	6.1		
emale to male labour force participation rate (%)	77.3	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	6.4 NA		
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	0.0	•	4	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.7		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.7		'
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	8.9		
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	90.5	•	1		0.9	_	1
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	53.5	•	\rightarrow	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.1	•	1
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.0	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	86.9	•	1
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	NA		• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	NA		•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	NA		
Access to electricity (% population)	34.5	•	→	Property Rights (1-7)	NA		ľ
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	16.1	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	43.4		Í
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA	•	• •	civil authority (%)	45.4		
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	43.0		
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-6.1		• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	15.2	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	NA			Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or	NA	•	• •	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
with a mobile-money-service provider (%) Inemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.2	•	1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	9.9	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	24.0	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/1		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	22.2	•	7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	16.6	•	-
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	NA		• •	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	NA		•
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	1471						

VENEZUELA, RB

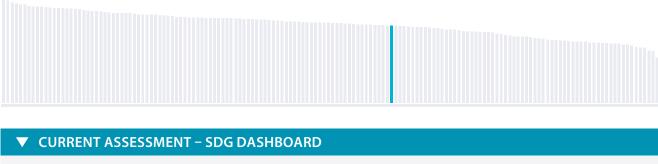
Latin America and the Caribbean

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 64.0 66.0

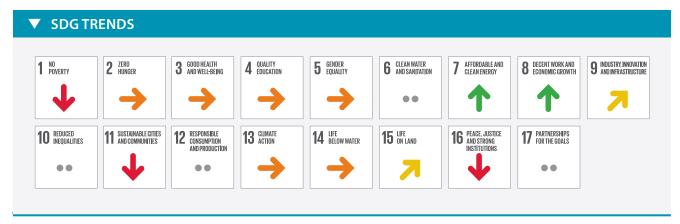


SDG Global rank

93 (OF 156)







VENEZUELA, RBPerformance by Indicator

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	15.5 23.4		••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.3	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	42.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	16.5	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	13.0		• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)			1	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	4.1	•	+	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	25.6		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	53.8	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	3.4	•	→		55.0		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.0	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	23.8		
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas ($\mu g/m^3$)	23.0		•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	95.0		7	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	90.4	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	10.3	_	→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	28.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	16.3		→				
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)			+	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.1		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	7.6		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	17.9	•	→	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	17.0		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	9.8		
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	27.4	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-0.7		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	27.9		
Fraffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	41.7	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA	•	
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	74.1	•	→		14/1		
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	85.8	•	\rightarrow	SDG13 – Climate Action	6.0		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.5	•	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	6.0	•	
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	84.0	•	1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	-0.9	•	
Jniversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	60.0	•	→	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.0 8874.3		
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.1	•	4	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	00/4.3	•	
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	86.7	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	54.7	•	•
Mean years of schooling	9.4	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	87.3	•	
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	98.8	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)		•	7
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	32.9	•	
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	12.9	•	→	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	79.6 5.1		-
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	107.8	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	64.9		→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	67.0	•	-
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)			Ţ	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.8	•	-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			•	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.8	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA		• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	2.9	•	•
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	97.4		1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	2.1	•	
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	57.2	•	
reshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	2.6		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	159.7	•	•
mported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	3.4		••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	17.0	•	•
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	1.6	•	•
Access to electricity (% population)	99.1		→	Property Rights (1-7)	1.8	•	
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	97.1 1.2	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	80.8	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	18.0	•	
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	NA	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	7.7	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0		• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	•
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	73.5	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Jnemployment rate (% total labour force)	8.1	•	1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.7		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	60.0		1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/1		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	50.5		†	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA	•	•
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.5		1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	0
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)		-	•				

VIETNAM

East and South Asia

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

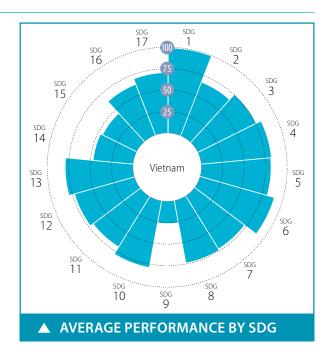
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

57 (OF 156)



▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD







































▼ SDG TRENDS











5 GENDER EQUALITY













.

1 NO POVERTY



2 ZERO HUNGER













VIETNAM

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Rating	, Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	0.9		↑	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.7	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	10.7		••	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	T	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.4	•	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	4.4 2.1		↑ →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	5.4		→ →	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	35.2	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.7		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	0.7			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	28.3	•	→
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	54.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	78.4		•
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11.5	•	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	56.0		1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	21.6		→		30.0		•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	133.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	1.5		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.2	•	1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	1.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	17.3	•	7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.2	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	99.5		• •	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	3.2	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	99.3			Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	1.1	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	24.0	•	T	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	13.7	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	76.0		→	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	29.0		1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	93.8		•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.8	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0		ے	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	61.8		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	5.2		Ţ	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	376.5	•	• •
	J.Z		•	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education	00.0	_		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	40.8	•	
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	98.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	83.5	•	4
Mean years of schooling	8.0	•	7	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	44.9	•	\rightarrow
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	97.1	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	69.4	•	1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	1.6	•	• •
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	7.7	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	64.0	•	+
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	95.1	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	40.0		
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	87.7	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	40.9		1
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	26.7	•	→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	33.2	•	₩
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Annual change in forest area (%)	0.7 12.8		Ψ
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •		1 1		•••
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	91.2	•	1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	1.1		
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	4.5		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	78.2	•	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.5	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	12.8	•	• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	145.8	•	
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	3.2	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	61.0	•	+
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.5	•	4
Access to electricity (% population)	99.2	•	1	Property Rights (1-7)	3.8	•	1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	50.9		7	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a	96.1	•	
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.1	•	1	civil authority (%)			
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	35.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-0.2	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	16.4	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	100.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	30.8	•	1	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	2.1	•	→	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	12.8		1
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public			
Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	46.5	•	1	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/1		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	46.4		+	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	19.1	•	+
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	3.6		A	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	٥.0		•				

YEMEN, REP.

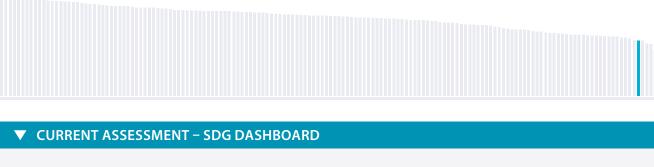
Middle East and North Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 45.7 62.1

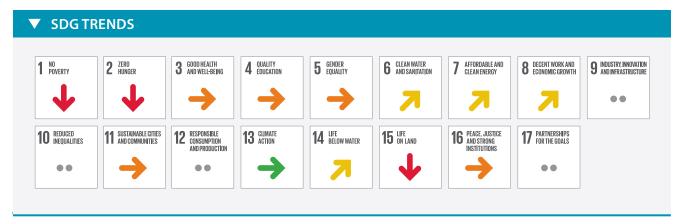
SDG 17 SDG 16 sdg 3 SDG 15 SDG SDG 14 Yemen, Rep. SDG 13 SDG 5 SDG 12 SDG 6 SDG 11 SDG 10 **▲ AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG**

SDG Global rank

152 (OF 156)







YEMEN, REP.

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	j Tren
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	86.0 21.8		•••	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	20.0			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	28.8	_	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	NA	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	16.2	•	+	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	17.1		+	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	
Cereal yield (t/ha)	1.0	•	1	·			
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	0.8		• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns	52.8		.1.
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³)	52.8	•	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	385.0		→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	75.9	•	7
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	26.8		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	40.0	•	1
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	55.3		→				•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	48.0		→	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	NA		
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	0.0		→	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	1.2		
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	30.9	•	\rightarrow	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0		
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	131.3	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-1.4		
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)		_		Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	9.0		• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	22.8	•	4	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	65.7	•	1		147 (
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	61.8	•	7	SDG13 – Climate Action Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	44.7	•	• •		0.9		→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	70.0	•	4	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) Climate Change Vulnerability Index	-0.1 0.0		
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	44.8	•	→	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	204.3		•
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	3.3	•	4	·	204.3	•	
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	83.1	•	7	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		•	• •
Mean years of schooling	3.0	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	89.4	•	+
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	NA		• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	65.3		1
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	43.7	•	•
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	39.3	•	1	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	0.1 8.2		1
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	45.2	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	8.6	•	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	31.1	•	\rightarrow
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	0.0	•	į.	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	7.7	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	4
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Annual change in forest area (%)	0.0	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	70.4		1	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.4		• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	59.7	•	7	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.7	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	227.7		• •	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	54.8	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	16.5	•	• •	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	52.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.7	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	72.0	•	7	Property Rights (1-7)	2.8	•	→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	62.1 2.2		→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	30.7	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	16.0	•	T
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-14.8	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	22.7	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	0.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	6.4	•	→	US\$ million per 100,000 population)			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	13.8	•	1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	10.3		0.0
			•	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public	NA		
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	24.6	•	7	finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)	14/1		
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	5.7		^ →	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	NA		
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.2		••	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	۷.۷						

ZAMBIA

Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

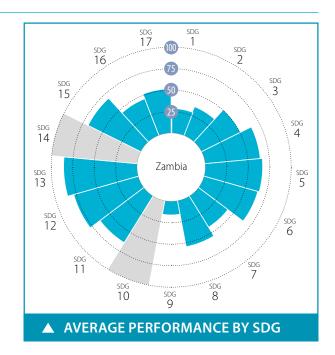
Regional average score





SDG Global rank

129 (OF 156)





▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD































6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION







▼ SDG TRENDS









4 QUALITY EDUCATION















1 NO POVERTY















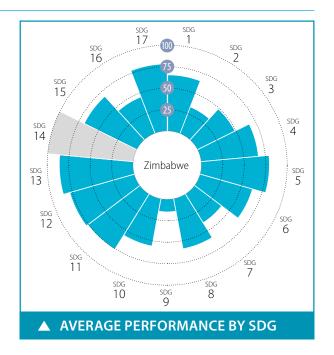
ZAMBIA

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value Ra	iting Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	53.6 47.0		Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.3	•	• •
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	15.5	• • •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	• •
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		• → • ↓	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.3	•	• •
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)		• →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	2.4	Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	NA	•	• •
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index		• • •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µq/m ³)	26.7	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	224.0	• 7 -	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	66.3	•	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		• 7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	53.0	•	Į.
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		• 1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population) HIV prevalence (per 1,000)		• 7 • 1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.2	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,		• †	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations	17.5	•	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	4.2	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	33.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution	116.9	• • •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-31.8	•	• •
and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	8.1	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)		• →	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	-42.7	•	• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)		• ↑	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)		• 7 • ••	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91.0	_	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.2	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)		-	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	3.9	- J	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.9	•	• •
	5.7		SDG14 – Life Below Water			
SDG4 – Quality Education Net primary enrolment rate (%)	86.3		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	6.9	• ->	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)		• • •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100)	NA		• •
		_	Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in	26.3	• 1	Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA NA	•	••
union, ages 15-49) Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	06.5		SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	86.5 88.0	• ->	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	48.3	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	18.0	9 7	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	56.2	•	→
	10.0	<i>/</i> 1	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA (Annual change in forest area (%)	5.3	•	• •
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)		• →	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	0.8	•	• •
High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (%)		• ••	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)		• →	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	5.9	•	• •
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	2.1	• ••	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	114.5	•	• •
Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.3	• ••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	48.0	•	4
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	27.0		Government Efficiency (1-7)	3.5	•	1
Access to electricity (% population)	27.9	• →	Property Rights (1-7)	4.2	•	1
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	16.1	• →	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	11.3	•	• •
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	37.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-3.8	• • •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	40.6	•	• •
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	• • •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	45.9	• ↑	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	7.8	• 1	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	6.0	•	• •
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	75.5	-	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	• •
Proportion of the population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	25.5	• 7	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	14.9	•	7
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;		• 7 • 1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	٥.۷					

ZIMBABWE

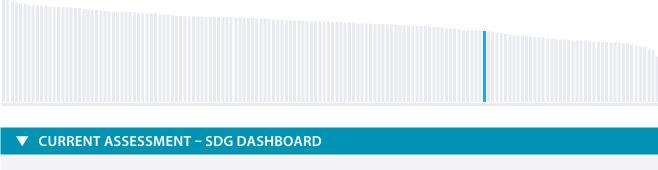
Sub-Saharan Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 58.8 52.8

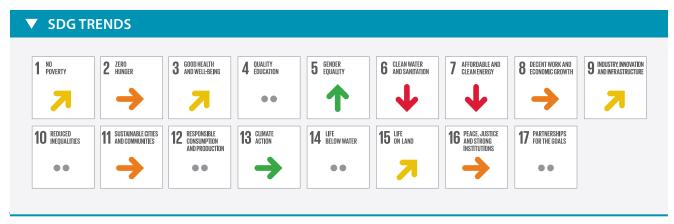


SDG Global rank

115 (OF 156)







ZIMBABWE

SDG1 – End Poverty	Value	Rating	Trend		Value	Ratin	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) Projected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	34.3 15.1		7	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	2.2	•	••
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	15.1			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking, Average score of top 3 universities (0-100)	0.0	•	••
Prevalence of undernourishment (% population)	44.7	•	• •	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.0	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population)	3.3 15.5	•	→	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (t/ha)	0.6		Ţ	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	43.1	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index	1.1	•	• •	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m ³)	22.9	•	+
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	443.0	•	→	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	71.0	•	4
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	22.9 56.4		T	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	69.0	•	1
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	208.0		A	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
HIV prevalence (per 1,000)	4.2		1	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/day/capita)	0.5	•	
Age-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	18.4		7	E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.3	•	• •
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations				Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	10.4	•	• •
age 30–70 years (per 100,000 population)				Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	7.5	•	• •
Age-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	95.0	•	• •	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	-2.2	•	• •
Traffic deaths rate (per 100,000 population)	45.4		.l.	Reactive nitrogen production footprint (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Healthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)	60.7		•	Net imported emissions of reactive nitrogen (kg/capita)	NA		• •
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	105.8	•		SDG13 – Climate Action			
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	78.1	_	• •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.8	•	→
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	90.0		1	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3	•	• •
Universal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)	46.7		7	Climate Change Vulnerability Index	0.2	•	• •
Subjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	3.6	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	4.9		• •
SDG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Net primary enrolment rate (%)	84.8	•	• •	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		• •
Mean years of schooling	7.7	•	→	Ocean Health Index-Biodiversity (0-100)	NA		• •
Literacy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	90.4	•	• •	Ocean Health Index-Clean Waters (0-100) Ocean Health Index-Fisheries (0-100)	NA NA		• •
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA		••
Unmet demand for contraception, estimated (% women married or in union, ages 15-49)	13.2	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA	_	• •
Female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 + (%)	89.0	•	• •	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Female to male labour force participation rate (%)	88.1	•	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.9	•	→
Seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	32.6	•	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	79.0	•	→
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Red List Index of species survival (0-1) Annual change in forest area (%)	0.8	•	→
High-income countries: population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	•	• •	Imported biodiversity threats (threats per million population)	11.0		•••
Other countries: population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	66.6	•	4		1.1		
$\label{thm:linear} \mbox{High-income countries: population using safely managed sanitation services (\%)}$	NA		• •	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions Homicides (per 100,000 population)	6.7		
Other countries: population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	38.6		4	Prison population (per 100,000 population)	120.9		••
Freshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources Imported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	24.3 4.8	•	••	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	52.0	•	1
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government Efficiency (1-7)	2.6	•	T
Access to electricity (% population)	32.3	•	4	Property Rights (1-7)	2.8		→
Access to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion / electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	31.3 1.3	•	→	Children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority (%)	43.5	•	••
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	22.0	•	→
Adjusted GDP Growth (%)	-4.1	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%)	NA	•	
Slavery score (0-100)	50.0	•	• •	Transfers of major conventional weapons (exports) (constant 1990	0.0	•	• •
Adults (15 years +) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	55.3	•	4	US\$ million per 100,000 population) SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
Unemployment rate (% total labour force)	5.2	•	↑	Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	14.9	•	
SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	23.1		7	High-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% GNI)		•	• •
Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	41.6		^	Other countries: Tax revenue (% GDP)	21.4	•	• •
Quality of overall infrastructure (1= extremely underdeveloped;	2.9	•	1	Tax Haven Score (best 0-5 worst)	0.0	•	• •
7= extensive and efficient by international standards)	2.7		•				

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